

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE SPRING

Do Not Dose With Purgatives—A Tonic is All You Need.

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That's the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, appetite fickle, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order; that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you, and may easily develop into more serious trouble. Don't dose yourself with purgatives as many people do, in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in the spring is a tonic that will make new blood and build up the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine helps make new blood, which clears the skin, strengthens the appetite, and makes tired, depressed men and women bright, active and strong. Miss Mary Baker, Tancook, N. S., says: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been a great blessing to me. Last year while I was attending school I became so weak and completely run down that I thought I would have to give up going to school. I was affected with dizzy spells and would fall down at any time. I got half a dozen boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and before they were half gone I felt my strength returning. By the time I had used them all, the dizzy spells were completely gone, and I was again enjoying good health."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Excited Fisherman (to country hotel-keeper)—"There isn't a bit of fishing about here! Every brook has a sign warning people off. What do you mean by luring anglers here with the promise of fine fishing?" Hotel-keeper—"I didn't say anything about fine fishing. If you read my advertisement carefully you will see that what I said was 'Fishing unapproachable.'"

STURDY CHILDREN.

In every home where Baby's Own Tablets are used you will find rosy, sturdy, good-natured children, because the Tablets cleanse the stomach and bowels, aid digestion and thus bring perfect health. And you can give them with equal safety to the new born baby or the well grown child. Mrs. A. E. McLeod, Woodstock, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets since my baby was two weeks old and have found them of great benefit for the ailments of childhood, especially for stomach and bowel troubles and when teething."

Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Month After Month a cold sticks, and seems to tear holes in your throat. Are you aware that a stubborn and long-continued cold is cured with Allen's Lung Balsam?

About 16,000 persons annually die violent deaths in England and Wales.

A Pure Vegetable Pill. — The chief ingredients of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are mandrake and dandelion, sedative and purgative, but perfectly harmless in their action. They cleanse and purify and have a most healthful effect upon the secretions of the digestive organs. The dyspeptic and all who suffer from liver and kidney ailments will find in these pills the most effective medicine in concentrated form that has yet been offered to the suffering.

She—"So many men marry for money! You wouldn't marry me for money, would you, dearest?" He (absently)—"No, darling; I won't marry you for all the money in the world." And he marvels now that she didn't speak the last time he met her.

Belgium has an annual revenue of about \$125,000,000.

Try this
Sure Way
To Dye Your Clothes
DY-O-LA.
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
You don't have to know what kind of cloth your Goods are made of. SAME Dye for ALL. No chance of Mistakes. All colors to suit. Sample Card and Booklet Free. The Johnson Richardson Co., Limited, Dept. D, Montreal, Que.

POOR RICH NEW YORK STATEMENT OF A TRAVELLER

AND ITS TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLAR FLATS.

Wonderful Suites of Rooms in Sky-Scrapers—But They are Not Home.

For Rent—Suites of fourteen rooms and five baths to suites of thirty-four rooms and nine baths. Rental, \$6,500 to \$12,000.

Have you ever seen one of these \$12,000 a-year flats?

The buildings are twelve stories high and the apartments are arranged so that there are only one or two on the floor.

Each apartment is equipped with vacuum cleaners, dressing-rooms, millinery closets, plate-glass shelves, individual wine-vaults, cedar-lined closets, and every earthly and unearthly thing ever invented to make of woman a useful parasite and of a man a restless, discontented Sybarite.

There's a man in livery to open the big front door. A man in livery to run the magnificent elevator. There are servants' quarters up under the roof and there's an individual automobile garage in the basement for every individual flat.

THE REAL HOME.

What would you take to have to give up your home—your real home, with a yard for the baby to play in, and a porch for the dog to consider his bailiwick, and a room enough on the hearth-stone for the old gray cat, and a place up in the garret to hang your old fishing poles, and a corner in the basement to put the littlest boy's sled and the biggest girl's roller skates?

For Rent—Suites of fourteen rooms and five baths. Rental, \$6,500 to \$12,000.

Do you know what signs ought to go up alongside of that one?

For Rent—An empty heart.

For Rent—A vacant brain.

For Rent—An idle life.

Keep your \$12,000-a-year flat, New York. Build all of them you want. Set them up in rows along Riverside Drive as a light-hearted child sets up his blocks along the ledge of his nursery window.

Fill up your apartment houses, your \$12,000-a-year flats, with \$12,000-a-year people.

Pack 'em in, crowd 'em in, push 'em in, fifty deep if you have to, a hundred deep if you must. They're nothing but coops, those big flats, anyway. Keep them in your own yard, poor, little old New York.

We don't want 'em out West, where the real people live—the real people who'd rather have a little four-room cottage with a yard and an old walnut tree at the corner of the house, and a rosy face at the window, than all the \$12,000-a-year flats in the world.—Kansas City Post.

A sign in the rooms of an American hotel reads as follows:—"Indian clubs and dumb-bells will not be permitted in any of the rooms. Guests in need of exercise can go down to the kitchen and pound a steak."

Miss Elder—"I will bet you anything you like that I never marry." Mr. Easy—"I'll take you." Miss Elder (rapturously)—"Will you, really? Then I need not bet at all."

So Jones is dead, eh? Well, he was a hustler; he never let the grass grow under his feet." "No; perhaps if he had it wouldn't be growing over his head now."

A General Favorite.—In every place where introduced Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has not failed to establish a reputation, showing that the sterling qualities which it possesses are valued everywhere when they become known. It is in general use in Canada and other countries as a household medicine and the demand for it each year shows that it is a favorite wherever used.

A TRUE AMERICAN.

"I love the rose, the violet," said he with twinkling eye. "I love the blush of early morn and the tinted twilight sky. I love the poetry of life—its charms I won't deny—but there's nothing I love so much as a good big hunk of pie."

Mrs. A. SIMPSON.

Write National Drug & Chemical Co., Dept. W.L., Toronto, for free sample.

50 cents a box—6 boxes for \$2.50 at all dealers.

GETTING A RAISE.

A year ago a manufacturer hired a boy. For months there was nothing noticeable about the boy except that he never took his eyes off the machine he was running. A few weeks ago the manufacturer looked up from his work to see the boy standing beside his desk.

"What do you want?" he asked. "Want me pay raised?"

"What are you getting?"

"Three dollars a week."

"Well, how much do you think you are worth?"

"Four dollars."

"You think so, do you?"

"Yes, sir, an' I've been t'inkin' for t'ice weeks, but I've been so blamed busy I ain't had time to speak to you about it."

The boy got the raise.

IS SURE DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HIS DIABETES

Geo. H. Watterworth, of Rodney, Feels Like a Boy Again After Suffering From the Most Deadly of Kidney Diseases.

Rodney, Ont., April 4 (Special).—Mr. Geo. H. Watterworth, a well-known travelling salesman, whose home is in this place, makes an unparalleled statement that he was cured of Diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes," Mr. Watterworth said when asked regarding his cure, "Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me of Diabetes. I took thirty-seven boxes in all but to-day I am restored to good health.

"I was also troubled with Rheumatism and Headache, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I was always tired and nervous."

"Indeed!" sarcastically ejaculated the teacher, when he had recovered his breath. "Then I suppose Wellington was killed at Waterloo Station?"

"No, sir," responded William. "That was Napoleon!"

Pale, sickly children should use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Worms are one of the principal causes of suffering in children and should be expelled from the system.

A man never knows how many relatives a woman has until after he marries her.

We Must Go from heated rooms to the cold air, and the change sets us coughing. One

long winter cold is not hard if you take Allen's Lung Balsam. A neglected cold is troublesome and dangerous.

If a man's acquaintances don't know that he is in love it's a sign that he isn't.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

When a young couple are engaged people don't pay any attention to their foolish actions.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

Some persons are more susceptible to colds than others, contracting derangements of the pulmonary organs from the slightest causes. These should always have at hand a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the present day sovereign remedy for coughs, catarrh and inflammation of the lungs. It will effect a cure no matter how severe the cold may be. You cannot afford to be without a remedy like Bickle's, for it is the best.

He—"Darling, am I the first man you were ever engaged to?" She (indignantly)—"Sir, do you think that I could live for twenty-six years where there were other men about without having a chance till you came along?"

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

I was cured of Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Albert Co., N.B.

W.M. DANIELS.

GEO. TINGLEY.

Should be given at once when the little one coughs. It heals the delicate throat and protects the lungs from infection—guaranteed safe and very palatable.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

Save the Baby—Use

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLD.

For CHILBLAINS, Frost Bites, Bruises, Sprains, nothing equals the famous old remedy, Davis' Painkiller. Keep a bottle always on hand. Equally good to check Chills and break up Colds. At all druggists.

What is one man's hobby may be another man's nightmare.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"It" is blamed for most of our failures.

Holloway's Corn Cure is a speci-

for the removal of corns and warts. We have never heard of its failing to remove even the worst kind.

RIVERSIDE

ALBERTA'S FINEST STOCK FARM

of one thousand acres for sale at a snap.

Write to this and other farm lands in Alberta.

W. J. McNAMARA.

Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Canada.

Is Your Hearing Good?

The HEAR-O-BPHONE will give you the benefit of good hearing. Send for free booklet, giving particulars and names of satisfied users.

Special Offer for a Month's Home Trial.

THE BRAND ELECTRO OZONE LIMITED,

334 Spadina Avenue, Toronto.

APPENDICITIS

Cured without operations. All who are af-

flicted with this disease and who are

not physically weak, and can live with

this great Homeopathic remedy,

which will be sent post-paid anywhere

in the world with full instructions for

using it so as to effect a permanent cure.

Price \$2. Address

J. T. WATKIN, Homeopathic Pharmacy,

Arnprior, Canada.

DO YOU WANT TO KNOW

1001 curios (mostly untold) facts about

Human Nature? Read Dr. Foote's

Wonders.

It is the fruit of 50

years' experience of a successful auth-

ority to every man and woman. Contains

many vital facts that the world

would never have known.

300 pages and 40 illustrations. Price 100.

L. L. HILL Book Co., 129 E. 28 St., New York

Put up in Yard Rolls. The famous "The

D & L' Manthol Plasters, which cure lumbo-

backache, sciatica, neuralgia, etc., are always put

up in one yard rolls and easily applied.

Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.

Write for a Free Sample.

For Sale by all Druggists & Dealers. \$5. & \$1

per bottle.

Dr. T. A. S. UM

LIMITED, TORONTO

PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN.

BOOST YOUR TOWN BY ORGANIZING A

BRASS BAND

Information on the subject with detailed instructions for organizing a band, a printed form of constitution and by-laws for bands, together with a big catalogue of musical instruments.

Address Dept. D.

WINNIPEG THE R. S. WILLIAMS & SONS CO., TORONTO

MANITOBA

ONTARIO

Write for our Revised Price List

quoting special prices for

Skunk, Fisher, Lynx, Muskrat, Red Fox,

and highest market prices for all other

kinds of raw furs. A proper assortment

and full value assured when you ship to

our factory—"Satisfaction guaranteed

or shipment returned at our expense."

trial shipments solicited.

C. PIERCE & CO., Limited

685 St. Paul St., MONTREAL

References—Dominion Bank or

any Commercial Agency.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

RAVAGES OF ABSINTHE.

Major Henri Robert, in the course

of an address in Paris on alcoholism

and degeneracy, spoke in moving terms of

the "green demon." The drink curse

was, he declared, the direct cause

of the decrease in the birth rate

and of the physical and moral de-

generacy observable in the French

race. In the most contaminated

districts the recruiting counsels

had to refuse as many as 50 per

cent. of the young men called to

serve with the colors.

THIS MAY SAVE YOU MONEY.

A GENTS' \$5 A DAY EASY. NO EX-

TRADE ORGANIC SEEDS.

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PREPARE FOR EMERGENCY

A French Admiral Says Great Britain Needs a Great Army.

A despatch from Paris says: In the course of his reminiscences now being published Admiral Fournier, commander of the Mediterranean squadron of the French navy, declares that the time has arrived for France and Great Britain, as allies to strengthen their forces of defence and offence; France by adding a powerful fleet of battleships and torpedo boats to her already strong fleet, and England supplementing her fleet with a great army.

This course, the admiral adds, is essential to safeguarding the future, and to enable France, Great Britain and Russia to combat the forces of the triple alliance should hostilities between the United States and Japan occur, or in the

A HARDWOOD FAMINE.

Imminent in America—Growing Eucalyptus Trees About the Only Solution for Future Supply.

Eucalyptus trees in California have been propagated from the seeds only. To this fact is due their freedom from injurious insects and diseases usual to exotics which have been introduced into America by cuttings or seedlings. According to extracts from Bulletin No. 190, entitled, "Eucalyptus in California," issued by the College of Agriculture, University of California, Berkeley, California:

(Page 30) Eucalyptus planting has now passed the experimental stage and may be considered without question as a commercial proposition. The value of the crop and the possibilities of growing it in California have been sufficiently demonstrated to make judicious plantings even on a large scale perfectly safe, with an assurance of sure and reasonably large profits.

(Page 31) The profits to be derived from Eucalyptus in the future will be found in hardwood lumber for wagon work, farm and other implements, railroad coach and house finishings, furniture, etc.; ties, telephone poles and bridge timber will also prove profitable.

According to figures published by The American Lumberman, our native hardwoods require a great many years to grow from the seedling to 12 inches in diameter.

The black oak about 50 years, the black walnut about 56 years, ash about 72 years, hickory about 50 years, and white oak 100 years. The fact that Eucalyptus will grow from the seedling in good soil to 12 inches in diameter in 10 years demonstrates its possibilities for reforesting purposes.

A CANADIAN INVENTOR.

To Test New Brake on United States Warship.

A despatch from Washington says: To stop a 10,000-ton battleship going at full speed within her own length is the problem which the United States Navy Department has set for a Canadian inventor. He has an arrangement like barn doors on the side of a ship which he guarantees to fulfil this function. The department has authorized a trial of the device on the battleship Indiana off the Delaware Capes on April 17, the cost to be defrayed by the inventor.

BALLOON SWEPT TO SEA

Three German Aeronauts Lost Their Lives on Baltic Coast.

A despatch from Stettin, Germany, says: The German balloon Pommern, which made an ascension here on Sunday afternoon, met with a series of accidents which ended in a disaster under most tragic circumstances in the Baltic Sea. Three men lost their lives, including the Radical member of the Reichstag, Werner Hugo Delbrück. Herr Delbrück and another member of the party were drowned, a third occupant of the car was picked up unconscious and died from his injuries, while the fourth was rescued in a serious condition.

The Pommern carrying Delbrück who was acting as pilot; a banker, Herr Semmelhardt; an architect, Herr Benduhn, and a man named Hein, ascended on Sunday afternoon at the gasworks. The wind was blowing a hurricane, and the Pommern broke away before he had been completely ballasted.

A chapter of accidents began immediately. The balloon collided with telegraph wires, which broke, almost overturning the basket. It

event that the tactics of Germany unchain a world war.

Among the interesting statements of Admiral Fournier is his assertion that the real cause for Germany's nagging of France over Morocco was Emperor William's resentment at the failure of Germany to secure a place on the international commission of enquiry, which decided the dispute between Great Britain and Russia, growing out of the action of the Russian Baltic

squadron in firing on the Gamecock trawling fleet under the delusion,

that they were Japanese torpedo boats. Admiral Fournier who was president of the commission, says the emperor felt, though without justification, that M. Delcasse, then French foreign minister, blocked his majesty's pet plan.

These thus expressed seem like a dream, so tremendous are the figures of yield and almost certain profits.

Extracts from Circular 116, entitled, "The Waning Hardwood Supply," issued by the Forest Service U. S. Department of Agriculture:

(Page 8) While we know within reasonably close limits how much hardwood is used for the manufacture of lumber, we do not know how much is cut for other purposes. Enormous quantities are required each year for railroad ties, telephone and other poles, piles, fence posts, and fuel, and a great amount is wasted in lumbering and manufacture. The present lumber cut of 7,13 billion feet represents probably not one-third of the hardwoods yearly used. Twenty-five billion feet yearly is certainly not a high estimate.

The amount of standing hardwoods is still more uncertain. There has been no census of standing timber, and there have been but few estimates. The largest estimate sets the figure for hardwoods at 400 billion feet. If we are using hardwoods at the rate of 25 billion feet per year, this would mean a sixteen years' supply.

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GENERAL.

Lava from Mount Etna engulfed the village of Cavaliero.

Despatches from the European capitals indicate that the reports of the death of the King of Abyssinia are not believed there.

Major Enver Bey, one of the leaders of the Young Turk movement, is to be rewarded for his work with the head of the Sultan's niece.

Thousands of onlookers, including a detachment of military, which had assisted in the ascent, ran along the roads, expecting the basket to break away. The balloon, however, was not seen again until it reached Swinemunde, 36 miles northwest of Stettin, over which it passed, at a height of 8,000 feet, in the direction of the sea.

Tugs followed in its tracks and one of them which had outdistanced the others, was almost directly under it, when suddenly the balloon fell into the sea. The tug steamed to the spot quickly, but the work of rescue was difficult. Already Delbrück and Benduhn had disappeared, but Semmelhardt and Hein were clinging to the ropes, and they were dragged aboard the vessel.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Less than 2,000 liquor licenses will be issued in Ontario this year.

The C. P. R. has announced plans for very extensive improvements at Montreal.

The German steamship lines running to the St. Lawrence will enter the first-class passenger trade.

The Grand Trunk proposes to build a new station and shops at Stratford if the city will construct a subway.

William Burnett of Redvers, Sask., committed suicide by drowning, his mind being affected by the death of his wife.

An explosion of dynamite at Black Lake destroyed the boiler room of the asbestos works and injured the fireman severely.

The Railway Committee at Ottawa reported a bill incorporating a company to build a line from Montreal to Hudson's Bay.

Dr. Siao, Secretary of the Chinese Consulate at Ottawa, was grossly insulted by a local doctor who approached him on the street.

The Hamilton Steel Works have been shut down owing to a strike. The strikers showed up at the works and the police had to charge them with batons to disperse them.

Winnipeg fruit importers have petitioned the Dominion Government to allow the free importation of fruit and vegetables during the winter months.

The locomotive engineers' Executive meeting at Ottawa will petition for a law to restrict trainmen's hours to fourteen a day in case of emergency. They also favor a law compelling everybody to come to a stop at unprotected railway crossings.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Miss Marie Corelli is dangerously ill at her home in Stratford-on-Avon.

Mr. Asquith, in the House of Commons, moved that his resolution for the shortening of the life of a Parliament and for the abolishing of the veto of the Lords be considered in committee of the whole.

In the House of Commons Lord Hugh Cecil proposed to reform the House of Lords by making the number of members 400, 350 of these to be appointed by the King from the hereditary Peers and 50 to be the nominees of the Government.

UNITED STATES.

The New York Central system will spend \$33,000,000 on new equipment.

Six miners were killed by a premature explosion in an Oklahoma coal mine.

Two condemned murderers, both negroes, escaped from the jail at Portsmouth, Va.

Eight girls from Guelph, Ont., called on President Taft at Washington on Thursday.

James Hobson, who is said to have a sister in Canada, was fatally injured in a sandpit at Pontiac, Mich., where he was working. Jotham P. Allds, a New York State Senator, was branded as a bribe-taker by his colleagues at Albany, but resigned before the vote was taken.

Paul de Montcalm, who claims to be the last of the house to which the famous General belonged, was arrested in Brooklyn on a charge of larceny.

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CRATERS POUR OUT LAVA.

Cinders Falling Over Area Extending to the Sea.

A despatch from Catania, Italy, says: The eruption of Mount Etna has increased in violence, and new craters have been opened. The director of the Mount Etna Observatory says that over 20 craters are now active, and from all of them lava is pouring out in cascades, while cinders and lapilli are falling over an area extending as far as the sea. The stream of lava is advancing toward Catania, but the town is in no danger, as the stream must later on be deflected toward the sea. Mr. Perret considers that the eruption is following the natural course, and will continue as it is until the internal pressure has been exhausted. This may last for six months.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 5.—Choice steers brought \$6.75; fair to good, \$5 to \$5.50; fair, \$4.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$10.25 to \$10.50; sows, \$9.25 to \$9.50; sheep steady at \$4.75 to \$6; lambs are firm at \$7.

Toronto, April 5.—Prime picked steers and heifers sold at \$8.50 to \$7; good to choice butchers at \$5.50 to \$5.25; medium at \$8.00 to \$5.50; ch ice cows were firm at \$4.75 to

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 5.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.20 to \$4.50 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$4.10 to \$4.15 outside in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70; second patents, \$5.20 to \$5.30, and strong bakers', \$5 on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.13, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern at \$1.11, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed red Winter or white, \$1.07 to \$1.08.

Barley—No. 2, 54 to 55¢ outside; No. 3 extra, 51 to 52¢; No. 3 at 49¢, and feed, 47 to 48¢ outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white 37¢ to 38¢ outside, and 39½¢ to 40¢ on track, Toronto. Canada West oats, 4¢ for No. 2, and 40¢ for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2 for shipment, 79 to 80¢ outside.

Rye—No. 2, 68¢ outside.

Buckwheat—5¢ outside for No. 2.

Corn—No. 2 American, 70½¢, and No. 3 yellow, 67 to 67½¢, Toronto freight. Canadian corn, 63 to 64¢, Toronto freight.

Bran—\$2.50 in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$2.50 to \$2.4 in bags, Toronto.

Potatoes—40 to 45¢ per bag on track.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 18 to 19¢ per lb.; chickens, 15 to 16¢, and fowl, 11 to 12¢.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.50 to \$2.50 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—Car lots outside, \$1.85 to \$1.95, and small lots at \$2.10 to \$2.20 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2 to \$2.00, extracted, 10% to 11¢ per lb.

Baled Hay—No. 1, \$14.75 to \$15.50 on track, and No. 2, \$11.50 to \$12.50.

Baled Straw—\$7.50 to \$7.75 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—40 to 45¢ per bag on track.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 18 to 19¢ per lb.; chickens, 15 to 16¢, and fowl, 11 to 12¢.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 21 to 23¢; tubs and large rolls, 20 to 21¢; inferior, 16 to 18¢; creamery, 29 to 30¢, solids, 26½¢ to 28¢ per lb.

Eggs—19 to 20¢ per dozen.

Cheese—13 to 13½¢ per lb. for large and at 13½¢ for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 15½¢ to 15¾¢ per lb. in case lots; meat pork, \$2.25 to \$2.50; short cut, \$3.00 to \$3.10.

Hams—Light to medium, 18 to 19¢; do., heavy, 16½¢ to 17¢; rolls, 15½¢; shoulders, 14¢; breakfast bacon, 19 to 20¢; backs, 20 to 21¢.

Lard—Tiers, 16½¢ to 16¾¢; tubs, 17 to 17½¢; pails, 17½¢.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 5.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 43½¢ to 44¢; No. 3, 42½¢ to 43¢; Ontario No. 2 white, 42½¢; Ontario No. 3 white, 41½¢; Ontario No. 4 white, 40¢.

Barley—No. 3, 60¢; No. 4, 58¢; feed barley, 56¢. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; do. seconds, \$5.40; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; straight rollers, \$5.25; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$22.50 to \$23; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$23; pure grain moulinie, \$31 to \$33; mixed moulinie, \$27 to \$29. Cheese—12½¢ to 12¾¢ for white, and 12½¢ to 12¾¢ for colored. Butter—Choicest creamery, 27½¢ to 28¢ for round lots, and 30¢ for single packages. Eggs—20¢ per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Chicago, April 5.—Wheat—Cash, No. 2 red, \$1.16½¢ to \$1.20; No. 3 red, \$1.14 to \$1.18; No. 2 hard, \$1.14½¢ to \$1.15; No. 3 hard, \$1.08 to \$1.13½¢; No. 3 Spring, \$1.0 to \$1.14¢. Corn—No. 2, 61½¢ to 62¢; No. 2 white, 63 to 64¢; No. 2 yellow, 62½¢ to 62¾¢; No. 3, 60½¢ to 61¢; No. 3 white, 62½¢; No. 3 yellow, 61 to 61½¢; No. 4, 55 to 57¢, No. 4 white, 65¢; No. 4 yellow, 55 to 56¢. Oats—No. 2 white, 46 to 47¢; No. 3 white, 43 to 46¢; No. 4 white, 41 to 44¢; standard, 46 to 46½¢.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Chicago, April 5.—Wheat—Spring wheat, steady; No. 1 Northern, carloads stored, \$1.29¢; Winter, steady. Corn—Easier. Oats—Steady. Barley—Feed to malting, 64 to 72¢. Rye—No. 2 on track, 56¢.

Buffalo, April 5.—Wheat—Spring wheat, steady; No. 1 Northern, carloads stored, \$1.29¢; Winter, steady. Corn—Easier. Oats—Steady. Barley—Feed to malting, 64 to 72¢. Rye—No. 2 on track, 56¢.

Montreal, April 5.—Choice steers brought \$6.75; fair to good, \$5 to \$5.50; fair, \$4.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$10.25 to \$10.50; sows, \$9.25 to \$9.50; sheep steady at \$4.75 to \$6; lambs are firm at \$7.

Toronto, April 5.—Prime picked steers and heifers sold at \$8.50 to \$7; good to choice butchers at \$5.50 to \$5.25; medium at \$8.00 to \$5.50; ch ice cows were firm at \$4.75 to

THE COAL STRIKE IS ON

Miners in Bituminous Fields of United States to Fight For Increase of Pay.

A despatch from Indianapolis, Indiana, says: Three hundred thousand organized miners of the bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas quit work on Thursday night. The miners, members of the United Mine Workers of America, declared the walk-out was not a strike, but merely a suspension of work pending an arrangement between themselves and the operators for a five-cent increase would be granted.

The men demand an increase of pay in some instances of five cents a ton, and in other instances more, and certain changes in working conditions. Confidence was expressed by the operators that there would be no general coal famine, large supplies of fuel having been secured in anticipation of the walkout. While the miners predicted the suspension would be cut short by a prompt signing of wage scales, some of the operators maintained that the mines might be kept closed for a month or sixty days or even longer.

The first victory for the men came in an announcement from Brazil, Ind., the centre of the Indiana block coal district, where it was announced the men's demand for a five-cent increase would be granted.

President Lewis said he was satisfied that the suspension of work beginning on Thursday night will continue only a few days, and that the miners will have little trouble in making their new contracts with the operators.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total revenue of the Dominion for the fiscal year which closed on Thursday has passed the hundred-million-dollar mark, an increase of about four millions over the previous record year of 1906-07. The final figures will not be known for some weeks yet, but from statements of Customs and other sources of revenue already available it is safe to state that the total will be a little over \$100,000,000. This is an increase of about two and one-half millions over Hon. Mr. Fielding's estimate of revenue, as made in his budget speech of December last, and should bring the surplus for the year up to the record figure of nearly nineteen millions.

The Customs revenue of the Dominion for the fiscal year ending Thursday will, it is estimated, total over \$61,000,000 when the final figures are in. This is an increase of nearly three millions over the highest previous record, namely, \$53,331,000 for the twelve months ending March, 1908. As compared with last year, it is an increase of a little over thirteen millions. The receipts for the month ending Thursday day total \$5,978,988, an increase of \$1,323,697, or about 25 per cent, as compared with March of last year.

SEVEN BODIES IN MORGUE.

Two Men Found in the Montreal Canal.

A despatch from Montreal says: There were seven bodies in the Morgue on Friday, four of which were brought in during the night. On Thursday night the water was let out of the canal to make repairs. Two bodies of men were found. Two young children's bodies were found, one in Notre Dame Church was hidden under a seat, and the other under melting snow in a field in the north end. A boy was killed by a car on Thursday. The day before a man suicided from being out of work, and an unknown woman fell dead on the street.

THIRTEEN FIREMEN HURT.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1910.

Education Versus Tuberculosis

"The latest and most helpful note sounded in the civilized world's campaign against the White Plague, is the education of American school children to avoid tuberculosis," asserts the Woman's Home Companion for April.

"The campaign itself may be described as a dual movement. On the one hand, are arrayed notification, registration and segregation of those tainted with tuberculosis; and on the other, education and prevention for the untainted. The greatest of these is the education of the rising generation, who through this means, may live to see tuberculosis stamped out of all civilized countries."

"So while municipal governments and private charities are weeding out cases that would spread the disease, supplying out-door Sanitoria for the curable, and refuges for the incurable, half a dozen powerful agencies are pushing the sane and sensible campaign of education among the school-children, with a view to eliminate the disease entirely in the generations to come."

"THE ONE PREVENTIVE OF TUBERCULOSIS IS RIGHT LIVING. THE PLACE TO TEACH RIGHT LIVING IS IN THE SCHOOLS."

"Twenty million children attend school in the United States. Twenty million children are well worth saving physically as well as mentally. And if twenty million children of this generation are taught how not to have tuberculosis, the disease will not exist for the next generation."

"The most active agencies at work in large cities for the salvation of the children are; the board of health, the Public Schools' Athletic League co-operating with the board of education, the playground association and private or organized charities like the Association for the control and prevention of tuberculosis. When these four agencies work in harmony, results are immediate and electric."

The Settlers Canada Needs

"Thirty-two cars of settlers effects have arrived at Scott, Saskatchewan, from points in the United States, and a second train of thirty two cars will reach that place to-morrow. This represents the effects of 610 settlers who have in cash and personal property in their possession \$10,000 each. These settlers are going to the Tramping Lake district south of Scott, on the Grand Trunk Pacific."

"The above concise and business-like telegram, received on Monday at the Local Offices of the Grand Trunk Railway in Toronto, tells better than any long "special article" could, the story of the development of the west, and of the class of men who will make the Canada of the future."

The Country School

Toronto World: When the country schools get to teaching the children of the farm more of the things they ought to know, and fewer of the things that are not essential, then the boy will not be so much inclined to leave the farm. Proper and scientific knowledge of farming will make the boy in love with his work and take out of it the element of drudgery and blind guess. The friends of the young will warn them against entering already sadly over-crowded professions and courting disappointment and failure. The best advice to young men is, to take up farming as a real profession, to study it scientifically in the excellent agricultural colleges and schools of the country, to make it a life work. In intelligent and modern farming there is independence, there is health, there is opportunity. The old isolation of country life is rapidly becoming a memory, thanks to rural delivery, to telephones, newspapers, trolleys and automobiles. The country needs more producers, and there is solid prosperity in the ground for additional millions. "Back to the soil!"

Another Star

On Saturday next, April ninth, there will be issued from the Office of the Toronto Daily Star the first number of a new five cent paper, to be named "The Toronto Star Weekly." One might naturally suppose the newspaper field was filled to overflowing, and that there could be no fixed place in the newspaper firmament for even another star—but the movement for travel to more successes than one under the heading "find a place or make one" and they mean that there shall be no exception to this rule in putting the "Toronto Star Weekly" in the field.

There is always demand for the "better goods," and from every vlew point is bright and aggressive newspaper production to-day "The Toronto Star Weekly" will be the best yet in Canada.

Mr. Joseph T. Clark will be the editor, and he has gathered about him an army of associates and contributors that will be a warrant for the quality of the matter, whether it be on the affairs of everyday life, morals, literature, politics, business, amusements, sports successes or failures.

"The Toronto Star Weekly" will contain serial fiction, short stories, anecdotes of public men, cartoon comics, and a score more features in a 16-page paper with several columns to the page, especially and freely illustrated in full half-tones, reproductions and prints on superior paper—a no mean competitor to the best English and American publications.

Get the first number, April 9th, if only to read "The Spell of the White Silence" by Robert W. Service, poet of the Yukon, author of "Songs of a Sourdough," and "Songs of a Cheechako." His first appearance in print as a writer of fiction.

A Big Vancouver Building

Mr. William Holden Erecting \$450,000 Building

Vancouver Daily Province, March 23

Mr. William Holden, the well known real estate broker, is having a huge building erected on lots 3 and 4, near the Woods Hotel, Hastings street. The cost of the structure will be \$450,000 and with the site on which it is built, will have a total value of \$450,000. It will have five storeys and a basement, being therefore the highest block in the city, with the exception of the Domfront Trust Building.

During the past six weeks workmen have been excavating the foundations and next week a start will be made on putting up the steel frame, which will be finished by May.

The lots have 50 feet frontage to Hastings street, the depth being 122 feet. The basement will be fitted up for restaurant purposes; on the first floor there will be stores, and in the remaining storeys above there will be 190 offices.

The exterior has been designed to present a very attractive appearance.

The main entrance to the vestibule, leading to the offices, will be beneath a Roman archway, surmounted by a reclining figure symbolizing commerce. The vestibule will be lined and ceiled in Pavonazzo marble; there will be a marble stairway leading to the upper storeys and also two similar flights down into the basement. The windows of the stores and the second storey will be executed in Haddington stone. There will be Doric columns at the entrances to the stores, the shafts being each in one piece of stone, and to avoid joints there will be a hollow core to each shaft so that the steel supports may be run through them. The central part of the elevation will be done in pressed brick, stone being used for the window sills. The last two storeys, which support an entablature, with a copper cornice, ornamented with dentals and modillion, or brackets, will be of Haddington stone. The entablature will be supported by four pilasters and a central column.

The store fronts will be finished in copper; their doors and the doors of the main entrance being in rosewood. The floor of the restaurant basement will be tiled; and the walls will be wainscotted with tiles to a height of five feet. The two stores on the ground floor will be lighted in both front and rear; and there will also be skylights in the light areas at the sides of the building. The floors above are to be divided into offices, with about twenty apartments to each floor. These will be so arranged that suites of 2, 3 or 4 may be made to communicate one with another. The corridors are to be furnished with terrazzo flooring, and the sides will have glazed wainscots. The doors, architraves and other wood finishing will be done in Australian rosewood.

The building is to be provided with two high speed elevators, capable of rising at a speed of 350 feet per minute. One of these is to be fitted with apparatus for taking up heavy safes. There is to be a mail chute on every floor, discharging into a mail box on the ground floor, which will be under the control of the post office authorities.

There is to be vacuum cleaning system throughout the building; adequate and well equipped rooms, effective heating, and modern plumbing and lighting.

The structure will be a class "A" steel building, fire-proof throughout. Its designer is Mr. W. T. Whiteway, architect, Molson's Bank Building, and the expense is being borne by Mr. Holden personally. It will therefore be called the Holden block, which will constitute a valuable addition to the business property of the city and be, in measure, an ornament to that part of Hastings street on which it is being erected.

Minto

Hold over from last week

The Minto Literary Society held its last regular meeting for the season on the evening of March 22nd. A business meeting was held last Tuesday evening. The Society, which now boasts of a membership of eighty-three, intends re-organizing next autumn.

The members of Salem church are preparing the ground for their new shed.

The Misses McKay of Duluth have been guests at Mr. Jas. Donald's.

Miss Anna Hagerman, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Horton of Chatterton, has returned home.

A number in this vicinity are engaged in the business of masking maple syrup, and report an extraordinarily good run of sap.

Received this week

We are glad to report that Mrs. Saries is very much better, after a long tedious illness.

Measles are still in our community. Little Jennie Green is at present suffering from them.

We sympathize with Mrs. John Hagan, who is suffering with rheumatism.

We are very sorry to learn of Miss Sane's illness, and hope for a speedy recovery.

General Booth head of the Salvation Army, is seriously ill at his home in London, England. Those in attendance upon the General, fear that his present illness marks a general breakdown. He is 81 years old, and his health has been failing rapidly in the last few years.

General Booth seems to realize that he is not far off, for he expressed his pleasure to several of his co-workers who called on him to-day that the affairs of the Salvation Army were in such shape that his passing would be without serious effect.

Rheumatic poisons are quickly and easily driven out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy—liquid or tablet form.

Dr. Shoop's booklet on Rheumatism plainly and interestingly tells just how this is done.

Tell some sufferer of this book, or get a copy of Dr. Shoop's Remedy. Sold for the book and free samples. Sold for no money. Just join with Dr. Shoop and give some sufferer a pleasant surprise. Sold by J. S. Morton.

In Memoriam

On the 22nd day of February there passed away to her eternal reward, Ellen Chambers, widow of the late Robert Chambers, at the home of her son Robert in Sidney, at the age of 83 years.

She was born in Ireland, at Bandon, county of Cork, on Feb. 7th, 1827, the daughter of Wm. D. Collins and Mary Ann Gay. In early life she came to Canada with her parents, who were among the first settlers to find a home in Huntingdon township. In 1841 she was married to Robert Chambers of Madoe, and the greater part of their married life was spent in Huntingdon, near Madoe, but about 24 years ago they removed to Sidney, near Stirling, where four years later her husband died. Of their family two are dead, a son, Samuel, and Mary, who was married to Henry Warren of Stirling. Four sons and four daughters survive. The sons are William of Huntingdon, Joseph of Madoe, Robert of Sidney, and James of Arnprior; and the daughters, Mrs. R. Jarvis of Madoe, Mrs. H. Davis and Miss Hannah of Toronto, and Mrs. B. Wright in Manitoba.

Her disposition had always a charming attractiveness, combining in one a sweet, sincere simplicity and an unswerving, firm loyalty to right and duty, and a way of seeing the bright side always, that made life easier and happier for herself and others.

She looked well to the ways of her household. No care was too exacting, no effort too wearying; that might promote the welfare and comfort of her home and family.

She was a life-long and consistent Christian. To her mind, the special Providence of God over those who trust in Him, was very real, and to her children and others she often recounted particular instances of Divine protection and help.

When the first travelling preacher of the Gospel "formed a class," she joined the Bible Christians, and later the Wesleyan Society. It was her father who built the old "Colin's church" at White Lake, and after it was named. On removing to Sidney she and her husband united with the Stirling church, which she regularly attended until failing health prevented.

Then for her came the fulfilment of the words "Thou shalt come to thy grave in a full age, like a shock of corn cometh in, in his season." After a busy life, beloved by children who treasure the memory of a wise and loving mother, in the fullness of Christian hope, she passed away to her everlasting rest.

The funeral service in the Methodist church, Stirling, was conducted by her pastor, Rev. H. L. Phelps, and her remains were interred in the Stirling cemetery.

Anson News

Held over from last week

Miss Flossie Bailey, Miss Elsa Johnson, and Misses M. and H. McMullen are spending the Easter holidays at the homes of their parents.

Mr. Fred Ketchepaw of Green Point spent Easter the guest of Miss Evelyn Eggleton.

Mr. A. L. Burke and Miss Margaret McMullen spent Sunday with relatives at Fuller.

Mr. R. Hoard spent Saturday with friends at Campbellford.

Mrs. R. Hoard is visiting friends at Hazelock.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Smith has been seriously ill.

Mr. H. W. Hanna and daughter Rosa spent a few days in Belleville.

Miss Maggie Sharp, Mr. R. Leonad Sharp of Hoard's, Mr. A. Rutherford of Coborne, visited at Mrs. A. McMullen's on Saturday.

Mr. Edison McConnell of Bancroft is visiting at the home of his mother.

Rev. W. H. Stevens of Haliburton called on Anson friends.

Miss Florence Hubble is home for the Easter holidays, also her sister, Miss Ella.

Received this week

Mr. Lorne Brough and J. G. Burke, Fuller, visited Mr. Arthur Burke on Saturday last.

Mr. Fred Clarke, former G. T. R. agent here, and his bride, visited at Mr. G. A. Eggleton's on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Brown spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Sine.

Mr. Geo. Weaver has a barn raising to-day.

Miss Margaret McMullen returned to Peterboro Normal School on Tuesday.

Miss Mary Matthews visited Miss Margaret McMullen on Sunday last.

Mr. Bert and Miss Eva Eggleton and Miss Hazel McMullen attended the funeral of Mrs. C. Walsh at Moira on Saturday.

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BLAKE'S VISIONS.

The Curious Hallucinations of the Poet-Painter.

William Blake, the contemporary of Charles Lamb, was a man of visions. Blake dined with prophets and held converse with archangels. A friend of Blake called on the poet-painter "and found him sitting, pencil in hand, drawing a portrait with all the seeming anxiety of a man who is conscious of having a fantastical sitter. He looked and drew and looked, yet no living soul was visible. "Disturb me not," said Blake in a whisper. "I have some one sitting to me!" "Sitting to you!" exclaimed the astonished visitor. "Where is he? I see no one." "But I see him," answered Blake laughingly. "There he is. His name is Lot. You may read of him in the Scriptures. He is sitting for his portrait."

Blake's hallucinations, however, rarely took a malignant form. One of his most beautiful visitors was of a fairy funeral. "I was walking alone in my garden," he said. "There was a great stillness among the branches and flowers and more than common sweetness in the air. I heard a low and pleasant sound and knew not whence it came."

"At last I saw the broad leaf of a flower move, and underneath I saw a procession of creatures of the size and color of green and gray grasshoppers, bearing a body laid out on a rose leaf, which they buried with songs and then disappeared. It was a fairy's funeral."

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time and by a medicine which like Chamomile, Calamus, Chera and Coriander remedy not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by all dealers.

the wood-finish that endures—

ML Floorglaze renovates shabby furniture—makes worn woodwork look new—finishes floors with beautiful gloss that lasts—has a hundred uses right in your home. And it is so very easy to apply!

ML Floorglaze
Won't fade—won't crack—
won't mar easily

comes in little and big tins. Seventeen handsome solid enamel colors to choose from—also seven shades of lace that simulate hardwood finish—also a transparent natural finish. Gallon coats 50 sq. feet. Good for use outdoors, as well as in. Ask your paint dealer or drop us a line for interesting news of M L Floorglaze. TORONTO

Recommended and for sale by J. S. MORTON.

New Masonic Hall

Is now available for social and other engagements. For particulars of rental, etc., see DR. WALT.

Farm to Let

90 Acres, parts Lots 21, 22, Concession 8, Murray township. Good buildings, well watered, soil—clay loam, 75 bearing fruit trees. 7 acres fall grain, meadow and pasture with balance fall plowed.

GEORGE F. COLE, Wooler P.O.

234w

Planks and bolts to rent.

W. U. GRAIN, P. O. Drawer 355.

7

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.

W. U. GRAIN.

7

Breeders

Insure you Live Stock, Stallions, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada.

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD, Agent, Stirling.

Representing first-class Fire, Accident and Health Insurance Companies.

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WANTED—NOW!

For Stirling and surrounding district for and Winter months, an energetic, reliable Agent, to take orders for Nursery Stock.

Good Pay Weekly Outfit Free Exclusive Territory 600 Acres

Under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can give you information on growing and raising the various crops of one of whom who says "almost every article in almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures." Of course, "World Wide" is a weekly of its own, "World Wide" reflects the wisdom of the age—the day—the hour—the moment. Without opinions of its own, "World Wide" beats to the tick of modern British and American thought. "World Wide" finds a welcome place on the study table. Business men, preachers, teachers, writers and thinkers generally hail it as a most delightful publication.

Each issue is made to select the articles each week so that due proportion is given to the various fields of human interest to the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to let others and place to be read.

The issue is no paper more acceptable than "World Wide" to the busy man who wants to keep in touch with the world's thinking, and who wants to know the words of one of whom who says "almost every article in almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures." Of course, "World Wide" is a weekly of its own, "World Wide" reflects the wisdom of the age—the day—the hour—the moment. Without opinions of its own, "World Wide" beats to the tick of modern British and American thought. "World Wide" finds a welcome place on the study table. Business men, preachers, teachers, writers and thinkers generally hail it as a most delightful publication.

If you do not know "World Wide" personally, send us your name and address and we will gladly send samples free of charge on application. "World Wide" is five cents (50c) per copy, but the yearly subscription is only \$1.50 a year.

7

PELHAM NURSERY CO. TORONTO, ONT.

7

Fire, Accident & Plate Glass Insurance.

Guardian Fire Insurance Co.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.

Liverpool and London & Globe Co.

Gore District Fire Insurance Co.

Merchants Fire Insurance Co.

York Fire Insurance Co.

Crown Fire Insurance Co.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

STIRLING COUNCIL C.O.O.F. No. 194

Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

DR. J. D. BISSONNETTE, C.C.
FRED T. WARD, Recorder.

Marriage Licenses.

GEO. E. CRYER, Issuer,

STIRLING ONTARIO

J. S. MORTON.

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College, Member Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
DENTISTRY, The University of Toronto,
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons, Ontario.

OFFICE—One door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c., Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday
evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

GEO. E. MORROW,
Rec. Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY
No. 505

Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Mon-
day in each month.

E. A. MORROW,
W. Preceptor.

E. D. MORROW, Registrar

MEDICAL CARD

ISAAC WOOD, M.A., M.D., C.M., mem-
ber of the Royal College of Surgeons,
England, of the Medical Faculty of Queen's
University, and of the staff of the King-
ston General Hospital.

Consultant and Specialist in Surgery.

263 King St. E., Kingston,
Phone 386.

PERSONALS.

Mr. C. J. Boldrick left on Monday for
Vancouver, B. C.

Mr. Leslie Kennedy was home from
Picton for a few days.

Miss Innes of Campbellford was a guest
of Mrs. G. Luery last week.

Mrs. G. Luery and Mr. Earl Luery spent
a few days in Campbellford last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Manley Rosebush of Osh-
awa arrived here on their wedding trip
last evening.

Mr. John Shaw and Mr. T. H. McKee
went to Picton on Monday to attend the
funeral of Mrs. Shaw, widow of the late
Wm. Shaw.

The Woman's Home Companion for April

As Spring time comes round again,
the Woman's Home Companion lifts its
own standard another degree with its
Easter Issue. The cover design by
Fanny Y. Cory strikes a true April
note which is faithfully carried out in
the entire magazine. A full page paint-
ing by Balfour Ker, is one of the ten-
derest subjects ever attempted by that
artist, and the "Old Time Gardens in
the Connecticut Valley" by Charles
Edward Hooper, with illustrations by
Herman Pfifer, is an unusually artistic
feature. "The Campaign of Hope,"
the tireless fight against tuberculosis,
is waged with undiminished enthusiasm
and is awakening people throughout
the country.

"The Empty House," a story in two
parts by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, has
its first enthralling installment in this
number. It is a story for every woman
with a busy, self-sacrificing husband
to read. The regular departments,
Miss Gould's big Fashion Section and
the pages devoted to the Younger Rea-
der, are all better than ever.

Melville the Wonderful

Winnipeg, April 5th.—Special—Mel-
ville, Sask. is a big Western Canadian
town situated 280 miles west of Win-
nipeg. It is the leading Western divi-
sional point on the Grand Trunk Pac-
ific Railway. Melville is called "The
Wonderful" not only because it has
grown faster than any other western
city, but also because it is so admirably
located as a railway centre. Big things
are being done every day in building
and railway construction. And be-
sides this, Melville is situated in the
heart of Saskatchewan's greatest wheat
growing section. Railways radiate
from here in four different direc-
tions. Many American business men
have passed through Winnipeg on their
way to Melville, "the coming city of
Canada." Melville is a city of rail-
ways, agriculture and manufacture:
the three most important factors in
commerce. Western Canada is proud
of Melville, and the wide awake people
who are purchasing there are laying
the foundation for future competency.

Over twelve thousand emigrants land-
ed at Halifax and St. John last week.
Most of them were bound for the West,
and were well laden with supplies to
start life in their new homes.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak
stomach, or stimulating the heart or kidneys
is all wrong. Dr. Shoop first pointed
out this error. This is why his prescrip-
tions are so successful. They are
entirely to the cause of these ailments—the
weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't
so difficult, says Dr. Shoop, to strengthen
a weak stomach, heart or kidneys if we
go to work with a full strength drug
its controlling or inside nerve. When
these nerves fail, then those organs must
surely fail. These vital truths are lead-
ing druggists everywhere to dispense and
recommend Dr. Shoop's Stomach and Liver
Tonic. It is a safe, simple and effective
remedy. It a few days and see improvement will
promptly and surely follow. Sold by J. S.
Morton.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers—Three lines and under
26 cents each insertion; over three lines,
per line. Matter and larger than the ordinary
type of advertising.

To Transient Advertisers—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trainlineat Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6:05 a.m. Passenger, 10:27 a.m.
Passenger, 6:45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3:41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1910.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The "water wagon" started its
rounds for the season on Tuesday last.

Mr. Wesley Mason has purchased
the hotel at Springbrook and will run a
strictly temperance house.

The License commissioners for North
Hastings will meet at Maynooth on the
14th of April, to grant licenses for the
current year.

Potatoes are very plentiful in the
country. Shippers are only paying 30
cents a bag delivered at the Railway,
and not very particular about taking
them at that.

A stock of Flour, Bran and Shorts at
the Crown Roller Mill.

JOHN DAWKINS & SON.

If you are interested in the Law govern-
ing the Banking Institutions of our
Country, read what will appear in the
Bank of Montreal's advertising space for
the next few weeks.

We were sorry to learn of a painful
accident which befell Mrs. Wm. McCann
on Monday last, when she dislocated her shoulder by a fall from the
hay loft in the barn.

Extensive preparations are being
made for a monster Orange Demonstra-
tion here on July 12th. It is expected
that special trains will run from Belle-
ville, Madoc, and Trenton.

Now is the time for all who are desirous
of securing telephones to do so. Mr.
Cameron of the Bell telephone Co. is
here soliciting subscribers, and a twenty-
four hour a day service is practically
assured.

A regular meeting of the R. B. P. No.
505, will be held on Monday evening, April
11th. Every member is requested to be
present for the conferring of degrees and
other important business in which all are
interested.

BY ORDER OF PRECEPTOR.

On Tuesday evening previous to the
departure of Mr. C. J. Boldrick for Van-
couver, his many friends in St. John's
Church presented him with an address
appreciative of his interest in the work
of the Church, and also making a re-
quest that he accept a suit case as a
link to bind him to his many friends.

We have several times noted the fact
of large hens eggs having found their
way to the editor's desk, but one brought
in a few days ago by Mr. J. Hanna is a
little the largest of any we have ever seen.
It measures 7 by 84 inches, and
weighs 43 ounces. It was laid by a
Black Minorca Hen on April 1st, but it
is no April fool of an egg.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian
church will hold a "Sociable" in the
basement of the church on Monday
evening, April 18th. An interesting
program will be given. Tea served from
sharp 6 to 7:30 o'clock. Admission
20c, for adults, 10c. for children.
All come and have a good time together.
The Y. M. A. room will be in use.

The regular monthly meeting of the
W. M. S. of the Methodist Church will
be held on Tuesday afternoon April
12th, in the Sunday School Room.
Those who have not handed in their
Easter envelopes please do so, as it is
the last meeting in the W. M. S. year,
and the books have to be made up. A
full attendance is requested as the election
of officers will take place. Visitors
always welcome.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Mark's
church, Rawdon, intend holding an
"At Home" at the residence of Miss
Jennie Tanner, Ivanhoe, on the even-
ing of April 12th. Refreshments will
be served, and a pleasant evening is
expected. The Auxiliary, which has
been recently organized, is doing good
work, and has now upwards of twenty
members, who manifest a deep interest
in the work. The officers are: Presi-
dent, Mrs. A. S. Dickenson; Vice-Pres.
Mrs. Wm. Jeffrey; Secy., Mrs. James
Stout; Treas., Mrs. Chas. Sweet.

Mrs. Robert Green was the recipient
of a handsome volume of Whittier's
poems from her class in St. Andrew's
Sunday School on Sunday last. The
presentation was intended to have been
made on Easter Sunday, but owing to
Mrs. Green's absence on that day, was
postponed. The presentation was made
by Miss Iva Luery, while Miss Katie
Kennedy read the following address:

Dear Mrs. Green.—Please accept this
book of Whittier's poems from your
Sunday School class, with our Easter
greetings and a token of our appreciation
of your work in instructing our young
minds in God's word and His Son,
Jesus Christ.

Signed on behalf of the class,
KATHIE KENNEDY
IVA LUREY.
Stirling, March 27, 1910.

Mrs. Green, who was not in any way
aware of the intention of her class, was
quite overcome with surprise, and thank-
ed the class as best she could, giving to
each member a pretty Easter card.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tab-
lets assist nature in driving all impurities
out of the system, insuring a free and reg-
ular circulation and restoring the organs of
the body to health and strength. Sold by
all dealers.

On Monday evening Rev. Prof. Dyde
of Queen's University, Kingston, gave
a lecture on "Shakespeare" in the Pres-
byterian church. Prof. Dyde is a cap-
able speaker, and showed his ability by
taking the different characters in the
dramas and making them live before his
audience. He dealt principally with
"King Lear," and his characterization
of the old king was especially good.
Two solos were given by Mr. Thompson,
who possesses a voice of good quality,
and whose singing was much appreci-
ated.

At the Auction sale of Mr. J. A.
Gatley's herd of Holstein cattle held at
Madoc on March 25th nearly \$7,000
was realized. There were 24 cows and
heifers sold at prices ranging from \$115
to \$450, and 19 calves from \$20 to \$155.
One calf less than three weeks old,
brought \$150. A Bull brought \$400.
The latter was bought by Mr. Benja-
min Hagerman, of Rawdon, who also
purchased one of the cows at \$260. Mr.
Hagerman has now a fine herd of Hol-
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At the Auction sale of Mr. J. A.
Gatley's herd of Holstein cattle held at
Madoc on March 25th nearly \$7,

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER V.—(Cont'd)

"Ah! she ceases to inspect. See her now in all her splendor!"

The new-comer now appeared in the forepart of the box, and her striking beauty attracted all eyes. Maxime, hiding himself in the depths of the orchestra, had taken no note of the star that had just risen. It was only when the lady set down the double opera-glass which had concealed the upper part of her face, that he recognized her. He still hesitated, unable to believe his eyes.

"She!" he murmured, "she here!"

"Madame Sergent! ah! it is too much. After the trick she played me, this rogue darse to appear openly at the opera—and in the first boxes still! And here have I been searching for her in vain for a month! She doubtless returned to Paris supposing I would think no more of her. Only she has not brought with her the Carpathian bear. She has left him in his own country and replaced him by another animal of the same species. Certainly," concluded the young man, "I was happily inspired this evening. At the restaurant I surprised one of the countess' hirings in great intimacy with Borisoff, and here, at the opera, I discover a rogue who has tricked and robbed me. The thing is to determine what I had best do. Parbleu! my choice cannot be doubtful. It doesn't matter very much how this man finishes his evening with 'Borisoff, who is if I let slip the occasion for laying hold on Madame Sergent, it will never present itself again. The safest plan would be to go up to her box and have an immediate explanation with her."

It was a favorable moment. The three strokes had just announced the second act.

Giving a last glance at the box before going out, the most surprising spectacle presented itself.

Col. Borisoff and his companion, both standing, were preparing to leave their places, and Madame Sergent was smiling to them.

Maxime fancied he must be mistaken, but as the two foreigners passed near her box he saw distinctly that they bowed to her, and that she returned the bow.

"They know her!" he murmured, and he stopped in utter consternation.

On one side, the countess' fencing master exchanging gracious looks with the accomplice of those who had taken the casket, and, by excess of marvels, the owner of this casket on pleasant terms with the friend of the thieves, and these two personages with one accord going to join her.

"I was astonished awhile ago," thought Maxime, "but this is beyond belief."

The more he reflected, the more the reunion appeared to him monstrous. He seemed to see in it mysteries of iniquity, criminal alliances, unfathomable abysses of dissimulation.

He asked himself whether all these people were banded together to play a wicked comedy to the prejudice of Robert de Carnel and himself. He even went so far as to suspect the intentions of Madame Yalta—this countess who knew so many things, and loved secret intrigues.

"Is this man betraying her, or is he fooling me?"

He answered this question by a violence which he formulated thus: "An able! the Russians, the Poles, and the great foreign ladies. I have enough of their intrigues, and I can't complain on their spider's webs. I am afraid of not one after all, and have the right to call Madame Sergent to account."

This was a project easier to conceive than to execute. One does not rush into a lady's box in the midst of a performance to summon her to answer for her past conduct in the presence of two men who are not responsible for the doings and exploits of this woman. An inroad of this sort could end only in a quarrel, and quarrels never elucidate anything.

There was nothing for him but to observe and wait.

Whilst from the passage-way of the orchestra the invisible witness followed in the movements of the three whom some inexplicable chance had brought together, the adventure sketched by Mouratiéne began to take shape.

The lady recently from Geneva, the ex-marvel of the Rink, had at length deigned a glance at the spectators nearest her.

Her sparkling eyes had encountered the gray eyes of Mouratiéne, and smiles were exchanged.

Thus ensued a pantomime which

invited him to her box, followed by a movement on his part indicating his neighbor in the stall, answered by a sign from the lady which might be interpreted thus:

"No matter; bring your friend. I shall be pleased to see him as well as yourself."

Nothing more was needed to induce the acceptance of an invitation repeated with such gracious persistency.

The box-keeper ushered them in, and the lady, with eyes of fire, began thus, extending her hand to Mouratiéne:

"You can't think how happy I am to meet you. I arrived from Monaco alone, and have not yet seen a familiar face. You recognized me immediately, did you not?"

"You are not of the number of those whom one forgets," replied Ivanovitch.

"Oh, after six months' absence one has the right to forget anybody. But be good enough to present to me monsieur, who has been so kind as to accompany you."

"Col. Borisoff, one of my compatriots. My dear colonel, we are in the box of Madame de Garches."

"True; it is very necessary that you should present me also, for your friend does not know me, I presume."

"No, madame, and I am truly astonished not to have remarked you, however brief may have been your sojourns in Paris. Beauty such as yours cannot pass unnoticed anywhere."

"You flatter me, colonel, and I warn you that I do not love compliments. Sit down, and we will talk of everything you please except myself. Your friend will tell you that last summer, in Switzerland, I had established this rule, and that all my little world submitted to it. I seek friends, but flee from lovers."

"It seems to me that last year—excuse my frankness—one of my compatriots knew how to please you."

"Who! Ah! that blockhead of a general. That doesn't count. It was one of my errors. Only think, he gained my confidence by proposing extraordinary ascensions; he talked about climbing Mont Blanc, scaling the Yung Frau, and I could never induce him to leave the Royal Hotel of Chamounix or the promenades of Interlaken. I don't like prudent people, so I disposed of him."

"My friend Borisoff is temerity itself," said Mouratiéne, with a burst of laughter.

"Take care," said the lady, "you will set me to putting his temerity to the proof."

These words, addressed directly to the colonel, embarrassed him visibly. He had, in truth, since his entrance into the lady's box, cut an awkward enough figure, though ordinarily it was not assurance that he lacked. Presented to a strange lady by a friend fallen from the skies like an aerolite, Borisoff did not feel certain of his ground. He was a skilful diplomatist, but accustomed to proceed methodically without trusting anything to chance. Furthermore, and above all, he was submitting, in spite of himself, to the ascendancy of a pair of beautiful eyes; eyes the like of which he had never seen before, and which were fixed on him with a disquieting persistency.

Mouratiéne came to his assistance.

"To what proof would you subject my friend? What peaked do you mean to require him to scale?"

"Oh," replied the ex-marvel of the Rink, "the question is not of perilous ascensions now. We are not in Switzerland; we are in Paris, in a city where courage consists in mocking prejudices and bravely public opinion. You both entered my box in the midst of the opera. That was a fine example of it."

"One which cost me very little," replied Mouratiéne. "I am proud of being seen with you."

"My dear friend, you are a bird of passage. You come to France simply for amusement. You owe no account to any one and may act as you please, while with Col. Borisoff, not being in the same situation, there is more merit in attaching himself to a declassée."

"What do you call declassée? Do you suppose I confound you with the demoiselle who make the tour of the lakes every day?"

"No, but neither do you take me for a woman of the true world, and you are right. I was born in that world, and it is perhaps in my power to return to it, for I am free, and better still, I am rich; but it was my choice to leave it, and it is my choice to live as an irregular."

The lady recently from Geneva, the ex-marvel of the Rink, had at length deigned a glance at the spectators nearest her.

Her sparkling eyes had encountered the gray eyes of Mouratiéne, and smiles were exchanged.

Thus ensued a pantomime which

"THE DEAD HAS COME TO LIFE"

A "FRUIT-A-TIVES" MIRACLE



had remarked you. You see, I am frank."

"You overwhelm me. But I fancy my illustrious compatriot took the trouble to dispel your illusions."

"He tried to do so. After having entrenched himself in prudent circumstances, he ended by a mysterious revelation that you belonged to the political police."

"It was a joke, I suppose," said the colonel, a little disconcerted by this abrupt declaration.

"A silly joke," seconded Mouratiéne. "Did he accuse me also of being enrolled in the secret service?"

"No," replied the lady, somewhat scornfully, "but I can assure you he was not joking at all. He explained the colonel's mission to me, and entered into a number of details."

"Then I have a mission?" inquired Borisoff, forcing a smile. "I am charmed to know it. It has enhanced my importance in my own eyes."

"You are, it appears, charged with watching over the nihilists."

"Diabolical! I execute my mission very imperfectly, then, for they have created much talk of late."

"In Russia; but you are concerned only with those who reside in France, at least according to the general."

"I believe," said Mouratiéne, "my friend Borisoff has really a mission in Paris, and no very difficult one. He has a revenue of a hundred thousand roubles which he consecrates to the study of the pretty women of this country, where all types are to be met with."

"Your programme is charming—nothing fixed, everything to caprice—that is the motto of us Russians."

"Let your friend speak," said Madame de Garches, fixing her eyes on the colonel.

"I agree with my compatriot," said the colonel, who could no longer remain silent. "Pleasure is the great concern, and I also am free to choose my associations."

"Really?"

"Do you doubt it?"

"I doubt it no longer since you say so, but they have assured me that you are entrusted by your government with a secret mission."

"They mean this general by whom I was nearly bored to death last year. Don't ask me his name; I don't wish to recall it."

"You remember at least what he told you about me?" asked Borisoff.

"Oh, perfectly. I am glad you should know that it happened that you occupied my attention whilst exploring the beautiful valleys of Helvetia. I had inhabited in Paris the same neighborhood with yourself and do still."

"You know where I live?"

"Yes. In going to the Bois I have often passed your house in Rue de Vigny. I have seen you sometimes driving yourself in a beautiful phaeton, and being curious, naturally I made inquiries about you. I learned that you were a Russian gentleman, very rich, and very agreeable."

"Why did I not know that you condescended to think of me?" said Borisoff, gallantly.

"Oh, I was only passing through Paris. I came from London and was going to Geneva, where the most tiresome of generals awaited me. It came into my mind to ask information about you, because I

IS THINNESS EMBARRASSING?

Undoubtedly It is to Many a Maiden and Youth—While Even Those Well Along in Years Prefer Well Rounded Figures.

Prescription Increases Weight.

A scrawny, gangly youth or maiden is almost invariably slighted, overlooked or ridiculed in any social gathering. There is something about a plump or well proportioned figure which attracts not only friendship, but love and adulation as well.

People with a proper amount of flesh are favored in all walks of life, while the thin are unblessed, unwellcome and frequently miserable for life. The difference lies in the power of the digestive functions and the ability of the blood and nerves to absorb and distribute over the body the nutrition extracted from the food eaten.

The thin person is abnormal and lacks the power to absorb and retain the flesh and fat elements which the gastric juices in the stomach and intestines should extract or separate from all kinds of food and drink.

A recent accidental discovery has proven that tincture cadomine when blended with certain other drugs, will add from one to three pounds of flesh per week during treatment, while the general health and strength also improves wonderfully.

Get in a half pint bottle, three ounces of essence of pepsin and three ounces of syrup of rhubarb; then add one ounce compound essence cardiol; shake and let stand two hours; then add one ounce tincture cadomine compound, (not cardamom). Shake well and take a teaspoonful before and after meals, drinking plenty of water between meals and when retiring.

Camphor Ice VASELINE

FOR CHAPPED SKIN AND LIPS,
COLD SORES, WISBURN.

12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes

Capsicum, Borated, Mentholated, Carbolic, Camphorated, White Oxide of Zinc, etc. Each for special purposes. Write for Free Catalogue Book.

CHESTERFIELD MFG. CO. (Cons'd)

379 Craig St. W., Montreal

Perfectly
Painted
Seasonably
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There's a satisfaction in a perfectly painted complexion when the body is protected by good stout clothing, rain-coat, top-coat and sturdy boots.

The protection afforded property after the paint is applied is well known to the world; no greater than persons worn down to the line.

Martin-Senour
Paint

100% Pure

Protects your property so that it appears well dressed, strong and healthy. Quality does not withstand the rigors of winter storms, heat, sun, rain, wind, snow, mud, mudholes and the disagreeable effects of the weather.

Everything that comes in contact with the body is well protected. Everything that comes in contact with the body is well protected. Everything that comes in contact with the body is well protected.

If your dealer cannot supply you, notify us and we will gladly direct you to where our paint is sold.

Desire all Substitutes
Write for Illustrated
Booklet. Home
Booklet and
Illustrated
Card. Free for
the asking.

The Martin-Senour Co.
Montreal
Painters for Paint

Page Fences wear Best—Styles for Lawns, Parks, Farms and Railroads. Our 16,000 miles of Page Fences and 73,000 Page Gates now in use in Canada. Our 16,000 miles of Page Gates for 1910 have Galvanized Frames. Get our latest prices and booklet.

THE PAGE WIRE FENCE CO., LIMITED
WALKERVILLE TORONTO MONTREAL ST. JOSEPH WINNIPEG VICTORIA

A Syrup used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Maple Syrup, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple syrup is sold by grocers. If not send 5c for 2 oz. box and stamp back. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wash.

SHOWING THE PAINT.
Are you going to take any old paint this spring when you paint up? Don't you do it. You can get good paint easily, and get it at the proper price. You can get

RAMSAY'S PAINTS
the oldest brand of Mixed Paints in Canada, guaranteed for purity, known for quality, and unchallenged in all house painting to-day. Drop us a card and ask for our booklet "W," the handsomest booklet on house painting ever issued. It is free. You should have it.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO.,
Established 1842,
The Paint Makers, Montreal.

FAIRBANKS - MORSE
Gasoline Engines
SIZES 2, 3, 4, 6 H.P.
SPECIALY DESIGNED FOR GENERAL FARM WORK.

They are so simple that the average farm hand can run them, and are practically Fool Proof and Frost Proof. Send to-day for catalogue G.E.-102, W.P. CO., showing full line of engines for farm use. It means money saved for you.

TERMS—Special Terms to Farmers.

The CANADIAN FAIRBANKS COMPANY, Limited, MONTREAL
Branches—Toronto, St. John, N.B., Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver

HOTEL TRAYMORE
ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
A magnificent ten-story fire-proof addition is just being completed, making this famous hotel the newest and most up-to-date of Atlantic City hotels. A new feature is the unusual size of the bed rooms, averaging 16 feet square. Every room commands an ocean view, bath attached with sea and fresh water. Chassis glass in every chamber. Temperature regulated by Thermosyphons, the latest development in steam heating. Telephone in every room. Golf privileges. Capacity 600. Write for illustrated booklet.

CHARLES O. MARQUETTE, TRAYMORE HOTEL COMPANY,
Manager. D. S. WHITE, President

Daimler
MOTOR CARRIAGES
AWARDED DEWAR TROPHY.

The Dewar Challenge Trophy is awarded yearly by the ROYAL AUTOMOBILE CLUB for the most meritorious performance of the year under the general regulations for certain trials.

The New Daimler engins has now been in the hands of the public for nearly 18 months, quite long enough to prove its merit; owners are sending in testimonials by every post and we should like to forward to any person or persons interested a complete set of literature fully explaining this marvelous new motor. Send also for our new illustrated booklet, "The Dewar Trophy and how it was won," a history of the Greatest Engine Test on Record.

The Daimler Motor Co., (1904) Limited,
COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

Spring Shoe Opening for 1910

We take great pleasure in presenting our stock of New Spring Shoes to the public. We have a stock equal to any city store. The best way to prove us is to come and make a personal examination.

Note a few of the leading Spring, 1910, Shoes:

New Shoes for Men—
Men's Box Calf, Gun Metal and Dongola, latest too.....
from \$2.25 to \$4.50

Men's Patent Kid, New York too, Goodyear welt.....
from \$3.00 to \$6.00

"Victoria" Shoes for Ladies Every Time

Ladies' Patent Pumps and Patent Shoes, all new toets, at \$2.50
Ladies' Tan Shoes, correct thing for this season.....\$2.00 up.

MOTHER HUBBARD SHOES FOR THE CHILDREN

We can show you a complete range in all shades. It will pay you to see our lines before purchasing.

We have on hand a complete stock of

HOSIERY IN ALL THE LEADING SHADIES

for Men, Women, Misses and Children, at the lowest prices in town. See our MEN'S COARSE BOOTS from \$1.50 up.

All rips sewed free on any boot purchased here.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

HOUSECLEANING NEEDS

GOOD WALL PAPER A CHIEF BEAUTY OF YOUR HOME

Our list includes grades for every class of home.

ROOM MOULDINGS

White Enamel, Oak and Gilt, at 3c. and 4c. per foot.

Moulding hooks at 10c. per dozen.

S. A. MURPHY

F. T. Hill & Co.

Selling the Bankrupt Stock of Jas. Buchanan.

BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY

Sweeping Reductions in price on everything. Nothing sold but what there is a big saving to you in the price.

Highest market prices paid for Butter and Eggs, any quantity taken.

The best ELECTRIC LAMPS in the market selling 2 for 25c.

F. T. HILL & Co., Stirling

Since its Establishment in 1870

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. of Canada

Has paid to its policyholders or their legal representatives, in cash for
(1) Death losses on completion of Claim Papers.....\$4,512,833.67
(2) Matured Endowments and Annuities.....2,135,878.67
(3) Surplus.....1,761,858.05
(4) Surrender values.....1,392,738.08

Total Cash Payments.....\$9,803,308.46

And it holds at this date, for the security of its policyholders:

Reserves on 4%, 3 1/2% and 3% standard.....\$12,065,146.16

Surplus over all liabilities.....2,369,692.25

Total paid to and held for policyholders.....\$24,138,146.87

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville
AGENTS WANTED

Clubbing List.

The NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star.....1.80

The Weekly Witness.....1.80
The Weekly Sun.....1.75

The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25

The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50

Farm and Dairy.....1.75

The Farmers' Advocate, weekly \$2.50

The Home Journal, Toronto, 1.00

Youth's Companion, Boston, 2.75

England's birth rate for the last two years was the lowest on record.

The Railway committee at Ottawa reported a bill incorporating a company to build a line from Montreal to Hudson's Bay.

The locomotives' executive meeting at Ottawa will petition for a law to restrict trainmen's hours to fourteen a day in case of emergency.

They also favor a law compelling everybody to come to a stop at unprotected railway crossings.

—Magazine of American History.

—Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble. If you use Chamberlin's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, sooths and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

Less than two thousand liquor licences will be issued in Ontario this year.

OLD TAVERN CHARGES

Cost of Living at a Turnpike Inn Near New York In 1846.

LOW PRICES THE RULE THEN

The Regular Tariff For a Dinner Was 19 Cents, and a Wedding Breakfast For Six, With Two Quarts of Oats on the Side, Cost Just \$1.69.

Guarded as carefully as any of the guests' jewels that lie beside it in the big safe of a great and glittering Broadway hotel in New York city and treasured by the proprietor more than its weight in gold is an old cashbox. The entries run from March to December, 1846. They record in quaint descriptive phrases the comings and goings of the travelers who stopped at a wayside inn on a turnpike road less than 100 miles from New York. This tavern was kept by the Broadway hotel proprietor's grandfather. The building of the railroad, the passing of the stagecoach and the changes of more than half a century have obliterated this once famous old inn at South Durham, and now all that remains of it is this ancient book, which served not only as a record of cash received, but took the place of the modern hotel register.

The prices charged by this innkeeper of long ago are as far removed from those exacted today as this ancient hostelry is from the gorgeous summer hotels of the countryside where it once stood. The regular price for a dinner was 19 cents, but even this appears to have been "cut" to frequent travelers. For instance, there is an entry of "Candy peddler from Albany, two meals and lodgings, 31 cents." Almost every entry is a brief description of the individual traveler and what he got—for example, "Red faced, eagle nosed boy, hay, supper, lodging and grease, 81 cents." This boy was probably driving a horse and wagon, which would account for the hay and grease. Another man who was described as a "fellow with tired colt" got hay, lodging and breakfast for 44 cents.

Every few days there came along, according to this ancient register, a "Connecticut man." He invariably spent just 6 cents for food, and that was for pie. On two occasions there is an additional charge for "greasing wagon, 6 cents." There were no theatrical companies touring this turnpike road half a century ago, but a phrenologist appears and vanishes, it being recorded that for "buy 6 quarts of oats, lodgings and breakfast" he gave up 50 cents. Once in awhile a real spendthrift would come along like the "gent with three ladies and two children." They had six diners. For these, the hay for the horses, the "meals for the dog" and the "sugar" for the man \$1.28 was charged. There was a wedding breakfast at this quaint tavern too. It is set down as "wedding, Radcliff's sister, 6 dinners 12 quarts of oats, \$1.63."

People "went west" by wagon in those days from the thickly settled east to seek their fortunes. Some did not find what they expected and came back again. One such group, an "emigrant family returning east—seven of them"—spent \$2 at the inn. "Three cents' worth of candy" is a frequent entry. Probably the "candy peddler from Albany" paid for his food and lodging in sweets. There are but two entries of anything stronger than lemonade, and those are for beer—four quarts for 9 cents. Oysters were cheap, too, for six plates of them increased the contents of the tavern keeper's money box by just 15 cents.

Among the journeymen along this turnpike road whose passage is recorded in this age yellowed volume is "Old Particklar." Doubtless he was some cranky old codger who kicked about everything and whose goings the inn keeper spied as much as possible. Then there was the "Whistling Man," the "Stiff Arm Man," the "Dispective Man" (he had four quarts of tea) and the "Hem Man" who ate a piece of pie and traded roosters with the hotel keeper. Other travelers along the highway are thus described: "Abolition Man," "Mean Fellow," "Gent With Noble Horse," "Lady With Crying Baby," "Hank Day's Likeness" and "Cravat Peddler" (fool).

Occasionally an old acquaintance would pass by or some dignitary, for it is set down that a "friend from Lexington" had hay and lodging one day at the inn. Who knows but he might have been a son of one of the "enfeebled farmers" who kept the bridge that April morning of the ride of Paul Revere? The "Grand Juror and His Wife" tarried for a meal at the inn the same day as did the "Domine's Wife and Child." On Nov. 3, so the careful chronicle says, the proprietor "went to York," where he remained six days. He must have had a roasting, roistering time of it while in the metropolis, for the next entry in his handwriting is somewhat shaky and says, "Sundries while at York, 50 cents."

—Washington's Farewell.

The farewell address of Washington, the military chieftain, to his soldiers stands without parallel in all history. He does not refer to his own sacrifices or achievements. He simply and completely sinks himself, the great central figure, out of sight. He sees only his country and thinks only of her welfare.—Magazine of American History.

—Falsehoods may be stated under

pressure that they are truths, but lying is characterized by the intention to deceive.

LOST HIS BONNET.

Disappearance of Speaker's Tile Near ly Upset Empire.

Anyone who has visited the House of Commons when that body is in motion, and has gazed from the galleries on the legislators busily engaged at \$2,500 per head, in escaping locality, not unmixed with awe, Mr. Speaker, seated in his carved oak chair, with lions and unicorns rampant all over it. In his progress to and from his chambers to the House, Mr. Speaker wears a curiously shaped cocked hat, resembling nothing so much as those mysterious three-cornered pies which made Banbury famous. Every first Commoner has worn one, but the present occupant of the Chair, the Honorable Charles Marcil, when he came into office last year, ordered at vast expense a more rakish looking tile, with less severe lines, which he generally wears on his passage to and from the chamber with a distinct list to starboard. It is this hat which the other day was on the verge of precipitating a Parliamentary crisis, compared to which the Canadian navy and the Lumsden charges are mere child's play.

The Honorable "Charlie" lost his hat, and he did not know it was missing until a few minutes before the House was due to meet at three o'clock. The peg on which it hung, with the equally famous silk gown, was empty. Colonel Smith, the general Sergeant at Arms, bearing on his shoulders the mace, was waiting at the door to head the procession. But where in the world was that hat? A whole army of messengers started to turn the apartments inside out. Cupboards were rifled, drawers were ransacked, but no sign of the hat. The very constitution was quivering, as there is no precedent on record of any Speaker opening the daily sittings of the Commons without his traditional headgear. The crisis was so grave that even the famous British North American Act on a dusty shelf in the library stirred uneasily inside its yellow bindings.

Up in the clock tower, Big Ben boomed the hour of three. Members gathered in the chamber for their daily religious exercises—which exercises, by the way, are carefully hidden from the view of ordinary plebeians. Still the procession was delayed. The Sergeant at Arms got so excited that the end of the mace nearly extinguished an eye of the guardian of the Speaker's rooms. Had the underling been engaged in any other exercise but that of rubbing his eye, in an effort to keep awake, the consequences might have been serious. From the apartments came the sound of furniture being violently moved and the dulcet tones of the Honorable Charlie wondering what had happened to his tile. Then from the interior came a shrill note of triumph, Madame Marcil appeared, bearing in her hand the derelict headgear. It appeared that a little girl relative had taken the hat in which to put her doll to sleep, and the three-cornered tile was discovered under a bed, and inside was tucked up the little rag baby. Thus was the constitution saved in the very nick of time, and the procession hastened into the chamber with all the pomp and panoply of state.

Graham the Jester.

The chief "jollier" in the House of Commons is Hon. George Perry Graham, the Minister of Railways and Canals. His good humor is irresistible, and he escapes from many a tight corner by reason thereof. The Graham smile is different from the sunny one which made Sir Wilfrid famous. It is broad, big-hearted and hearty. An instance of the Minister's "jollying" tactics, successfully employed, was given recently during an animated talk over the question of granting water powers to private individuals. This is one of those bugbears of Parliament, and frequently raises its head. The Opposition argued long and lustily against neglecting what they thought were the people's interests, although Mr. Graham pointed out that these were adequately safeguarded by the Railway Commission. Two hours were consumed. Provincial rights were dragged in, and eventually the talk concerning water powers died of exhaustion. The next bill on the order paper was that standing to the name of Mr. Alexander Haggart, of Winnipeg, to incorporate the Congregational Union of Canada.

"Any water powers asked for in this?" enquired an Opposition member facetiously.

"Oh, no," laughed Mr. Graham. "This is not a Baptist aggregation." Whereat the House smiled hugely.

Boulevard For Montreal.

An ambitious scheme for the construction of a boulevard from Montreal to the northeast extremity of the island of Montreal has been planned by a number of Montreal financiers, who will apply for the necessary authorization by an act at the next session. These gentlemen, members of the Prendergast, manager of the Banque d' Hochelaga, Jos. Verner, broker; J. T. B. Laurendeau, financier; G. L. Gauthier, civil engineer, and Jean Versailles, broker, seek incorporation under the name of the Montreal East Boulevard Co. They wish power to construct the boulevard and the following rather wide powers are then described—"with tramways, electric light, waterworks, parks, basins and private residences and with right of expropriation and other accessory rights and for other purposes."

—These books also tell of a "big hidden." They tell how the nerve, until it fails, actually gives to the heart its power, its tone, its never-ending action to the brain.

These books will open up new fields of opportunity to those who are not well acquainted with the stomach and kidneys and have their "inside" troubles. They tell how the restorative is especially made to reach and revitalize the weak or failing heart. You may be interested to know that for you, it is more strength, more vitality, more life and more vim, use my Restorative a few days and note the immediate effect.

When the Dr. Shop's Restorative is down the Stomach will not stimulate the Heart or kidneys. You may be interested to know that for you, it is wrong. You may be interested to know that for you, it is right. These books below will tell you how you are succeeding.

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A Record Egg.

A young pullet owned by David Lewin of Kingston, laid an egg which measured 6 1/2 by 7 3/4 inches in circumference.

HARDWARE

NEW STOCK OF PAINTS

500 Gallons Mixed Paint

The old reliable SHERWIN & WILLIAMS and HALIFAX Brands, all new shades. Every can guaranteed.

FLOORGLAZE

"The finish that endures." All new shades.

Varnish Stains, Coach Colors. Top Dressing. Wood Filler. Varnish Remover. Linoleum Varnish. Floorlac.

We keep in stock everything in the Paint line.

Prices and quality guaranteed.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

VIA



TO WESTERN CANADA

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

GOING DATES

Apr. 5, 19 June 14, 23 Aug. 9, 23

May 3, 17, 31 July 12, 26 Sept. 6, 20

THROUGH SPECIAL TRAINS

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG AND WEST

Leave Toronto 2:00 p.m. on above days

Through First and Second Class Coaches, Colonist and Tourist Sleepers.

Apply to nearest R.P.A. Agent or write R. L. Thompson, D.P.A., Toronto.

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' FAMPHLET

Conscious During a Fall.

Every time a workman falls from a forty story building there are people to say, "Well, he probably didn't feel it when he struck." There is little or no basis for this belief that a person is dead or unconscious at the end of a long fall. Our surviving jumpers from Brooklyn bridge prove this, and that a person retains consciousness is shown by the case of the English boy who fell down a pit some 250 feet deep and shouted "Below!" three times on the way down. One theory is that a person falling would not be able to breathe, but a train at sixty miles an hour is moving faster than one would move in falling a hundred or so feet, and no one pretends that one would die of suffocation if he put his head out the train window.—Exchange.

A Way of Explaining It.

Wife—Why, John, just see what a stupid blunder the newspaper has made in its account of our silver wedding! Don't you remember I wrote it out for the rest of us that we had spent together twenty-five years of married happiness, and the stupid typesetter has gone and made it twenty-five years of married unhappiness. It isn't fair to the wife. Husband—Oh, well, dear, don't be too hard on the poor fellow. Perhaps he's been married twenty-five years himself.—London Times.

First and Last Words.

"Why do we pay so much attention to the last words of great men?" "Possibly because their first words are all alike."

One makes one's own happiness only by taking care of the happiness of others.—Saint-Pierre.

IF SICK--WHY PAY

Unless Health First Returns.

What is what should and can be done!

Now you would not willingly pay for food that first proves you are not worth it.

Then why pay for medicine until that medicine first proves you are not worth it.

When you are sick, take Dr. Shop's Restorative.

I positively pledge to the sick everywhere that Dr. Shop's Restorative is absolutely free if it fails.

Let others do the same or else pass their medicine by.

If you are in more strength, more vitality, more vim, more vim, use my Restorative a few days and note the immediate effect.

When the Dr. Shop's Restorative is down the Stomach will not stimulate the Heart or kidneys.

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NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New Health-Giving Blood.

In the spring the system needs toning up. In the spring to be healthy and strong you must have new blood, just as the trees must have new sap. Nature demands it and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuralgia. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has told upon you. What is needed to put you right is a tonic, and in all the world there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring. This new blood drives out disease, clears the skin and makes weak, easily tired men and women and children bright, active and strong. Miss A. M. Dugay, Lower Cove, N. S., says: "I believe I owe my life to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My blood seemed to have turned to water. I was pale as a sheet; I suffered from headaches, and floating specks seemed to be constantly before my eyes. As the trouble progressed my limbs began to swell, and it was feared that dropsy had set in and that my case was hopeless. Up to this time two doctors had attended me, but notwithstanding I kept growing worse. It was at this juncture I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after taking a few boxes I was much improved. I kept on using the Pills I had taken eight boxes, when health was completely restored."

old by all medicine dealers or mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SILLY IDEA.

Miss Elder—"The idea of his pretending that my hair was gray." Miss Pepper—"Ridiculous!"

Miss Elder—"Wasn't it though?"

Miss Pepper—"Yes, just as if you buy gray hair."

*

REAL CHARITABLE.

Tattered Theodore—"Scuse me, men, but I ain't got scarcely a rag to my back. Kin yous help me out?"

Kind Lady—"Certainly. You'll find the rag bag behind the door in the woodhouse. Help yourself."

THE MOTHER'S AID AND CHILDREN'S FRIEND

Baby's Own Tablets are not intended for babies only. This medicine is intended for children of all ages. It is gently laxative and comforting. Cures indigestion and other stomach troubles, constipation and simple fevers. Guaranteed free from poisonous opiates. Mrs. Paul Carrier, Petite Mechanics, Que., says: "I find Baby's Own Tablets the best medicine I have ever used for children. I have used them for most of the troubles that afflict little ones, (and have not known them to fail). Mothers should always keep them on hand." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

And occasionally a man thinks he is being neglected when his enemies attend strictly to their own business.

"Give your cough" is the cry of torture for money. Give them mercy in the form of Allen's Lung Balsam, which is used with such effect even in consumption's early stages. Never neglect a cough.

Beware of the man who says he never beat any one out of a cent. He's probably planning to separate you from several of your hard-earned dollars.

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; safe, sure and effectual. Try it, and mark the improvement in your child.

Mistress—"Now, remember, cook, the Joneses are coming for dinner." Cook—"Leave it to me, ma'am. I'll do me 'worst.' They'll never trouble yer again."

Try this
Sure Way
To
Dye
Your
Clothes
DY-O-LA
ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
You don't have to know what KIND of cloth your Goods are made of. SAME Dye for ALL. No Dyeing Mistakes. All colors 10 cents from your Druggist. Send for our Catalogue and Booklet Free. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Dept. O., Montreal, Que.

THE WEDDING RING.

How It was Regarded on the Isle of Man.

In the Isle of Man the wedding ring was formerly used as an instrument of torture. Cyril Davenport in his book on "Jewellery" remarks that there once existed a custom in that island "according to which an unmarried girl who had been offended by a man could bring him to trial and if he were found guilty she would be presented with a sword, a rope and a ring, says the London Chronicle. With the sword she might cut off his head; with the rope she might hang him or with the ring she might marry him. It is said that the latter punishment was that invariably inflicted."

The wedding ring, which was tolerated by the Methodists, was anathema to the early Puritans, who regarded personal adornment as one of the many snubs of Satan. Wesley, who was a High Churchman, probably recognized its symbolic value. In the old English marriage service it was the custom for the bridegroom to put the ring on the thumb of his bride, saying, "In the name of the Father," then on the next finger, saying, "and of the Son," then on the third finger, saying, "and of the Holy Ghost," finally on the fourth finger, with the word, "Amen."

The ring was left there because the Sarum rubric says, "a vein proceeds thence to the heart." In the modern marriage service the ring is placed at once upon the third finger, the invocation to the Trinity being understood.

The wedding ring was the only form of jewelry permitted to the early Methodists, and there are people still living who recall how

no longer than forty years ago they were reproved by old Methodist ministers for breaking the rules of membership which forbade (and technically still forbid) Methodists to wear gold, jewels or costly apparel; but with fine courtesy John Wesley knew when to ignore breaches of his own regulations.

In visiting a house one of the preachers drew Wesley's attention to the host's daughter, who was wearing several jewelled rings; but instead of the rebuke which his preacher sought to evoke Wesley only gravely and gently remarked, "A very beautiful hand."

BYRON'S CARRIAGE.

Now in Yard of Wayside Inn, South Australia.

Apropos of Lord Byron, it may be mentioned that a carriage of the poet is now doing duty in the corner of the yard of a wayside inn, in the outskirts of Port Lincoln, South Australia, as a hen roost, and in spite of its treatment by the chickens is still in a fair state of preservation. The name of the Lincoln maker is engraved on the box of the vehicle, and on the panels are Lord Byron's motto and coat-of-arms.

It seems that a great friend of his, Lady Charlotte Bacon (to whom, by the by, he addressed a number of his verses), went to live in South Australia, and to her sent one of his carriages on her writing to him of the difficulty of obtaining wheeled conveyances in the antipodes. On her death it passed into the possession of a family in the Port Lincoln district, and to-day could be purchased for a mere song by any collector of relics of the poet Byron.

America spends a hundred times more on drink than on education.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

After burying the hatchet some men go out and dig up an axe.

After a Gold Drive don't fail to take a teaspoonful of Painkiller mixed with a glass of hot water and sugar. It surely prevents chills. Avoid sub-stitutes, there is but one "Painkiller"—Pain-killer—25c. and 50c.

Do your best and leave the rest; more mind to-morrow.

I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST Liniment in the world.

I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day. Yours very truly,

T. G. McMULLEN.

PLAIN SAILING.

Never judge your future possibilities by your past failures.

Optimism is glorified, intrepid, hopeful common-sense.

Everyone will kick the under dog unless he shows his teeth.

There's a sif, as well as a slip, between the cup and the lip.

Truth is seldom a thing of beauty, but it isn't the truth's fault.

People seldom take any advice other than what they pay for.

Beauty is only skin-deep, and some people are remarkably thin-skinned.

When a woman begins to talk baby-talk to a man he might as well surrender.

HE GOT RELIEF RIGHT AWAY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE KIDNEY DISEASE OF EIGHT YEARS STANDING.

ING.

That's What They Did for William O. Cain, and Now He Says: "Dodd's Kidney Pills are Great Medicine."

Mapleton, Albert Co., N. B., April 11 (Special).—"When I began taking Dodd's Kidney Pills I got relief right away. I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills a great medicine." So says William O. Cain, well known and highly respected in this neighborhood. And Mr. Cain has a very good reason for making so emphatic a statement. For eight years he was a sufferer from Kidney Disease, and did not seem to be able to get relief.

"Why, I was so bad," Mr. Cain goes on to state, "and my kidneys bothered me so that if I would go to pick anything off the ground I would fall." But Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him just as they have cured thousands of other sufferers all over Canada. They never fail to cure Kidney Disease of any kind. Not once, but scores of times, they have vanquished Bright's Disease, the most deadly of all kidney troubles, while every day brings stories of cures of Rheumatism, Lumbarago, Dropsey and Heart Disease from various parts of the Dominion. Other kidney medicines may cure Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure.

GREED.

"I had a great dream the other night. I dreamed I met a man who offered to cut me a pound slice of radium."

"Whew! It's worth more'n a million an ounce!"

"That's right. Want a slice?" he says to me. "Yes," I answered. But I was too grasping."

"How was that?"

"I woke up just as I asked him to cut it thick!"

COUGHING BURST

BLOOD VESSEL.

Says Danger Avoided and Cures Coughs in 5 Hours.

A writer for the medical press states that coughing is responsible for the bursting of blood vessels quite frequently. A cough or cold means inflammation (fever) and congestion, and these in turn indicate that the body is full of poisons and waste matter. Simple relief, as found in patent cough medicines, and whiskey, often result in more harm than good; as they cause more congestion. A tonic-laxative cough syrup will work marvels and here follows a prescription which is becoming famous for its prompt relief and thorough cures. It rids the system of the cause, except it be consumption. Don't wait for consumption to grasp its victim, but begin this treatment, which cures some in five hours. Mix a hot toddy one-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Take twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times a day. Give children less according to age.

Offer an excuse like a man and don't try to shift the blame.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

AGE OF HALLEY'S COMET.

While Halley's comet has been identified as a member of our system for over 2,000 years, certain characteristics of its orbit lead us to believe that it has been with us at least ten or perhaps 100 times as long as that. According to all accounts, it was a magnificent object at the time of the Norman conquest in 1066. Its head was equal to the full moon in size, and its tail increased to a wonderful length.

A political boss is a man who saves the voters the trouble of thinking for themselves.

Where Weakness is, Disease Will Settle.—If one suffers from any organic weakness, inherited or contracted, there disease will settle when it attacks the body. Therefore drive out the pains that beset you, do not let a cold or a cough harass you, and keep the respiratory organs in a good healthy condition. This you can do by using Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Prevention is the wisest course.

Stout Party—"Are you aware, sir, that you deliberately stuck your umbrella in my car last evening?" Little Bifferton car—"Very careless of me, I am sure. I wondered what became of it, and—would it be too much trouble to ask you to return it?"

Realization never comes to those who decline to hope.

PLAIN SAILING.

Never judge your future possibilities by your past failures.

Optimism is glorified, intrepid, hopeful common-sense.

Everyone will kick the under dog unless he shows his teeth.

There's a sif, as well as a slip, between the cup and the lip.

Truth is seldom a thing of beauty, but it isn't the truth's fault.

People seldom take any advice other than what they pay for.

Beauty is only skin-deep, and some people are remarkably thin-skinned.

When a woman begins to talk baby-talk to a man he might as well surrender.

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Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

CAKES.

Swedish Cake.—Six eggs, one and one-fourth cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of potato flour (potato flour may be procured at any Swedish grocery), beat whites of eggs to a stiff froth, then add one yolk at a time and beat until quite light. Then put the sugar in gradually with a spoon. Sift the potato flour and add also gradually. Bake one-half hour in a round deep cake pan.

White Loaf Cake.—Whites of eight eggs, two and one-half cupfuls of cake flour, three-quarters cupful of butter, one-half cupful of water, one and one-half cupfuls of granulated sugar, two heaping teaspoonsful of baking powder. Cream butter and sugar, pour water on top of butter and sugar, pour slightly whipped whites on top of water (don't stir water in butter and sugar), then add flour and baking powder sifted three times. Add extract. Beat hard until fine as velvet. When cake is done it will feel firm under finger tip touch.

Lemon Cake.—One cupful of butter, three cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of milk, four cupfuls of flour, five eggs, one lemon, one tea-spoonful of soda. Cream butter and sugar together, add part flour and all the milk alternately, keeping the mixture creamy; add eggs thoroughly, but not separately beaten, then remainder of flour, then the grated rind and juice of large lemon; lastly scald the soda with one tablespoonful of water, add to mixture and beat thoroughly. Bake in a deep pan one hour in moderate oven. If cool as soon as cool, this cake will keep three weeks in a cake can. It can be made a week before needed and be the better.

MILLINERY.

White aigrettes can be beautifully cleaned by a bath in a white soap suds, then a second bath in a starched water. After this shake and dry rapidly.

An alcohol bath is given plumes which have become grimy. Shake well over a hot radiator and they are good as new again.

Veils of every quality of open mesh to chiffon yield up their grime when immersed in alcohol.

Braid hats, especially black ones, which look the worse for wear in dusty weather, can be successfully treated by steaming. Place a wet cloth on hat and press with a warm iron. If carefully done this restores the original shape and lustre to the hat.

Brushing a hat well after each dusty day will do much to keep it looking bright. Carefully raise each bit of trimming.

Milliners dip faded flowers in a solution of gasoline and tube paint. Try the shade by first dipping one petal.

LITTLE HELPS.

Breadmaking Hint.—To keep bread dough from forming a crust while rising, grease bottom and sides of pan and roll dough over it until outside is coated.

Popovers.—One cupful of flour, one cupful sweet milk, two eggs beaten very light. Add a pinch of salt. Cook in muffin tins in hot oven. Serve upon taking from oven.

Egg Economy.—By making angel food with the whites and mayonnaise dressing with the yolks. Angel Food.—Whites of ten eggs, one cupful of flour, one and one-quarter cupfuls of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of cream, pinch of salt. Beat the whites stiff, adding the salt and cream tartar; beat in the sugar that has been sifted twice, add one-half teaspoonful each of lemon and vanilla, then fold in the flour that has been sifted four times. Bake about forty minutes in a moderate oven. Mayonnaise Dressing—Yolks of ten eggs, cupful of vinegar, one-half water, two tablespooonfuls of sugar, one tablespooonful of flour, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one-quarter teaspoonful nutmeg, tablespooonful butter; mix ingredients smooth with a little water, add to the eggs, and vinegar. Beat well, cook in double boiler until thick. Good as any dressing made with oil.

USEFUL HINTS.

Substitute corn starch for common flour in thickening soup, sausages and stews.

Nine-tenths of the trouble with unruly rubber plants is overwatering, the other tenth is over-potting.

In making a cake, grease the tin with sweet lard rather than butter, and sift a little dry flour over it.

The handles of knives should never be immersed in water, or, after a time, they will become discolored and loose.

The woman who would keep house well, feel well and live longer, should cultivate quiet in her household tasks.

Always put the sugar used in a tart in the centre of the fruit, not on the top, or it will make the paste sodden.

When wanted to use as a disinfectant, carbolic acid will mix readily with water, if the latter is boiled.

A glazier's knife will be found an excellent thing with which to scrape and clean the bottoms of pans and kettles.

The cushioned back of a Morris chair has been found invaluable in the sickroom to place back of the invalid in bed.

Meat to stew should be thoroughly browned in hot fat, then moved to the back of the range and allowed to simmer until tender.

In making soup stock, the bones should be well broken up before boiling, as a great deal of nutrition is contained in the cells.

Put fowl into basin or pail, pour boiling water over it before starting to pluck it. This cleans the feathers and makes the fowl far more easily plucked.

The little china jars used by packers for beef extract make excellent individual moulds for jellies and

pressed meats, to be served at company luncheons.

To keep sliced Spanish onions from falling apart, take toothpicks and stick them through each side to centre; then dip in egg and cracker crumbs and fry in butter.

Always leave the teapot or coffee-pot lid open a crack to admit the air and prevent mustiness when not in use. A piece of paper slipped in is sufficient to keep it open.

Save one or two turkey wings. They are the best brushes in the world to use around a stove, and they are splendid for sweeping closet shelves. Weight the wing tip with an iron until it dries.

A woman who freshens her black kid gloves successfully uses a few drops of good black ink in some olive oil; this she applies to the roughened or worn spots, and places the gloves in the sun to dry.

If milk or anything cooking on a range boils over, burns and smokes, the disagreeable smell can be prevented from going through the house by lifting the lid of the range slightly to one side and letting the smoke draw into the fire.

Here is a favorite way of using up dry crusts. The crusts are cut into small squares, ordinary lemon-jelly is made, and while still hot, poured over them. When cold the whole is turned out and served with either custard or cream.

To make oyster omelet, drain two dozen oysters. Have ready some hot lard and throw them in. Let fry until they begin to curl; then spread over them four well beaten eggs, seasoned with salt and pepper. Stir all together until done. Scree hot.

To remove an ink stain from a colored waist, put the stained portion in sweet milk and let it stand until the milk sours. Hang the waist up and let the milk dry, brush it off, and wash in the usual manner. This will remove ink when buttermilk has failed.

Make several small bags of cheesecloth to use as coffee bags, or the lower half of salt bags may be thoroughly washed and used. Place the ground coffee in bags every night before retiring, and place in coffee pot all ready to add hot water in the morning.

In selecting a pure linen table-cloth, if you are no judge of linen, moisten the goods with the tongue, and if a damp spot instantly appears on the opposite side you may rest assured the linen is good. If not, the moisture would be long in penetrating the weave.

To clean knife handles or ivory of any kind, make a paste of whitening and lemon juice; with a soft rag rub this very thoroughly on the handles—if necessary, let it remain on for some time—then rub it off carefully; rinse quickly in warm water, and polish with a soft cloth.

The care of the piano is not understood, as a rule, and so a valuable instrument often suffers. Always close down the piano at night and in damp weather; open it on bright days, and, if possible, let the sun shine on the keys, for the light prevents the ivory from turning yell w.

REAL FUN.

A fond mother sent her small boy into the country, and, after a week of anxiety, received the following reassuring letter:

"I got here all right, and I forgot to write before. It is a very nice place to have fun. A fellow and I went out in a boat, and the boat tipped over, and a man got me out, and I was so full of water that I didn't know nothing for a good long while. The other boy has to be buried when they find him. His mother came from her home, and she cried all the time. 'A hoss kicked me over, and I have got to have some money to pay the doctor for mending my head. We are going to set an old barn on fire to-night, and I am not your son if we don't have some real fun. I lost my watch, and I am very sorry. I shall bring home some snakes and a toad, and I shall bring home a fanned crow, if I can git 'em in my trunk."

THE CHANCE HE NEEDED.

Mr. Lloyd-George, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, is famous, of course, for his brilliant repartee and biting sarcasm. "I am here—" he remarked once at a political meeting, but before he had time to finish the sentence, a noisy interrupter had chimed in, "And so am I."

But the retort was as quick as it was overwhelming. "Yes—but you are not all there!"

"What do our opponents really want?" he inquired in a recent speech. In the momentary pause that followed the question there came a voice husky from the effects of alcohol, "What I want is a change of Government."

"No, no," was the ready reply, "what you really want is a change of drink."

Johnny—"Don't they use bark to tan hides with, pa?" Father—"Yes, my son; but if you ask any more questions this evening you'll find that a slipper does just as well."

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 17.

The Question of John the Baptist,
Matt. 11. 1-19. Golden Text,
John 5. 36.

Verse 1. This verse belongs not with what follows, but with the preceding chapter from which our lesson for last Sunday was taken.

2. When John heard in the prison—Besides being a fortress, it had served as a palatial residence, first Herod the Great, then to the present Herod, Antipas. The apparently free access of the disciples to their leader indicates some indulgence in the treacherous treatment of John. His disciples proved their loyalty in many ways (compare Matt. 10. 14 and Mark 6. 29). We can imagine with what eagerness he received their tidings of the universally discussed works of the Christ.

3. Art thou he that cometh?—A question asked in the true spirit of the Hebrew prophets. Some have attributed it to the despair naturally arising from the long imprisonment. But this is to overlook the heroic mold in which the Baptist was cast. His difficulty was, not that he had formed an imperfect conception of the Messiah. He was not one of those who looked for regal splendor and conquests. But he did look for the "ax" and the "fan" of the reformer (Matt. 3. 10 and 12), and the sacrificial acts of the "Lamb of God" (John 1). The acts of which report was brought to him, on the other hand, were performed at the height of the popularity of Jesus, and bore no marks of a reformer or a suffering Messiah. His question, therefore, was not equivalent to a denial, but one of impatience. He wanted to have all uncertainties settled as to whether his work had been for nothing, and they were to look for another, or whether this was actually the Messiah of whom the prophets had spoken.

4. Jesus answered—Reference to passages like Isa. 25. 5, and 61. 1, will convince anyone that, though Jesus did not say directly, "I am the Messiah," John would be satisfied with the truly Messianic character of the works.

The things which ye see and hear—I is to be remembered that these disciples broke in upon Jesus while he was engaged in this very kind of work (compare Luke 7. 21).

5. The dead are raised up—Luke places these events directly after the restoration of the son of the widow of Nain.

The poor have good tidings preached to them—In the synagogue at Nazareth Jesus had mentioned this as the first of his ministries as Messiah.

6. Blessed is he—Happiness lies with those who let no uncertainties as to Christ's Kingship stand in the way of fullest allegiance to him.

7-11. Concerning John—The question sent by John would no doubt set the tongues of the multitude wagging. They would say the restraint and hardship of the prison life had worn down his spirit. But Jesus shows the injustices of such thoughts by recalling to them the kind of man they had gone out into the wilderness to see and hear. Surely, he was no vacillating reed shaken with the wind, then. As for cowardice, look for that in kings' houses (Machaerus, for example), but not in him who was clothed in the rough raiment of camel's hair. And, if you are questioning as to whether John is worthy to be classed as a prophet, remember that he is more than a prophet. Not only did his prophetic teachings approximate most closely those of Jesus, but he was the forerunner of Jesus, and his baptizer.

There hath not arisen a greater—Jesus did not overlook the limitations of John, but in saying he is but little in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he, he showed that the greatness of John belonged to an epoch of preparation, and hence outside the realized kingdom of heaven. To be one of slight importance in this kingdom was to exceed in greatness the greatest of the old order.

12. This is open to various interpretations. It may mean that, not men who entertain uncertainties about his Messiahship, but men of forceful conviction, who storm the gates of the kingdom like an army besieging a city, are the ones who, from the days of John the Baptist, are always, will take it.

13. Luke reverses the order of these two verses (Luke 16. 16), and makes it clear that Jesus means to say that before John all was prophecy of the kingdom, and John preached it as a present reality, no longer to be prophesied, but to be entered by violence.

14. This is Elijah—Jesus followed the prophecy of Mal. 4. 5, and insisted that John was the Elijah of Jewish expectation. Apparently, they were not willing to accept that as true, their reason being that

they expected Elijah personally to return (Matt. 17. 10). But if their hearts were prepared for such spiritual truth, then they would hear and believe.

15-19. This generation—Jesus compares them to children playing at weddings and funerals, in the market places, and quarreling over their games. It was with as little earnestness as this that the Pharisees accepted their religious obligations, and complained of those who would be their leaders. John's severe hermit life they condemned as an evidence of demon-possession. Then, when Jesus adapted himself to the more joyous experiences of the crowd, they swung to their other extreme and condemned him as gluttonous.

Wisdom is justified by her works—This is the practical test to which Jesus had put his Messianic claims, in the message to John. As he said to Philip on one occasion, "Believe me for the very works' sake." Whatever this perverse generation thought, both John and Jesus were vindicated by results.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

No day is too short to be kind. A man of words is seldom a man of his word.

A little act may be larger than a great big aspiration.

Many present problems are past follies getting ripe.

Life is never art until through duty it passes to delight.

A man's wind in church gives no clew to his weight outside.

Too many want to be sirens where lighthouses are needed.

Happiness is in the discovery of the things that really matter.

You may know many men by the motives they see in others.

We should never learn to pray if all our prayers were answered.

Essays on problems are always more popular than essays at them.

It is more important to get ready to live than to be prepared to die.

It is better to be a man striving up than a god with nothing more to be.

One fool sets a bad and you know the rest by their trotting after him.

Folks who are always gilding the commandments often are dodging behind them.

They who make a success of attempting nothing always sneer at the great souls who fail.

THE MAN

Who shoots wild animals in Africa has a perfectly killing time;

Who sails up into the clouds in his airship has a high old time;

Who seals up beer bottles has a corking time;

Who plays golf in a cow pasture in a red coat has a bully time;

Who reads Pickwick Papers has the Dickens of a time;

Who slips on the ice and tears his trousers has a ripping time;

Who is arrested for overspeeding his motor has a fine time;

Who holds his fiancee on his lap has a fair to middling time.

FISH NOT "BRAIN FOOD."

How many times have we been solemnly informed that "fish is a brain food"? There is no foundation whatever for the belief that fish contains any particular elements which adapt them especially as food for the brain or which support mental efforts. The value of fish as a food to persons engaged in mental labor is found in the fact that fish do not contain large quantities of those materials which demand much physical exercise or exertion for their complete assimilation.

"In spite of all the precautions that have been taken," it read, "the King had better be careful when he leaves the opera to-night."

"This note, written in rough, disguised hand, was of course unsigned. I at once passed it on to the right quarter. The very strict supervision that was being exercised, no doubt excluded the possibility of

STORIES ABOUT ALFONSO

A FRENCHMAN'S OPINION OF THE KING.

Intelligence, Energy, Courage and Sentiment of His Majesty.

In spite of his continued need of movement, his love of sport in all its forms, especially of motoring—his expansive, rather eccentric but very attractive youthfulness, Alfonso XIII., according to M. Xavier Paoli, never loses the occasion to improve his mind.

He is very quick at seizing a point, possesses a remarkable power of assimilation, and although he does not read much, for he has no patience, he is remarkably well informed regarding the smallest detail in matters that interest him.

NUMBER OF GENDARMES.

"One day, for instance," writes M. Paoli in McClure's, "he asked me point blank, 'Do you know how many gendarmes there are in France?'

"I confess that I was greatly puzzled what to reply, for I have never cared much about statistics. I ventured to say offhand:

"Ten thousand."

"Ten thousand! Come, M. Paoli, what are you thinking of? That's the number we have in Spain. It's more like twenty thousand."

"This figure, as I afterward learned, was strictly accurate."

"As for business of state, I also noticed that the King devoted more time to it than his restless life would lead one to believe. Rising winter and summer at 6 o'clock, he stays indoors and works regularly during the early part of the morning and often again at night. In this connection one of his Ministers said to me:

"He never shows a sign of either weariness or boredom. The King's 'Frivolity' is a popular fallacy. On the contrary, he is terribly painstaking. Just like the Queen Mother, he insists upon clear and detailed explanations before he will sign the least document and he knows quite well how to make his will felt. Besides

HE IS FOND OF WORK,

and he can work anywhere in a motor car, in a boat, in a train, as well as in his study."

"Every morning of his life Alfonso XIII. has a good rump steak and potatoes for his first breakfast, often preceded by eggs and sometimes followed by salad and fruit. On the other hand, the King never drinks wine and generally confines himself to a tumbler of water and zucchini, the national beverage, composed of white of egg beaten up with sugar."

To M. Paoli was assigned the duty of guarding the young king during a visit to Paris, and while there he had to examine a great many anonymous letters containing threats against Alfonso's life. One of these, received as he was about to go to the gala performance at the opera, given in the King's honor, struck him particularly, because, he says, "it conveyed a warning devoid of any of the insults that usually accompany this sort of communication."

"In spite of all the precautions that have been taken," it read, "the King had better be careful when he leaves the opera to-night."

"This note, written in rough, disguised hand, was of course unsigned. I at once passed it on to the right quarter. The very strict supervision that was being exercised, no doubt excluded the possibility of

A SUCCESSFUL PLOT.

"Haunted by a baneful presentation, I nevertheless decided on leaving the opera to remain near the King's carriage (as a mere passerby of course) until he had stepped into it with M. Loubet and driven off surrounded by his squadron of cavalry. The attempt on his life took place at the corner of the Rue de Rohan and the Rue de Rivoli and both the King and M. Loubet had a miraculous escape from death. My presentiment therefore, had not been at fault."

"I need not here recall the coolness the young monarch displayed in these circumstances, for it is still present in every memory, nor the magnificent indifference with which he looked upon the tragic incident."

"I have received my baptism of fire," he said to me a couple of days later, "and upon my word it was much less exciting than I expected."

NOT SO BAD.

"And you want to marry my daughter!" growled the grim old father. "Do you think you can support her in the luxury to which she is accustomed?"

"Well, sir," modestly replied the youth, "I think I can guarantee that we will have meat on the table at least once a day."

The Professor—It won't be long now before flying through the air will be a simple matter.—Life.

NOT SO BAD.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1910.

A Nice Fellow When Sober

His neighbor bore this testimony: "He was a nice fellow when sober but his habit of drinking led to trouble in the home." The constable said, "The money had to do with the tragedy, but of course, intemperance was the real cause." This is the result: the mother murdered, the father a suicide, and the three orphan children, under ten years of age, burdened and branded for life.

That instance reported in the *Globe* yesterday, is only one of the almost daily list of murders and suicides, and other crimes of violence charged against the drink habit and the bar-room. Every newspaper that reports the day's events, even in Canada bears witness to the rule wrought by the liquor traffic. The incidents reported are only those of open and public violence. No note is made of the unnumbered tragedies that fall short of public crime. The hearts that suffer in silence, the lives that are slowly blighted, the service that never is rendered, and the success that is never won—of these, no mention is made in the newspapers. But these, too, are the natural and inevitable issue of the drink habit and the legalized liquor traffic.

And we are told that society must not step in and prohibit a traffic that every day blaste a new home here, destroys a fresh life there, and yonder turns a "nice young fellow when sober" into a murderer and suicide. Society forsooth, may stand guard at the ports of entry and turn back the "undesirables" from beyond the seas, but it would be an encroachment on our British liberties were Society to refuse legal authority to those institutions which take the brightest of our own youths, and the most alert of our own workmen, and turns them into incapables and criminals!

This very man who was "a nice fellow when sober" was also a good workman.

His work was of positive economic value to society. He made his contribution to the wealth of the country as a result of the operation of the mine and the drink traffic he helped himself, murdered his wife, and children to be cared for by others in some form or another that same is acted over and over again in all of Canada, and the agent of it all is the legalized liquor trade. The time will come when intelligence and reason will mock at this boasted "British liberty" of ours. It is done in England of course, and England is our model. But surely this spirit of England's shame is no part of the imperial policy. Let Canada strike for the higher social standard and give to liberty its larger meaning. The bar-room and the gambling house have had their chance and the best they can show is the wreckage of those whom they changed from "nice fellows" to wasters and criminals.—*The Globe*.

The Rush to the West

A special despatch to the *Globe* from Winnipeg, dated the 11th inst., says: Never in the history of Canada have there been such sights witnessed at any Canadian port of entry as are seen daily at Portal, where a vast throng of American emigrants are crowding into Canada. Yesterday three train-loads of effects, comprising sixty cars, came in, which is just about the average of each day. Accompanying these were 250 settlers en route to their homesteads. Included in their effects were eleven hundred horses and a large number of cattle. During March six thousand colonists came in, and at least eight thousand more will come during the present month. The great difficulty which the settlers have had through the absolute lack of water has been solved by the C. P. R. taking in a train-load of water daily to supply the stock.

The officials of the railways and the Immigration Department estimate that if there is a good crop this year, next season more people will come in through Portal alone from the United States than came in through all the ports in 1909.

A Directory of Breeders of pure Bred Stock

The branch of live stock commissioners at Ottawa has issued a revised edition of the "Directory of breeders of pure bred live stock in Canada." According to the preface this work is a compilation of information received through correspondence with breeders in all the provinces in regard to the size of their breeding herds, and the number of males and females of the several breeds they have for sale. The Directory is prepared to assist persons in locating herds, studs, and flocks in their respective neighborhoods, or in distant provinces from which pure bred animals may be procured. It is sent in the directory that copies will be sent to ranchmen, stockbreeders, secretaries of farmers' institutes, agricultural societies, live stock associations, and others who may apply for them.

Some few years ago Vancouver exempted buildings and other improvements to the extent of fifty per cent. This was followed by an increase in the exemption to 75 per cent. For the will be no taxation on real estate except on the land, and there are many conjectures as to the effect of this policy on general development. It is certain that no man can move his land away, but any man can refuse to build or do

An

How an Obstinate English Lord Was Outwitted in Naples.

Lord Charles I. Smiths, used to go about Naples attended by a large, fat, jolly bulldog. Having decided upon going to Rome he proceeded to the station and took his place in a first class carriage, the "dawer" taking up a position on a seat opposite his master. The platform inspector with many gestures declared that the bulldog should not travel in a passenger carriage.

"Very well, then; take him out," was Lord Charles' rejoinder.

In vain the official expostulated. He merely reiterated his former reply, a piece of advice it is needless to say which was not followed. Lord Charles, apparently master of the situation, threw himself back in his seat and calmly lit his cigar.

But the Italiens were not to be outdone, and, quietly detecting the carriage in which the English "miller" was seated, they made up the train with another compartment and started it off.

Lord Charles sat quietly smoking for about a quarter of an hour and then surprised at the delay, thrust his head out of the window and demanded where the train was going to start. His feelings when the situation was described to him may be imagined.—London Tit-Bits.

A WONDERFUL DREAM.

The Poor Cobbler Who Found Himself Upon a Throne.

It was in the days of Philip the Good, duke of Burgundy, that a cobbler mounted a royal throne. As the duke was traveling one night to Bruges he came upon a man stretched upon the ground sound asleep and bade his attendants carry him to the palace, strip off his rags and place him, robed in fine linen, in his own bed.

When the man awoke next morning he was addressed as "your highness" and astounded to find himself among such rich surroundings. In vain he protested that he was no prince, but a poor cobbler. They asked him what clothing he would wear and at last conducted him, splendidly dressed, to mass in the ducal chapel. Every ceremony was observed throughout the day. The cobbler appeared in public in his new role, was received on all sides by command of the duke with deep respect and ended his brief reign in the palace with a grand supper and ball.

When presently he fell asleep he was reclothed in his rags and taken to the spot where he had been found when this practical joke was conceived. Walking in due time, he returned home and, related to his wife what he took to be his wonderful dream.

Sacred Nuts of Japan.

Although well known to travelers and collectors of curiosities, the horn nut, or "sacred nut," of Japan was almost wholly unknown to fruit and nut dealers in this country prior to 1883, when a New York commission merchant received the first large consignment. They are called "sacred nuts" because used in certain forms of Japanese worship, where they are placed on the altar and ignited. Being very rich in oil, they burn with a hot, bluish flame and give off a peculiar odor, the fumes being supposed to rise as an acceptable incense to the gods. They grow under water and have a leaf like an American lily, the form of the nut itself being an almost exact counterpart of an Asian buffalo's head, drooping horns and all. In the raw state they are hard and tasteless, but when cooked the flavor resembles that of boiled chestnuts. They are said to retain their edible qualities for upward of twenty years.

Vanished Mountains.

It has been observed that in the neighborhood of great ranges of mountains the force of gravity is slighter than elsewhere, and the explanation is that the earth's crust is less dense beneath the places where it has been heaved up. Assuming this to be a general law, one authority points out that it is possible to discover where ancient mountains now worn away and leveled by the action of the elements once existed, because the density of the underlying rocks has not changed. France, it is thought, possessed one of these vanished ranges, running along the parallel of Bordeaux, for on that line there is a lessening of the force of gravity. A similar phenomenon occurs on the plains of southern Russia.

Unconscious Self Criticism.

Mr. X., the subeditor, was asked to write an article on superstition and inclemency.

When the article was printed the opening sentence was found to be as follows: "That inclemency is not on the wane perusal of the following lines will easily demonstrate."—Paris *Figaro*.

Pert Suggestion.

Mr. Bonstem—I often regret that I did not attend some college and acquire a little more polish. Miss Cutting Hiltz—Why don't you hire some brass bishler to rub you up a trifle?—*New Orleans Picayune*.

Back to Work.

Elia—That clumsy fellow has been a conductor. Stella—How do you know? Elia—When I said something about his being on my train he said, "Tickets, please."—*New York Press*.

If you don't do better today you'll do worse tomorrow.—*Loomis*.

THE SOCIETY C LUMP.

It Was Not a Pleasant Column to Edit a Few Years Ago.

There is no more attractive part of a newspaper than the society column, nor any more useful to those whom it is intended to serve. Prejudice against the publication of items formerly considered an offensive intrusion upon private affairs now hardly lingers in the most conservative quarters. A record in the publications of the comings and goings of society people is held to be almost as essential as the publication of the stock market, and reports of the activities of society appeal to at least a portion of the population. It is generally understood that in gathering tidings of news the workers assigned to that branch are rather likely to be accompanied with volunteer aid. But when the daily press of Canada first began to include society matter in its columns the public attitude was far different.

A young newspaperman in an eastern town, who has since graduated into the ranks of professional politicians, many years ago conceived that a chronicle of the more important happenings in local society would add a piquant flavor to the columns of his paper, and while his idea was still fermenting in his ambitious brain, he heard that a literary light from Boston had recently visited a retired concert soprano of his own town. This newspaperman immediately called upon the lady and made known his object.

"I understand, Mrs. P.," he began "you had some people in last evening to meet Dr. —, of Boston. People are much interested in the circumstances of the doctor's visit, and perhaps you will not mind telling me, for my paper, what form of entertainment you adopted for the doctor and your friends."

"Certainly not, Mr. C.," said the lady, "nothing could have been simpler. We arranged our chairs about the fireplace thus, and, and talked."

"Yes, Mrs. P.," said the reporter, "and after that?"

"And after that, Mr. C., we went and stood on our heads in the corner."

"What, ladies and all, Mrs. P.?"

"Ladies and all, Mr. C."

And the inauguration of the society column was temporarily deferred.

Another Canadian Story-Writer.

Though he does not belong to the Canadian Society of Authors, there is in Toronto a most industrious short story writer who has of late won genuine recognition among magazine editors who like to purchase light and breezy tales. He is Mr. Charles Langton Clarke, who for a decade has been telegraph editor of *The Mail and Empire*, Toronto, and as a writer of fiction he followed Dr. Osler's declaration that no man should write a book until he is over forty. Some years ago Mr. Clarke commenced writing boys' stories for *The Argosy*, a publication of the Munsey Company. They were so successful that the Munsey concern has now first call on his contributions, and has read some of his stories in England. Lately Mr. Clarke has taken up the writing of humorous sketches of domestic life in a medium-sized city dealing chiefly with the ups and downs of Mr. Scales and Mr. Butterworth, two married men who take part in the simple life of a city which, though unnamed, strongly resembles Toronto. The Cavalier, one of the newer of the Munsey publications, is now running a series of these stories. In the March number appears a story in which Mr. Clarke has some mild fun with the choral singing craze. His Mr. Scales becomes infected with the idea that he has a voice which should be cultivated, and his adventures in attaining this end furnish good fun. Mr. Clarke tells his stories largely in dialogue, after the manner of W. W. Jacobs, and the repartee of his characters is at all times droll and expressive. Before he gets through with the Scales and Butterworth families, Mr. Clarke, who is also known as a most facile writer of vers d'occasion, will have had a good deal of fun with Canadian civilization.

Blueboards the Latest.

Will blue boards succeed blackboards in the public school? This is a question soon to come before the Toronto trustees. Inspector Hughes has always claimed the former are much easier for the eyes than the latter, and lately numerous complaints have been received by the trustees from parents that the sight of their children is impaired. This is substantiated to a large extent by the number of children who wear glasses. Some time ago slates came under the ban of the inspector, owing to the bad effects of the eyes from the striking contrast of white on black. White scribbling books were also changed to grey to avoid the same trouble, while numerous minor alterations were made to ease the eyes. So it now appears it is up to the blackboard to vacate in favor of blue.

Reduce Taxation.

There have been heavy deficits in the United States Treasury for several years. For the present year the receipts will be a great many millions short of the expenditures. The president and his cabinet are endeavoring to discover the direction in which new taxes can be levied. They should follow the example of Canada and reduce instead of increasing taxation. Such a device would be a very simple way of both increasing the revenue and striking a blow at the trusts which are growing fat at the expense of the people. We have tried it in Canada, and can speak from experience.—*Victoria Daily Times*.

Twenty-five years' high-grade work has made this the LARGEST AND BEST Business Training School in eastern Ontario.

Enter any day.

Individual Instruction. Home study courses in Senior Teachers, Matriculation and Commercial subjects.

Send for particulars.

Great is Ontario's Wealth. The silver output of Ontario last year was over \$12,380,000. The iron in the black earth is also great. Our total mineral production for the same period was \$90,000,000. And the mining industry in this province is still in its infancy.—*Citizen, Ottawa*.

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GARDEN SEEDS (Rennie's and Simmers) at 25c. per dozen packages.

Lawn Grass Seed.

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Sugar Beet and Field Carrot.

Beans and Garden Peas.

Timothy and Clover Seed.

Our prices will save money for you.

Highest price paid for Eggs.

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20TH CENTURY TAILOR MADE STYLE

The resolution to give our customers the best shoe made, is the reason we say "Empress Shoes for Women." This illustration is one of the new styles we have in stock. Note the wing toe cap and arched instep, and the complete natty appearance which makes it a very desirable shoe. WE ARE ONE OF THE 500 AGENTS WHO SELL THE EMPRESS

COME HERE FOR YOUR HOSIERY!

We have added to our well assorted stock of Boots and Shoes a complete line of "Sterling Brand" Hosiery for Ladies, Misses and Children.

Prices the lowest.

Butter and eggs taken in exchange for goods.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

For Sale

Lots 2 and 3 on the east side of John street in the village of Stirling. A small barn on one lot. For terms and further particulars apply to

MRS. SARAH A. JOYCE.

NOTICE!

To Parties who might have Accounts against the Federal Electric Construction Company:

All accounts for material and supplies must be paid in 30 days, or delivered to the Company's Office at Madoc. Any accounts that are not presented before the completion of the construction of the Seymour Power Co.'s transmission line will not be recognized.

The Federal Electric Construction Co.

Madoc, March 23rd, 1910.

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.

W. U. GRAIN.

P. O. Drawer 856.

Will protect them. For full information as to rates, write or apply to

\$1.50 A Year

This paper and the "Toronto Daily Star" together for one year, \$2.20. Guaranteed Fountain Pen given for 50c. added to above subscription prices.

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An effort is made to select the articles each week so that due proportion is given to the various fields of human interest to the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to let the reader see the world as it is.

There is no paper more acceptable than "World Wide" to the busy man who wants to keep in touch with the world's thinking, and many of the world's great leaders, particularly the words of one of them who says almost every article in almost every issue you feel you would like to put away among your treasures of information, good to have and hard to do without."

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It is \$1.50 a year.

It is \$1.50

Some Investment Offerings of a Superior Character:—

April, 1910

Government Bonds

Security	Per Cent.	Due	Income Basis
Province of Ontario	4%	1927	4%
Province of Manitoba	4%	1939	over 4%
Province of New Brunswick	3%	1938	4%

Municipal Debentures

City of Toronto, Ontario	3 1/2%	1915 and 29	4 1/2% and 4 1/2%
City of Montreal, P.Q.	3 1/2%	1939	4 1/2%
City of Winnipeg, Man.	4%	1920 and 43	4 1/2% and 4 1/2%
City of Peterboro, Ont.	4 1/2%	1939	4 1/2%
Township of Barton, Ont.	4 1/2%	1929	4 1/2%
City of St. Hyacinthe, P.Q.	4%	38 installments	4 1/2%
City of Moose Jaw, Sask.	4 1/2%	1910-19	4 1/2%
City of Moose Jaw, Sask.	4 1/2%	1910-15	4 1/2%
City of Stratford, Alta.	4 1/2%	1929, 39 and 49	4 1/2%
City of Edmonton, Alta., (Schools)	5%	1910-38	4 1/2%
City of Revelstoke, B.C.	5%	1934	5 1/2%
City of Fernie, B.C.	5%	1939	5 1/2%
City of Kamloops, B.C.	5%	1934	5 1/2%
City of Medicine Hat, Alta.	5%	1910-21	4 1/2%
Town of Thorold, Ont.	5%	1911-30	4 1/2%
Town of High River, Alta.	5%	1910-21	5 1/2%
Town of Selkirk, Man.	5%	1958	4 1/2%

We also have to offer a number of odd blocks of Municipalities at attractive yields

Railroad, Corporation and Industrial Bonds

Canadian Northern Railway Co., (Equipments)	Serially	1911-21	5%
Rio de Janeiro Tramway, Light and Power Co.	5%	1935	At market
Hamilton Cataract, Power, Light and Traction Co.	5%	1943	5%
Suburban Rapid Transit Co.	5%	1938	4.95%
Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Limited, Consolidated	5%	1939	5 1/2%
Western Canada Flour Mills Company, Limited	6%	1928	5.55%
P. Burns and Co., Limited	6%	1924	5 1/2%
Canadian Car & Foundry Company, Ltd.	6%	1939	5.65%
Long Bell Lumber Company	6%	1913-22	6%
Canada Cement Co., Limited	6%	1929	6%

The income basis shown gives the approximate interest return to the investor

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION-LIMITED

TORONTO. MONTREAL. LONDON. ENGLAND.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

For the limited Winnipeg tailors are out for higher pay.

Scenic Opera House at Galt was destroyed by fire on Friday. Loss \$20,000.

The Victoria Times charges wholesale perjury to the recent police investigation.

The Provincial Government may take action to put a stop to the practice of usury.

The Miller bill to abolish race-track gambling was defeated in the House of Commons.

Montreal Harbor Commissioners have planned to spend \$18,000,000 in improvements.

Peter Giroux lost both legs by going to sleep on the M. C. R. track at Windsor, on Friday.

Mr. W. Pouto, an aged resident of Berlin, Ont., was killed by falling from a window, on Friday.

Plans for the new Y. M. C. A. building at Winnipeg are being prepared. It will cost \$200,000.

The Canadian General Electric Company will spend \$250,000 in addition to its Peterboro' works.

Fort Churchill district has been thrown open for homesteading by the Dominion Government.

The Montreal Builders' Exchange has entered a protest at Ottawa against the eight-hour-day bill.

The first message sent from Port Arthur wireless station was from Mayor Matthews to President Taft.

The Militia Department has issued an order that military bands refusing to play with non-union militia are to be reduced to the ranks.

Mr. D. L. Rey, Consul-General for Switzerland, is suing the city of Montreal for \$15,000 damages. He was wounded in the cheek by a bullet fired by a policeman after a fleeing burglar.

Saul Gouin was found guilty at North Bay Assizes on Saturday, of wounding Mary Smith and inflicting serious bodily harm, but acquitted of the charge of murder. Walter Rose was sentenced to hang on May 20.

On Saturday, a fireman, on Saturday night, being unable to remove a stout lady invalid through the window of a burning house, hit on the expedient of covering her with tar.

Paulins and sealing up the room while they fought and subdued the fire.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Asquith's resolution to prohibit the Lords from meddling with money bills passed in the Commons on Thursday.

Mr. Asquith's motion authorizing the application of the closure to the committee stage of his veto resolutions was carried by a majority of 84.

UNITED STATES.

Lord Kitchener has arrived in San Francisco from Tahiti.

A Harrisburg, Pa., man mistook his wife for a burglar and shot and killed her.

Two Chinamen were murdered in New York and two in Philadelphia on Sunday.

Preparations are being made for another world cruise of the United States fleet.

The selling of cocaine to school children is said to be prevalent in Philadelphia.

Two bandits tried to hold up a train near St. Paul, Minn., but succeeded no booty.

The poor health of Andrew Carnegie is causing considerable anxiety in New York.

A bill forbidding the use of long hat pins in Washington has been introduced in Congress.

It is believed that a boy who killed a companion in a prize-fight at Passaic, N. J., has fled to Canada.

It is reported in Washington that Secretary Knox and Secretary MacVeagh may withdraw from the Cabinet.

The enemies of the Payne tariff law at Washington are working to secure the appointment of a tariff commission.

A bill giving the Grand Trunk permission to enter Rhode Island was passed in the State Assembly on Thursday.

Milwaukee's new Socialist Mayor has announced to the citizens that there will be no attempt to force a millennium on them.

Women who tried to boycott the sellers of kosher meat in New York's East Side on Thursday fought the police with hat pins, market baskets and bottles.

GENERAL.

Mount Etna is showing more activity.

Civil war is imminent between two Abyssinian factions.

The people of Peru are showing their desire for war with Ecuador by enlisting in large numbers for the defence of their country.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 12.—Flour—Wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$4.20 to \$4.25 in buyers' sacks, on track, Toronto, and \$4.10 to \$4.15 outside, in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70; second patents, \$5.20 to \$5.30; and strong bakers', \$6, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.11; Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern at \$1.09 1/2. Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed red winter or white, \$1.07 to \$1.08.

Barley—No. 2, 54 to 55c outside; No. 3 extra, 51 to 52c; No. 3 at 49 to 50c, and feed, 47 to 48c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white, 37 to 37 1/2c outside, and 39 1/2 to 40c on track, Toronto. Canada West oats 41c for No. 2, and 40c for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2 for shipment, 79 to 80c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 88 to 88 1/2c outside. Buckwheat—51 to 51 1/2c outside for No. 2.

Corn—No. 2 American, 68 to 68 1/2c, and No. 3 yellow, 65 to 65 1/2c. Toronto freights. Canadian corn, 62 to 62 1/2c, Toronto freights.

Bran—\$22.50 in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$23.50 to \$24, in bags, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.50 to \$2.50 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—Car lots outside, \$1.85 to \$1.95, and small lots at \$2.10 to \$2.20 per bushel.

Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2 to \$2.50; extracted, 10 1/2 to 11c per lb.

Baled Hay—No. 1, \$15 to \$15.75 on track, and No. 2 at \$12 to \$13.

Baled Straw—\$7.50 to \$7.75 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 35 to 40c per bag on track, and New Brunswicks, 40 to 45c per bag.

Poultry—Turkeys, dressed, 18 to 19c per lb.; chickens, 15 to 16c, and fowl, 11 to 12c.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 21 to 23c; tubs and large rolls, 20 to 21c; inferior, 16 to 18c; creamery, 29 to 30c; solids, 27 to 28c per lb.

Eggs—19c per dozen.

Cheese—13 to 13 1/2c per lb. for large, and 13 1/2c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 1/2 to 16c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$29 to \$29.50; short cut, \$31 to \$32.

Hams—Light to medium, 18 to 18 1/2c; do., heavy, 16 1/2 to 17c; rolls, 15 1/2c; shoulders, 14c; breakfast bacon, 19 to 20c; backs, 20 to 21c.

Lard—Tieres, 16 1/2 to 16 3/4c; tubs, 17 to 17 1/2c; pails, 17 1/2c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 12.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 42 to 42 1/2c; No. 3 41 to 41 1/2c; Ontario No. 2 white, 40c; Ontario No. 3 white, 39c; Ontario No. 4 white, 38c. Barley—No. 3, 60c; No. 4, 58c; feed barley, 56c.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; do., seconds, \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$22.50 to \$23; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$22; Manitoba shorts, \$23; pure grain mouillie, \$31 to \$33; mixed mouillie, \$27 to \$29.

Cheese—White, 12 1/2 to 12 3/4c; and colored, 12 1/2 to 12 3/4c. Butter—September-October creamery, 28 1/2c to 29c in round lots, and 20 to 29c in single packages; new milk creamery, 31c. Eggs—10 to 20c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, April 12.—Wheat—May, \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.10 1/2; July, \$1.11 to \$1.11 1/2; cash, No. 1 Northern, \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.12 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.08 to \$1.10 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$1.05 to \$1.10 1/2; bran—In 100-lb. sacks, \$21. Flour—First patents, \$5.30 to \$5.50; second patents, \$5.10 to \$5.30; first clears, \$4.25 to \$4.35; second clears, \$3 to \$3.30.

Buffalo, April 12.—Wheat—Spring steady; No. 1 Northern,春, \$1.20; No. 2 red, \$1.18; No. 2 white, \$1.18. Corn—Lower; No. 3 yellow, 58 1/2c; No. 4 yellow, 58 1/2c; No. 3 corn, 59c; No. 4 corn, 58c; No. 3 white, 62c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 48 1/2c; No. 3 white, 47c; No. 4 white, 46c. Barley—Feed to malting, 62 to 68c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 12.—A few of the best cattle were sold at about 42c per lb. Pretty good animals, 40 to 42c, and the common stock 38 to 40c per lb. Milk cows from \$30 to \$60 each. Calves from 30c to 60 per lb. Sheep about 5 1/2c per lb., and lambs at about 7c. Spring

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Medicinal and Toilet Preparations are of the same high quality as those your druggist uses in filling your physician's prescriptions.

We Could Not Afford

to use any but the finest and purest materials in each and every NA-DRU-CO preparation, because the quality of each depends on the quality of the whole line. Linked together as they are by the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark, a single article found unreliable

would go far to destroy your confidence in all NA-DRU-CO goods.

Ask your druggist about the quality of the drugs we supply to him about our facilities for compounding superior medicinal and toilet preparations—about

our chemists or your physician what goes into NA-DRU-CO preparations. They can tell you, for we will furnish to any physician or druggist in Canada, on request, a full list of the ingredients in any NA-DRU-CO preparation.

"Money Back"

Furthermore, if any NA-DRU-CO article you buy does not entirely satisfy you, return it and your druggist will refund your money.

If your druggist has not the NA-DRU-CO article you want in stock he can get it for you within two days from our nearest wholesale branch.

A Few NA-DRU-CO Favorites:

Toilet: Complexion Cream	For Children: Baby's Tablets	ointments and Salves: Carbolic Salve	Tonics: Cold Liver Oil Compound, Tastless, (3 sizes)
Talcum Powder	Sugar of Malt	Stomachic: Stomachic Ointment	Nervous: Nervous Ointment

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited

Wholesale Branches at:

Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, London, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Vancouver, Nelson, Victoria.

1,000 LIVES IMPERILLED

Explosion on a British Ship Caused a Panic at Sea.

lambs from 85 to 88 each. Good lots of fat hogs at about 10c per lb. Hog prices showed a further decline of 18 per 100 lbs.

Toronto, April 12.—Choice selected steers and heifers at \$6.60 to \$7; good to prime butchers' at \$5.50 to \$6.50 outside. Manitoba wheat—No. 2 mixed red, \$2.20 to \$2.40; No. 3 white, \$2.40 to \$2.60. Cows and bulls were very strong; one extra fine bull, 2,380 lbs., realized \$5.75. Stockers and feeders at \$5 to \$5.50. Calves were slightly eased. Sheep and lambs steady and unchanged. Hogs, \$9.40 to \$9.50 fed and watered, and \$9.65 to \$9.75 fed and watered.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Spring Shoe Opening for 1910

We take great pleasure in presenting our stock of New Spring Shoes to the public. We have a stock equal to any city store. The best way to prove us is to come and make a personal examination.

Note a few of the leading Spring, 1910, Shoes:

New Shoes for Men

Men's Box Calf, Gun Metal and Dongola, latest toe. from \$2.25 to \$4.50
Men's Patent Kid, New York toe, Goodyear welt. from \$3.00 to \$5.00

"Victoria" Shoes for Ladies Every Time

Ladies' Patent Pumps and Patent Shoes, all new toes, at \$2.50
Ladies' Tan Shoes, correct thing for this season. \$2.00 up.

MOTHER HUBBARD SHOES FOR THE CHILDREN

We can show you a complete range in all shades. It will pay you to see our lines before purchasing.

We have on hand a complete stock of

HOSIERY IN ALL THE LEADING SHADES

for Men, Women, Misses and Children, at the lowest prices in town. See our MEN'S COARSE BOOTS from \$1.50 up.

All rips sewed free on any boot purchased here.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS Shoe King

HOUSECLEANING NEEDS

GOOD WALL PAPER A CHIEF BEAUTY OF YOUR HOME

Our list includes grades for every class of home.

ROOM MOULDINGS

White Enamel, Oak and Gilt, at 3c. and 4c. per foot.

Moulding hooks at 10c. per dozen.

S. A. MURPHY

Since its Establishment in 1870

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. Of Canada

Has paid to its policyholders or their legal representatives, in cash for
(1) Death losses on completion of Claim Papers. \$4,512,833.67
(2) Matured Endowments and Annuities. 2,135,878.67
(3) Surplus. 1,761,858.05
(4) Surrender values. 1,392,738.08

Total Cash Payments. \$9,803,308.46

And it holds at this date, for the security of its policyholders:

Reserves on 4%, 3½% and 3% standard. \$12,055,146.16
Surplus over all liabilities. 2,269,692.25

Total paid to and held for policyholders. \$24,138,146.87

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville

AGENTS WANTED

Kingston Standard: The Woodstock Sentinel Review calls attention to the fact that the histories of Canada and the United States should be re-written. "The purpose of the teaching of history," the Review says, "should be to create a desire for truth. The purpose not seldom appears to be to colour or cover up the truth." Yes and if our school histories would tell a good deal less about the tremendous victories both sides have won—on paper—and a great deal more about our industrial and commercial development it would be all the better.

Walter Ross was found guilty of murdering his partner named Parkinson in their shack near Matheson on the night of Dec. 8th for a small sum of money, and sentenced to be hanged on May 20th.

Dr. Eugene Davenport of the College of Agriculture of the University of Illinois, gives it as his opinion that bread and meat will never be any cheaper than they are now but the tendency will be for higher prices.

Jews are being driven from Russia on a scale unprecedented in extent and cruelty. The entire Jewish population of the Russian Empire is in a state of terror, and already thousands have been driven from the country.

A special despatch to The Globe, says that reports from several big grain firms of Winnipeg indicate that excellent progress is being made with seedling. Fifty per cent of the wheat in Manitoba and Saskatchewan is reported in.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country have provided at all times with a bottle of Chambord's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

Clubbing List.

The NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe. \$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire. 1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star. 1.80
The Weekly Witness. 1.80
The Weekly Sun. 1.75
The Toronto News (Daily). 2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily). 2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily). 4.50
Farm and Dairy. 1.75
The Farmer's Advocate. weekly \$2.80
The Home Journal, Toronto. 1.60
Youth's Companion, Boston. 2.75

A STRANGE PLANT.

The Drinking Orchid and Its Fruitless Search For Water.

"The strangest orchids I ever saw," said a naturalist, "live on the edge of a lagoon on the Rio de la Plata." I say, for surely no animal is more alive than they, and among them I first realized the pathos of a plant's immobility, the cruelty of its roots that bind it forever to one spot.

"These orchids had each at the center or axis a long stem a half inch wide and a quarter inch thick. They grew on dead limbs overhanging the lagoon, and now and then when in need of water they uncolded their axial stems, lowered them three or four feet to the stream and when enough water had been drunk coiled the stems up again as a tape measure coils up on its spool.

"A strange sight that still and tropical afternoon—a silent, sun drenched lagoon, a scarlet blaze of orchids and here and there those slim, supple tubes descending to drink, satisfying themselves, then coiling up again.

"But what impressed me most was a mass of faded orchids that continually and restlessly let down their tubes in vain, for the stream had fallen, and hence the tubes descended upon dry ground. It was pitiful. The orchids were dying, but with what strength was left to them they lowered and drew up their tubes. They felt feverishly and weakly for the water that wasn't there.

"A sad sight—a sight that brought home the pathos of the immobility of plants!"—Exchange.

The Welland Canal will be officially opened on Friday 15th.

The revenue of Canada for the year just closed will exceed \$100,000,000, and the surplus will be about \$20,000,000.

Robert Coyle, jr., of Coborne recently pleaded guilty before Justice Miller to a charge of tampering with the grade of a shipment of apples after they had been passed by a Dominion fruit inspector. Coyle was fined \$100 and costs.

Your tongue is coated. Your breath is foul. Headaches come and go. These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

HUNTING THE WALRUS.

Daring of the Eskimos and Their Work With the Harpoon.

With the harpoon as a weapon the hunters left the solid ice to spring lightly from one small piece to another until a pan large enough to hold them was reached far out in the open water. The pieces over which the passage was made were often so small that they would have sunk under a man's weight had he faltered or hesitated upon them for a moment. It seemed to me that the Eskimos were absolutely reckless in this passage over the broken pieces and took no account of the manner in which they should return. Certainly only a fearless man with a clear eye and nerves of iron could accomplish it.

A large, safe pan once attained well in the midst of the blowing walrus, a stand was taken near its edge, where, with harpoon poised, the hunter waited until a walrus came within striking distance. Then like lightning the weapon was sunk deep into the animal's body, and quick as a flash a harpoon shaft provided with a heavy point of iron was driven firmly into the ice and several turns of line taken around it and held taut by the Eskimo. This strong line held the walrus in spite of its struggles to free itself, and not an inch was surrendered to it by the Eskimo. As the walrus gradually tired the line was tightened little by little until finally the great animal was well alongside the pan, when it was quickly dispatched with a lance.—Harry Whitney in Owing.

WAITING FOR A WIFE.

One Man Who Thought Twenty Years Was Just a Starter.

"There's romance for you," said little Binks, putting aside his morning paper. "This paper has a story of a college professor who met a beautiful girl twenty years ago, fell in love with her at first sight and then lost sight of her altogether. Now, after waiting for twenty years, he is rewarded by leading her to the altar as his bride. Just think of it, waiting twenty years for a wife!"

"What of it?" asked the genial philosopher. "There's nothing extraordinary about that. I've waited thirty-five years for mine?"

"You? Waited thirty-five years? Why, I thought you'd been married half long?" said little Binks.

"I have," said the genial philosopher. "That's how I know how long I've waited. I've waited for her to get her gloves on about three years. I've waited for her to change her hat about four years. I've waited while she said just one last word to the cook for at least five years. I've waited upstairs, I've waited downstairs, I've waited at the theater, and I have waited in cars, omnibuses, trolley cars, motorcars and the Lord knows what else besides. Fact is, Binks, I've waited so long, so often and so regularly that between you and me that little college professor of yours, with only one wait of twenty years, strikes me as a miserable little piker."

It takes a long time to do this as a rule, and sometimes it cannot be accomplished in spite of all efforts. It is then open to the future husband to cry off the bargain or waive the condition. In the case of a bachelor he takes care to see that the bracelets and anklets are not too large—that is, if he is fond of the girl—but if he is being forced into the marriage by his parents he is a great stickler for custom. Stout girls are the more quickly snapped up in Tunis.—St. James' Gazette.

It is a recent census places the population of Montreal at 580,000 without the suburbs.

The Miller bill to abolish race track gambling was defeated in the House of Commons.

The Canadian General Electric Co. will spend \$250,000 in additions to its Peterboro' works.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Second Vice-President Whyte of the C. P. R. estimates the number of American settlers who will go to the Canadian west this year at 125,000.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, sooths and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

Wrong Diagnosis.

Mrs. Slingchin put her head over the fence and thus addressed her neighbor, who was hanging out her washing:

"A family has moved into the empty house across the way, Mrs. Mangle."

"Yes, I know."

"Did you notice the furniture?"

"Not particularly."

"Two loads, and I wouldn't give a sovereign a load for it. Carpets? I wouldn't put 'em down in my kitchen. And the children! I won't allow mine to associate with 'em. And the mother! She looks as if she had never known a day's happiness. The father drinks, I expect. Too bad that such people should come into this neighborhood. I wonder who they are."

"I know 'em."

"Do you? Well, I declare! Who are they?"

"The mother is my sister, and the father is the superintendent of the Sunday school."

"Oh—ah—um! Do you think it's going to rain?"

The First Tooth Festival.

Among the Syrians there is no such thing as giving a party in celebration of the first anniversary of the birth of a child. The celebration is held when the baby cuts its first tooth. On such an occasion friends of the parents are not invited to the house to eat cakes and listen to a phonograph, but whatever sweets may be prepared for the occasion are sent by the parents to the homes of the friends whom they wish to inform of the news. The friends later visit the parents and tender their congratulations. The dishes in which the samaniesh is carried to neighbors and friends are not returned immediately. Sometimes it is a week or even two before they are back in their customary places in the family cupboard. When they are returned they are not empty.

Particular.

"Waiter, bring me a finger bowl!"

"There's your finger bowl, sir."

"But that's only one."

"And do you want two, sir?"

"Certainly I want two. You don't suppose I'm going to wash my left hand in the bowl I just washed my right hand in, do you?"

Subdued.

Hotel Guest (to pretty walter girl)—This steak is not very good. Pretty walter girl—Tenorcoffee? Guest—This steak—it's tough and—Pretty walter girl (to another pretty walter girl)—Charley was asking after you this morning, Jen. (To guest)—Did you say tenorcoffee? Guest (gloomily)—Coffee

He Failed to See It.

Mr. Closecyno (during his wife's reception)—She gives 'em lights; she gives 'em music; she gives 'em food, flowers, champagne, and that's what she calls receiving!

Shocked.

Ella—Bella married an octopus last night. I don't know what she gave up to exchange her religion for a man like that.

We are not in the world to do what we wish. Let us be willing to do what is right to do the best we can.

Robert Coyle, jr., of Coborne recently pleaded guilty before Justice Miller to a charge of tampering with the grade of a shipment of apples after they had been passed by a Dominion fruit inspector. Coyle was fined \$100 and costs.

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Every.

"When Cholly Van Rox proposed to me he was too rattled to say a word."

"Then how did you know he was proposing?"

"Oh, my dear, his money did all the talking!"

Foisted.

"I can't tell you who can't foot him," said Uncle Ebene, "thinks he's right there."—Washington Star.

They that stand high have many bairns to wake them.—Shakespeare.

HIS TAPESTRIES.

The Game the Collector Bought and Showed to the Expert.

That the collector fails into a trap occasionally is shown by an episode which we recall. An enthusiastic purchaser of old tapestries was once offered in Paris a masterpiece executed on a large scale and held at a large figure. Consulting an expert, he was urged to buy, but the sum demanded seemed to him at the moment a good deal to invest in a tapestry, and he let the opportunity pass.

A year or so later he met his friend, the expert aforesaid, and asked him to come to his house to look at two tapestries he had just secured. "They are smaller," he said, "than the one you advised me to buy and which, to tell the truth, I have always regretted, and I paid twice as much for them as I was asked to pay for that glorious piece, but while it seemed a fearful lot of money to spend I simply couldn't resist the chance."

The specialist in tapestries walked into the gallery of the proud collector and gazed upon his prizes. He gazed for a time in silence and then had to be very guarded in his speech of congratulation. He was looking at the original tapestry, which his friend could have had for half the money, now neatly cut in two and supplied with borders. He never revealed to the victim of this ingenious little game what precisely had happened.

A TRYING ORDEAL.

The Fattening Process of a Marriageable Girl in Tunis.

The marriageable girl in Tunis has a trying ordeal to go through after her betrothal to the man of her choice, but whose choice she is. She has to be fattened to the required size before the ceremony can take place.

As soon as the betrothal takes place she takes to a room and there cooperates till the fattening process is concluded. Silver shackles are fastened round her wrists and ankles, and the task of her parents and future husband is to increase her bulk till her wrists and ankles fill up the shackles. If the husband is a widower or has "discharged" his first wife the girl has the shackles of the first spouse placed on her, and she must fill them out.

It takes a long time to do this as a rule, and sometimes it cannot be accomplished in spite of all efforts. It is then open to the future husband to cry off the bargain or waive the condition.

A family has moved into the empty house across the way, Mrs. Mangle."

"Yes, I know."

"Did you notice the furniture?"

"Not particularly."

"Two loads, and I wouldn't give a sovereign a load for it. Carpets? I wouldn't put 'em down in my kitchen. And the children! I won't allow mine to associate with 'em. And the mother! She looks as if she had never known a day's happiness. The father drinks, I expect. Too bad that such people should come into this neighborhood. I wonder who they are."

"I know 'em."

"Do you? Well, I declare! Who are they?"

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As Ever.

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"I can't tell you who can't foot him," said Uncle Ebene, "thinks he's right there."—Washington Star.

They that stand high have many bairns to wake them.—Shakespeare.

No. 1 On Diaper. No. 4 For Women. No. 2 On the Heart. No. 5 For Men. No. 3 On the Kidneys. No. 6 On Rheumatism.

Write today for a free copy of our interesting "Inventor's Help" and "How you are swindled."

It is absolutely free of its fees.

Just think what this means to the swindler.

No risk, no trouble, nothing whatever.

Why purchase any medicine whose maker does not back it as I do by this remarkable service?

And besides, I

THE STIRLING NEWS-ARGUS.

11.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
11.00 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.

STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1910.

Vol. XXXI, No. 82.

WHAT ABOUT THAT OLD GRAY BONNET

You may think it looks well enough, but if you could see yourself as others see you, you would make a quick trip to Fred. Wards, "The Men's Hatter," and get something up-to-date that would make the other fellow feel like a cent. We carry only the best in style and quality. Prices \$1.00 to \$3.00. Test one.

Orders are pouring into our

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Don't be the last. You may want your new suit before you can get it. Leave your measure now.

If you want a Ready-to-wear suit you cannot afford to pass by the

WARD BRAND

for style, quality, finish and durability. Our prices compare with any up-to-the-minute made garments.

We have a few suits that are older than a minute that we will sell for \$4.99, worth \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00. They are worth a visit from you.

New SHIRTS, TIES, HOSIERY, etc., at

FRED. T. WARD'S,
Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

RAW SILKS IN ALL THE NEWEST SHADES

Old Rose, Amethyst, Wistaria, Light Blue, etc., at 75c. yd. Natural shades, superior quality.....only 50c. yd.

OUR RANGE OF WASH GOODS

Is unsurpassed. We are showing a full line of Cotton and Silk Repps.....at 15c. 20c. 25c. and 50c. yd. Mercerized Linens in the better grades.....at 25c. and 30c. yd. An excellent choice of Cotton Delaines.....at 12½c. and 15c. yd. And also all the newest shades and materials in Dress Goods.

WASH SUITS AND WHITE BLOUSES

Are now on the go. We have the right lines at the right prices. Have a look at these and satisfy yourself.

...LACE CURTAINS....

Don't fail to see our stock in this line. Better than ever. An extra special line 60 inches wide, 3½ yds. long,.....only \$1.25 per pair. Swiss and Brussels Net Curtains, large size,.....\$2.50 to \$5.00 per pair. Our \$2.75 cannot be beaten. We invite comparisons. Prices as low as the lowest,—25c. per pair up.

SPECIALS FOR THE WEEK

Heatherbloom Underskirts—look like silk, will wear twice as long. We are clearing them at ridiculously low price: Regular \$2.00.....for \$1.59
" 2.75for \$2.10
" 4.00for \$2.98

SATURDAY (Only) SPECIALS

Your inspection of these every Saturday will save you money:

Granite Kettles, reg. 40c.....for 25c
" Water Pails, reg. 50c.....for 35c
25c. worth of Boot Laces.....for 10c

Watch our Soap specials.

Don't forget our up-to-date Millinery Department. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Highest Price for Produce. Phone 43

Goods promptly delivered

United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

HEAD OFFICE — TORONTO

Geo. F. Reid, General Manager

Agents in every Banking town in Canada.

Every Department of Banking conducted.

Accounts of individuals, firms and corporations solicited.

Transfers of funds, collections, payments, etc., in Europe.

United States and Canada, transacted at lowest rates.

Drafts bought and sold.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest paid from date of deposit.

Stirling Branch—Empire Block

W. S. MARTIN — Manager

500 Every Day Leave U. S.

American Immigration Into Canada Is Without Parallel.

Winnipeg, Man., April 18.—The American immigration is said to amount to 500 people every day of the week. Each week there are approximately five hundred cars of settlers' effects. The rush through Portal has become so great that the Canadian Pacific have men at work laying four additional tracks there. They are also building there a platform 1,000 feet long. Dr. Hilton, the chief assistant in Ottawa to Dr. Rutherford, is established there protecting Canada against the introduction of horses with infectious diseases. The number of inspectors there have been doubled by the Dominion Government and everything possible is being done to protect settlers from unnecessary delay.

The move in New Ontario appears to be as large as ever. Homesteaders' trains arrive in Winnipeg from Toronto daily.

Uncle Sam Can't Hold Them.

North Portal, Sask., April 18.—Settlers arriving here from the U. S. give some weird accounts of stories being circulated by trappers, commercial travellers and merchants along the line in North Dakota. These people see the best class of farmers slipping from their grasp, so to speak, and do their best to deter the intending settler from moving any farther towards Canada. But notwithstanding all the stories the crowds of settlers continue to pour through this gateway, bound for the Canadian West, and they say the treatment they receive from the Canadian officials at the boundary is away beyond anything they had anticipated. Not only is every kindness shown to themselves, but their cattle and horses are given the very best of attention.

Memorandum for High School Entrance Boards.

The following circular has been sent by the Education Department to all High School Entrance Boards for their guidance this year:—

The High and Continuation School Inspectors report that in some of the schools under their charge the attainments of the pupils who have been admitted are defective and inadequate, and that, in their judgment, the High School Entrance Boards concerned have not set a proper standard in valuing the answer papers. In this connection the Minister reminds Entrance Boards that while they are at liberty, under Section 5(2) of the High School Regulations of 1909, to make special provision for admission in special individual cases, they are not at liberty, without the concurrence of the Minister to lower the 40 per cent minimum in any subject or the 60 per cent minimum of the aggregate. Further, it has come to the Minister's knowledge that in valuing the answer papers in Arithmetic some Boards have ignored the provision that no value whatever is to be assigned to certain questions on the examination paper unless the answers thereto are absolutely correct, that is, that no marks shall be assigned for principle or for partial answers. Boards are hereby warned that in this and in all other respects the Regulations must be strictly observed.

The condition of affairs with which this Memorandum deals is manifestly an injury to both the High Schools and the Public and Separate Schools, and it cannot be permitted to continue. The Minister has, accordingly, directed the High and Continuation School Inspectors to report specially to him hereafter on all cases in which there are evidences of laxity.

Over 400 French-Canadians, chiefly from farms and mills of the New England States, and some from Quebec, went last week to settle in the Slave River District, in northern Saskatchewan, on the word of Father Berube, a Roman Catholic priest, who has a small settlement of French-Canadians at Vonda, Sask.

Read the pain formula on the box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your doctor if there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Coughs that are tight or distressing, tickling coughs, get quick and certain help from Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. On this account druggists everywhere are favoring Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. The tender leaves of the mullein, a healing medicinal shrub give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its curative properties. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing cough, and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Test it once yourself and see! Sold by J. S. Morton.

The Act under which the banks in Canada are now operating came into force January 31st, 1907. The first few sections are merely introductory, Sec. I, giving the name of the Act, Sec. II, defining the meaning of words used e.g. "Minister" refers to the Minister of Finance. Association of the Bankers' Association, "curator" means an person appointed under the authority of the Minister by the Canadian Bankers' Ass'n to supervise the affairs of any bank which has suspended payment, in specie or Dominion notes, or of any of its liabilities. Sec. III, gives the application of the Act. It applies to all the banks named elsewhere in this issue, but not to Post Office Savings Banks, Government Savings Bank, Penny Banks, nor the Quebec Savings Banks.

There are 28 banks operating in Canada, having 228 branches in the Dominion and 50 in the United States, West Indies, Mexico, England and elsewhere. The total paid up capital amounts to \$1,771,300, the reserve fund \$89,861,000, and the deposits on Feb. 28, 1908, amounted to \$1,641,000.

Sec. IV, states that the charters of all the banks shall continue in force until July 1st, 1911, as regards the name of the bank, the location of its head office, the amount of its authorized capital stock, and the amount of each share of such stock.

It will be seen that the charters of all the banks are extended until July 1st, 1911, but as the decennial revision of the Act takes place this year the usual ten year extension will, under ordinary conditions, be granted.

Next will Sections V, VI, and VII, be reviewed.

W. R. HOWSON, Local Manager

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

PAID UP CAPITAL — \$14,400,000
REST — \$12,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS — \$603,796

Birds Useful to Agriculture

The official report of the proceedings of the second session of the general assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture, held in Rome, in December, has been received at Ottawa. Among the various discussions, was one relating to the preservation of birds useful to Agriculture. The subject was presented by M. De Miklos, Hungary, and Hon. A. Boyer, Canada. Mr. Boyer calculated that during about five months of the year, in an area of 8,000 square miles in one province of Canada, the population of useful birds would reach at least 25,000,000, requiring a daily food supply of 2,500,000,000 insects, or at the rate of about 120,000 insects to a bushel, a daily consumption of 21,000 bushels of insects. The Committee recommended that all adhering States should, subject to necessary modifications, join the convention for the protection of birds which was signed at Paris in 1902, that a knowledge of the usefulness of birds should be spread through the primary schools and in other ways, that a monograph should be prepared on the working of the Convention of 1902, and that a detailed report should be presented to the next meeting of the General Assembly.

New Canadian Coinage

A new coinage bill was introduced in the House of Commons, Ottawa, last week by the Hon. Finance Minister Fielding. It provides for the coinage of a strictly Canadian \$5.00. gold piece and possibly other gold denominations. The minister also announced the intention of the Government to coin a silver dollar piece, similar to the American "Cartwheel." He stated that at the request of gentlemen from the Pacific Coast he proposed to take authority to make the silver dollar. On the Pacific they preferred silver and wanted dollars. There was no reason why they should not have them. The dollars would be about the same size and bullion value as the American silver dollar.

Names of Banks in Canada.

Bank of Montreal.
Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Merchants Bank of Canada.
Royal Bank of Canada.
Imperial Bank of Canada.
Traders Bank of Canada.
Dominion Bank.
Bank of Toronto.
Bank of British North America.
Molsons Bank.
Bank of Ottawa.
Union Bank of Canada.
Bank of Nova Scotia.
Eastern Townships Bank.
Bank of Hamilton.
Banque D' Hochelaga.
Quebec Bank.
Northern Crown Bank.
Standard Bank of Canada.
La Banque Nationale.
Union Bank of Halifax.
Home Bank of Canada.
Metropolitan Bank.
La Banque Provinciale du Canada.
Sterling Bank of Canada.
Bank of New Brunswick.
Farmers' Bank of Canada.
United Empire Bank of Canada.

Large purchases of Ontario Cattle by United States firms are said to be responsible for the increase in the price of beef.

No less than 6,000 immigrants were landed at Halifax within 24 hours last week. Three train loads of British immigrants arrived in Toronto Sunday morning. Some of these went on to Chicago, but the majority were distributed over Ontario. Three thousand four hundred immigrants sailed from the Clyde on Saturday. Among these is a man who paid his passage money out of the income tax that he would have had to hand over to the British Government had the budget not been held up by the dispute between the Lords and Commons.

Coughs that are tight or distressing, tickling coughs, get quick and certain help from Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. On this account druggists everywhere are favoring Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy. The tender leaves of the mullein, a healing medicinal shrub give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its curative properties. Those leaves have the power to calm the most distressing cough, and to soothe and heal the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Test it once yourself and see! Sold by J. S. Morton.

The Act under which the banks in Canada are now operating came into force January 31st, 1907. The first few sections are merely introductory, Sec. I, giving the name of the Act, Sec. II, defining the meaning of words used e.g. "Minister" refers to the Minister of Finance. Association of the Bankers' Association, "curator" means an person appointed under the authority of the Minister by the Canadian Bankers' Ass'n to supervise the affairs of any bank which has suspended payment, in specie or Dominion notes, or of any of its liabilities. Sec. III, gives the application of the Act. It applies to all the banks named elsewhere in this issue, but not to Post Office Savings Banks, Government Savings Bank, Penny Banks, nor the Quebec Savings Banks.

There are 28 banks operating in Canada, having 228 branches in the Dominion and 50 in the United States, West Indies, Mexico, England and elsewhere. The total paid up capital amounts to \$1,771,300, the reserve fund \$89,861,000, and the deposits on Feb. 28, 1908, amounted to \$1,641,000.

Sec. IV, states that the charters of all the banks shall continue in force until July 1st, 1911, as regards the name of the bank, the location of its head office, the amount of its authorized capital stock, and the amount of each share of such stock.

It will be seen that the charters of all the banks are extended until July 1st, 1911, but as the decennial revision of the Act takes place this year the usual ten year extension will, under ordinary conditions, be granted.

Next will Sections V, VI, and VII, be reviewed.

W. R. HOWSON, Local Manager

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817

PAID UP CAPITAL — \$14,400,000
REST — \$12,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS — \$603,796

Sterling Hall

Wet Weather Wants for Men

Protection is the best kind of prevention, and the prudent farmer will now be investing in a Spring supply of OIL SKIN CLOTHING. Here we have it at value:

Men's short Oilskin Jackets.....	at \$1.50
" Medium long Oilskin Jackets.....	at 2.50
" Extra long " "	at 3.00
" Oilskin Hats.....	at .35
Oilskin Buggy Rugs, lined.....	at 1.25
Dry Hand Gloves and Mitts at 15c. 20c., 25c.	

Specials in Men's Pants

The best values are here in Men's Summer Pants that can possibly be obtained.

Take that satisfying look at

Fine Dark and Light effects in Tweed and Worsted Pants.....	at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50
Speciaily fine Worsted.....	at \$5.00
" " Light color Homespun Pants, regular \$2.50.....	for \$2.00

Price Helps in Hosiery

Our immense stock of judiciously well bought Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery, to fit all feet, guarantees greatest variety at most reasonable prices.

Below are indicated three special lines worthy of buyers attention:

14 Doz. little Daisy Cashmere Hose, sizes 4½ to 7s, in Black and Tans, regular 25c.....	for 20c. pair.
15 Doz. fine quality plain Black Cotton Hose, sizes 8½ to 10, regular 15c, here on sale...at 10c. pair.	
15 Doz. Boys' extra heavy Rock-ribbed Cotton Hose, in sizes 8½ to 10, value for 25c.for 20c. pair.	

KNOCK OUT DROPS FOR THE OTHER FELLOW'S PRICES

GRAY ENAMELED WARE BARGAINS

11 in. size gray enameled Wash Basin.....	for 10c
10½ in. size " " Fry Pan.....	for 10c
9 in. size Preserving Kettle.....	for 10c
9 in. " shallow stew Pans.....	for 10c
9 in. " deep Stew Pans.....	for 10c

FANCY BISCUIT BARGAINS

We have made large contracts for a regular supply of CHOICE QUALITY Fancy Cakes and Biscuits which will enable us to sell them to our customers at less than regular wholesale prices.

Regular 15c. goods are on sale at 10c. per lb. A trial will prove their worth.

Jelly Finger Biscuit at 10c. lb. Sultana Biscuit....at 10c. lb.
Social Sandwich....at 10c. lb. Fancy Mixed Cake at 10c. lb.
Strawberry Crisp Cake.....at 10c. lb.

4 full 1 lb. pkgs choice seeded Raisins on sale for 25c.

W. R. MATHER

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

SPRING HOUSE CLEANING

Means that you will need the services of the painter and decorator. We would be glad to estimate on your work.

We use the best materials that can be bought; employ none but competent mechanics, and guarantee that whatever work we do will be well done.

S. A. MURPHY

Wall Papers, Room Mouldings, Paints; Oils and Varnishes.

A load of potatoes sold at Prescott recently for ten cents a bushel. As the price of potatoes was so low last fall many farmers buried them in pits, expecting the price to rise in the spring. A farmer recently out of his pits drew a load into a neighboring town and after trying to sell it to different tradespeople, finally sacrificed them to a butcher as feed for his pigs.	Clubbing List.

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THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP:

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER V. (Cont'd)

"Good! I take you at your word."

"It is I who take you at your word, and to prove that I do not fear the company with which you are trying to frighten me, I will declare that I should be delighted to have you invite this evening your thief and her young associate."

"Come, I give you back my esteem, and if I knew where to find the persons you speak of I would beg them to join us. Unfortunately they are fled I know not where."

"The woman, perhaps, has fallen into the claws of the Russian police, who have most likely sent her to Siberia. The lover must have crossed the seas, if he has not blown his brains out. We need think no more of them and will suppose them."

"At what hour?" asked Mouriatine.

"After the theatre—is it not, colonel?"

"Certainly," said Borisoff, bowing.

"You will think me very indiscreet," said Mouriatine, "but I have just asked a very insidious question. You must know I am nearly famished. I arrived this evening at five, and had only time to make my toilette and look for my friend Borisoff at his club. We found so much to talk about that we forgot our dinner."

"To come to the opera? What a lover of music you are!"

"I had telegraphed from St. Petersburg to reserve two seats—the fancy of one at a distance who wishes to enjoy a thorough Parisian life without losing a minute. I counted on the company of my faithful Borisoff, but did not calculate on the train being two hours late."

"Good! I understand, and it would be a poor reward for your frankness to compel you to suffer the tortures of hunger till midnight. We will leave whenever it pleases you, messieurs."

"What! you would sacrifice to our appetites the remainder of this play?"

"Willingly. The act is about to conclude. We will leave before the third."

"You are as good as you are beautiful. But it will not be for your house, I suppose? You will not be expected so early as this?"

"My servants expect me always. I have sent away my coupe, it is true."

"And I have not given orders to my coachman," said Borisoff.

"No matter. A hack will take us to Rue Jouffrey in twenty minutes, and in ten other minutes, my famished messieurs, you will sit down to table."

"Adopted unanimously," cried Mouriatine, gaily.

The colonel thought no more of opposition. He approved of the fable of the neglected dinner, for his opinion now was that it was expedient to penetrate at the earliest possible moment the house of this woman who deserved to be studied more closely.

She turned toward the stage and appeared to be absorbed in the last airs of the act that was concluding.

Suddenly, however, she took up her opera-glass and directed it toward one of the boxes on the same side. Two women occupied the front of this box, in the back of which was a gentleman who was scarcely visible.

"Strange!" cried Madame de Garches. "I could swear it was he."

"Ah!" said Mouriatine, jocosely, "is your general of last winter here?"

"I am not thinking about that personage, but I fancied I recognized a young man whom I little expected to see here."

"The friend of your Nihilist, perhaps?" said Mouriatine, still directing her glass to the box occupied by the matrimonially inclined widows. Then suddenly laying it down, she said aloud: "I was sure of it. The young man has just risen, and his full face does not resemble M. de Carnoel in the least."

"He is very fortunate, this M. de Carnoel," laughed Mouriatine; "he absorbs all your thoughts. Might we know when and where he made your conquest?"

"Dear monsieur," said the bruntette, with eyes of fire, dryly, "your question is an impertinence. No one has made my conquest. I am interested about this young man it is because one of my best friends, who is residing in Florence, has charged me to find out what has become of him, and to deliver a box—"

"They are bourgeois," said Borisoff, "very rich and very common, who have taken a box for the winter in the hope of being seen and espoused by some ruined princes."

"The resemblance is strange," continued the bruntette to herself, "but if it were he it would be stranger still."

"Surely, madame, this youth may flatter himself with having inspired an interest on your part. If he knew you were at so much pains to identify him, no doubt he would hasten to show himself."

"I doubt it very much," murmured Madame de Garches.

"You think then he has a reason for concealing himself?"

"My dear sir, you are too curious."

"I confess it and am silent."

"You would do better to wait until he leans on the front of the box, and then tell me if you have ever seen him."

"I know the habitues of the Opera."

"It would be better to wait until the colonel if he has ever met with the young man whom I fancied I saw in that box. His name is M. de Carnoel."

At this name spoken by the charming mouth of Madame de Garches, the colonel involuntarily started. Anything might sooner have been expected than inquiries from her concerning M. de Carnoel.

Nevertheless he must answer without evasion, must reply by yes or no. His professional instinct suggested the thought that it were better not to cut short all possibility of further investigation by a negative reply.

"Is not M. de Carnoel the son of a former attache of the embassy?" he asked.

"Yes, I think his father was formerly engaged in diplomacy. Then you have met with the young man?"

"Often enough to recognize him if he were here."

"Do you suppose it possible that he could be at the Opera in company with the widows in that box?"

"I should see nothing surprising in it. He has, I believe, no fortune, and seeks, no doubt, an advantageous marriage."

"He! marry one of those vulgar upstarts! I could not believe him capable of such a thing. Besides, I was insane to imagine he would appear at the opera in an uncovered box."

"Why?" asked the colonel, assuming an astonished air.

"Because he cannot be in Paris."

"One would infer from your words," said Mouriatine, "that the gentleman in question was forced to hide himself. Has he been guilty of any crime?"

"Madame," resumed Borisoff, who began to get a clear view of the situation, "I can certify that you are mistaken. M. de Carnoel has not left Paris as far as I know."

"My have done so without your knowledge."

"Then he must have left this morning, for I saw him yesterday."

In acknowledging that he had intercourse with M. de Carnoel, the colonel was burning the bridge behind him, but it had become apparent that Madame de Garches knew a great deal about the prisoner, and the best means of extracting what she knew appeared to be to assume the attitude of a friend of the young man who interested her.

"You have spoken to him?" she exclaimed.

"Yes; I met him on the street this morning."

"And he did not try to avoid you?"

"Not at all. We have not been intimate, but have held the most courteous relations. Why should he have avoided me?"

"I thought he must have reasons for not wishing to meet with former acquaintances, and am delighted to learn that I was mistaken. Did he speak to you of his present circumstances?"

"Yes; but with considerable reserve. He told me, however, that he had abandoned a situation he had held and proposed to embark for America. I offered him a recommendation to our consul-general at New York."

"And he accepted?"

"With gratitude. That reminds me that I have not sent him the promised letter. I shall repair my negligence to-morrow."

"It is very singular," said Madame de Garches, still directing her glass to the box occupied by the matrimonially inclined widows. Then suddenly laying it down, she said aloud: "I was sure of it. The young man has just risen, and his full face does not resemble M. de Carnoel in the least."

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"Containing love tokens?"

"I know nothing about that, but I know that you are insupportable,

TORTURED FOR SEVEN YEARS "FRUIT-A-TIVES" HER SALVATION



MADAME JOSEPH LIRETTE
No. 111 George St., Sorrel, Que.
For seven years I suffered from womb disease and dreadful torturing pains, and I had constant Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation—the latter so bad that sometimes I went ten days without action of the bowels. Six different doctors treated me and for a year I was in bed, constantly facing death. Then my husband coaxed me to try "Fruit-a-tives" and this medicine, and nothing else, cured me and saved my life."

(Signed) Mme. JOSEPH LIRETTE,
50c box—6 for \$2.50—or trial box
25c—at dealers or from Fruit-a-tives
Limited, Ottawa.

and I beg you not to interrupt my conversation with the colonel."

"Madame," said Borisoff, "I will with pleasure undertake to forward the box to M. de Carnoel."

"He has given you his address?"

"It was necessary he should do so that I might send him the letter, and if you would like at the same time to have my valet deliver the box—"

"Thank you; I promised to place it in his hands myself. I confess it embarrassing me a little, for I can scarcely go to him; but I can write, and suppose he will not refuse to come to see me at my house."

"Assuredly not, but it would be well not to delay too long, for he may leave Paris at any moment."

"True; he must be in haste to depart," murmured Madame de Garches to herself. "What is to be done, then?"

"Is it really important that you should see M. de Carnoel?" said Borisoff, after a short silence.

"Undoubtedly."

"Will you receive him this evening?"

"Why not? Our interview would not be long and need not interrupt our supper."

"Well, I can pass by his lodging. If I find him there, as is quite likely, I will bring him to you; if not, I will leave my card, with a word to signify that I am awaiting him in Rue Jouffrey. He will suppose it to be on account of the letter and will certainly come."

"My dear colonel, if you would do that you would be the most amiable of men."

"There is a compliment which I hasten to deserve. Permit me to leave you for an instant. We must make sure of a carriage. The sooner we arrive at your house, the sooner I may go in quest of M. de Carnoel."

"Perfect. I shall be ready on your return."

The two Russians hastened from

UNNATURAL THINNESS
EASILY CORRECTED.

By Clever Prescription Which Can
Be Filled at Any Drug
Store.

No Need to be Thin Now as Reports
Show This Method Effective.

People who are very thin and scrawny ought not to be so. Undoubtedly they are more subject to disease and contagions than the normally fleshy. Thinness is usually accompanied by weakness, and weakness subjects any one to colds, coughs, consumption, pneumonia, etc. It has been discovered, almost by accident, that tincture cardamome when combined in a prescription with proper accelerative medicines, becomes one of the most valuable, effective and reliable nutritive or flesh making medicines known to science. It is especially beneficial to men and women between the ages of sixteen and fifty-five, who from lack of proper nerve force and digestion, remain undeveloped in body, limbs, arms and bust. A well rounded symmetrical figure in man or woman indicate health, magnetism, stamina and happiness.

The reader who wishes to add from ten to forty pound should not fail to begin with this valuable prescription:

First, obtain of any well stocked druggist, three ounces of essence of pept-sin and three ounces of syrup of rhubarb in an 8 oz. bottle. Then add one ounce compound essence cardiol. Shake and let stand two hours. Then add one ounce tincture cardamome compound (not cardamome). Shake well and take one teaspoonful before each meal, one after each meal. Drink plenty of water between meals and when retiring. Keep up this treatment regularly and of a certainty from one to three pounds will be added to the weight each week, and the general health will also improve.

the box and reclaimed their overcoats, without having perceived Maxime, who was promenading at the end of the corridor.

"Hey!" said Mouriatine in his companion's ear, "was I right in advising you to approach this lady? I caught your idea of confronting the Carnoel with this jade. It is bold, but a masterly stroke."

"A stroke in which I might be the loser, did I not take precautions. I must first see the house, how it is guarded, and what servants she has under her orders. If I scent a trap, I shall make a feint of going in search of Carnoel, and shall return saying I have not found him. The affair will be ended for tonight, but I shall resume it after another method. If, on the contrary, I find that force could be employed with any chance of success, I shall bring Carnoel in a carriage with an escort of three good blades. I shall drive myself and will conduct him to the mistress of the house. That will be the psychological moment, as M. Bismarck says. With a glance we may detect whether there has been any complicity between them. My three old soldiers will enter with me; three others will guard the door and the street. We will search the house from top to bottom, and I hope will make many discoveries."

"Your casket very likely," said Mouriatine, "and as to this pretended Madame de Garches—"

"We will bring her to my house with the Carnoel, the femme de chambre, the cook, and the men servants, if there are any. We will empty the house in a few trips, and will then see what is to be done with our prisoners."

"It is spirited, but if well conducted it must succeed, and in that case the great chief will approve it."

"It will succeed. I shall not act

A CONVENIENCE TO DROVERS.

A Branch of the Traders Bank at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto.

The new branch of the Traders Bank which has been opened in the Exchange Building at the Union Stock Yards, Toronto, will prove a great convenience to drovers who have business on the Exchange.

The excellent connections of the Bank throughout the country assures its patrons of a very complete Banking Service. The Branch at the Stock Yards is open on Mondays and Tuesdays of each week (market days), and a general banking business is transacted on those days.

Safety cheques are issued, cheques cashed and deposits received—money is transferred either by telegram or mail to any part of Canada or the United States.

Camphor Ice VASELINE

FOR CHAPPED SKIN AND LIPS,
COLD SORES, WINDBURN,

12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes
Cannabis, Borated, Mentholated, Carbolicated, Camphorated, White Oxide of Zinc, etc. Each for special purposes. Write for Free Booklet.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Gons'd)

379 Craig St. W., Montreal

Consider the higher real estate value of well painted buildings, compared with unpainted ones.

Don't postpone painting—every day does its damage and piles up costs for repairs.

Martin-Senour Paint

100% Pure.

is the cleanest. Absolutely pure and unadulterated, it wears best, looks best and goes further, gallon for gallon, than any other paint at my price.

Paints for houses, barns, windmills, pump houses, etc. Paints for boats, boats, boats—backs every claim we make for our paint—guaranteed and actually protected you.

Don't experiment when painting—use Martin-Senour Paint for every purpose.

Paints for houses, barns, windmills, pump houses, etc. Paints for boats, boats, boats—backs every claim we make for our paint—guaranteed and actually protected you.

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Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

Dainty Dishes.

Orange Hint.—Oranges nicely peeled and quartered, then dipped in melted isinglass and rolled in powdered sugar, make a nice side dish.

Sausages are often badly cooked and browned only in streaks. This may be avoided by pricking them with a fork, then fry in butter or lard, turning frequently until thoroughly cooked. Sausages need to cook rather slowly after they are browned.

Convent Eggs.—Make some good onion sauce, and let it simmer for five minutes. Season with pepper and salt, and put on a hot dish; arrange quarters of hard-boiled egg in a circle on this, outside it have sippets of toast. Have some sliced onions fried a nice brown in butter, and arrange on the eggs; scatter chopped parsley over, and serve hot.

A Good Molasses Pudding.—Half a pound each of golden syrup, breadcrumbs, chopped suet, and treacle, the grated rind of a lemon, half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, and enough milk to make a nice dough. Mix well, place in a greased mould, and steam for three hours.

Use beef kidney for this dish and you will be delighted with the result. Slice and lightly fry one pound of kidney in clarified dripping, then chop it and mix with a breakfast-cupful of breadcrumbs, a little minced fried onion, made mustard, salt and pepper. Bind all with an egg. Form the mixture into big corn-shaped pieces, dip into flour, and arrange in a frying-basket. Have deep fat boiling, and when it throws off a blue smoke, plunge in the basket. Cook all to a rich brown color, drain and serve.

Spinach, Bohemian Style.—Wash thoroughly and pick over one-half peck spinach. Put in boiling salted water and let boil twenty to thirty minutes, then strain and press out all the water and chop fine. Brown two teaspoonsful flour with one of butter and add the chopped spinach, mix thoroughly and then add one pint of rich beef stock; mix thoroughly and keep stirring while boiling for five minutes; season to taste with salt and pepper. Serve on small platter and garnish with fried eggs. The eggs can be omitted if you wish. This is a palatable dish, as well as a tonic, for it cleanses the blood and clears the complexion. It should be eaten freely this time of year.

Galantine can be very well made from cooked meat, and makes very useful dish for almost any occasion. Take half a pound of cold meat, free from skin and fat, and one quarter of a pound of ham or lean bacon. Pass the meat through a mincing-machine, or chop it very finely. Put it into a basin with a breakfast-cupful of breadcrumbs, one egg, and a gill of milk. Season it rather highly with pepper and salt, and add a little nutmeg. Roll it into a well-floured cloth and let it boil for an hour. Take it up and put a board over it with a weight on the top. When cold remove the cloth, dust over brown breadcrumbs, and serve.

COOKING HINTS.

Apple Sauce.—Use salt in apple sauce and pie. A pinch of salt added to apple sauce will remove the flat taste so common in the spring. Salt will also take place of butter in apple pie, in fact, is much better.

Baking Help.—When gems and cake stick to tin in which they are baked, wring a cloth out of cold water, spread on an uncovered table and lay tin upon the same, leaving it for a minute or two, when the article can be easily taken out.

Biscuit Dough.—When you have tea or baking powder biscuit dough ready for cutting, instead of making plain biscuit, spread the dough with butter, sprinkle with sugar, and dust lightly with cinnamon, roll like a jelly roll, and cut into slices an inch thick, and bake in a moderate oven. These are excellent with tea or coffee for lunch or breakfast.

HOUSEKEEPER'S ALPHABET.

Apples.—Keep in dry place as cool as possible without freezing.

Brooms.—Hang in the cellarway to keep soft and pliant.

Cranberries.—Keep under water in cellar; change water monthly.

Dish of hot water set in oven prevents cakes, etc., from scorching.

Economize time, health and means and you will never beg.

Flour.—Keep cool, dry and securely covered.

Glass.—Clean with a quart of water mixed with tablespoon of ammonia.

HALLEY'S COMET DATES

PROGRAMME OF THE HEAVENLY VISITOR'S MOVEMENTS.

Keep This Itinerary for Reference During the Next Two Months.

Keep the dust off your telescopes and opera glasses and your weather eye to the sky. Frederic Campbell, So.D., of Brooklyn, who has made a special study of the subject, has the following to say about the advent of Halley's comet:

"On the 18th of May the comet crosses back into the evening sky, and will be about that time at its biggest and nearest to earth. It is at about that time also that earth and moon are expected to pass through the comet's tail. In that period there will be ten days or so of wonderful evening views, after which the comet will somewhat rapidly retire into space and fade from view."

DATES OF APPEARANCE.

The visit of Halley's comet to our skies, after an absence of 75 years, is one of the supreme events of a lifetime. While the popular frenzy and superstition associated with its appearance in 1456 are not now to be looked for, it is safe to say that the nightly presence in our sky of this monster of celestial depths will excite universal interest. It is with a view of enabling one to keep track of this stranger for a time, that the following dates and facts are brought together:

March 6—Comet sets 8.03 p.m.

March 7—Comet crosses earth's path overhead, where earth was October 19 last; speed 1,648 miles a minute.

March 16—Comet sets 7.19 p.m.

March 18—Comet right ascension, 0 hours, 20 minutes; declination, 8 degrees, north.

March 27—Comet passes behind the sun, 165,000,000 miles distant, and enters morning sky. Also crosses Venus' path coming.

March 28—Comet now in morning sky till May 18, and rising earlier and earlier before the sun approaches the earth.

March 31—Comet begins to be seen in east before sunrise.

DATES FOR APRIL AND MAY

April 1—Comet's distance, 130,000,000 miles.

April 4—Comet rises, 4.44 a.m.

April 12—Comet moving more than 100,000 miles an hour.

April 16—Comet rises, 3.45 a.m.

April 19—Comet at perihelion—nearest the sun; speed fastest, 1,878 miles a minute.

April 24—Comet rises, 3.09 a.m.; now turns back east among the constellations.

May 1—Comet's distance from the earth, 63,000,000 miles; close to Venus in the sky to day.

May 6—Comet rises, 2.38 a.m.; earth crosses comet's path, where comet will be May 26, but not in same plane.

May 7—Comet 5 degrees south of star Gamma Pegasi.

May 8—Comet rises, 2.46 a.m. Comet's greatest elongation west of the sun, as seen from the earth.

May 10—Comet crosses Venus' path retreating.

May 10—Comet rises, 2.24 a.m.; distance from earth, 33,000,000 miles.

May 12—Comet rises, 2.32 a.m.

May 14—Comet rises, 2.40 a.m.

May 15—Comet rises, 2.49 a.m.

May 16—Comet rises, 3.08 a.m.; 7 degrees south of star Alpha Arietis.

May 17—Comet rises, 3.32 a.m.; distance 12,000,000 miles, about its nearest; came within half that in 1835.

May 18—Earth and comet passing; comet in conjunction with the sun on the nearer side, and at the same time at descending node, the two resulting in a transit of the comet across the sun's face occurring between 1.31 and 1.45 a.m., Eastern time, hence invisible in this country, but between 6.31 and 6.45 a.m., Greenwich time, hence visible in Europe, Asia and Africa. Earth and moon now proceed to pass through the comet's tail, but without result.

May 19—Comet again in evening sky, appearing ever higher in west, and moving rapidly; to-day 3/2 degrees north of Alderbaran.

May 20—Comet sets, 8.11 p.m., enormous.

May 21—Comet just where it was among the stars about October 1; to-day passes close to Gamma Gemini. Comet set, 9.12 p.m.

May 22—Comet sets, 9.57 p.m.; passes 7 1/2 degrees north of Procyon.

May 23—Comet sets, 10.28 p.m.

May 24—Comet sets, 10.34 p.m.

May 25—Comet sets, 10.30 p.m.

May 26—Comet sets, 11.00 p.m.; crosses beneath earth's path, at a distance therefrom of about 6,000 miles, in retreating into space.

May 27—Comet sets, 11.17 p.m.

May 28—Comet sets, 11.22 p.m.

May 29—Comet sets, 11.23 p.m.

May 30—Comet sets, 11.29 p.m.; now gradually approaches the sun again, as seen from the earth, and

passes away as it retires into space. July 7—Comet crosses Mars' path, retreating; again retires behind the sun during the month of July.

July 27—Earth passes the perihelion point of comet, where it was April 19.

August—Comet passes again into morning sky, but visible only in telescopes.

September 11—One year since discovery of comet by Wolf of Heidelberg, then distant 350,000 miles.

May 20, 1911—Comet crosses Jupiter's path, in retreat.

A. D. 1985-1989—Halley's comet next due.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, APRIL 24.

Lesson IV. Warning and Invitation, Matt. 11. 20-30. Golden Text, Matt. 11. 28.

and sent forth the disciples to represent him among all nations (Matt. 28, 19).

No one knoweth the Son—Even John had shown his comparative ignorance of the meaning of Christ's life. The unreasonable crowd who had discarded the warning of John also rejected the piping of Jesus. The favored cities had remained stolidly unrepentant. Only the Father knew him.

The Son, on the other hand, is alone in his knowledge of the Father (an amazing assumption if Jesus is less than the church has always affirmed). In a manner that God the Father Almighty, he claims to be able to reveal to those whom he shall choose, who must be, as before, the simple-hearted.

28-30. Those who are without this communicated knowledge of the Father are plowing a hard furrow, and must labor without rest, and alone. If they will come unto Christ, and learn the Father's will from him who is alone able to teach it, he will bear their heavy burden with them and make it light. The yoke is not an extra burden, but only the implement by which the old burden is made light. It is not for one, but for two, to wear. In the double pull the burden becomes easy and the burden light.

"I LOVE" IN 27 TONGUES.

Here is the translation of "I love" in twenty-seven different languages.

English—I love.

German—Ich liebe.

Italian, Spanish and Portuguese—Amo.

Greek—Agapo.

Russian—Ljubilju.

Dutch—Ik benim.

Breton—Karan.

Japanese—Watakust wasuki masu.

Cambodge—Khuhom sieland.

Danish—Jeg elsker.

Swedish—Jag alskar.

Polish—Kocham.

Basque—Maitatzendent.

Hungarian—Varok.

French—J'aime.

Turkish—Sereporum.

Algerian Arabic—Nehabb.

Egyptian Arabic—Ne'f'al.

Persian—Doust darem.

Armenian—Gesirem.

Hindustani—Main bolta.

Annamite—Oui ta ong.

Chinese—Oui bi bouan.

Malayan—Sahayuska.

Volapuk—Lofob.

WRINKLES.

Worry continues to be easily the best anti-fat.

Sin may be ugly, but it often takes to beauty culture.

A man's opinion of himself is far from being imperial.

If you must make your mark, use chalk—it will rub off.

Most men have ambition, but it's application that counts.

Love makes the world go round because it intoxicates a fellow.

He is a fortunate man who never knows when he gets the worst of it.

It is easy to laugh at misfortune until you get a personal introduction.

The world owes you a living, but you must be your own debt-collector.

The man who has had the most trouble living generally worries most about dying.

You can't judge of a man's importance from the noise he makes at the telephone.

Any fool can learn from experience, but it is only the wise and profits from the experience of others.

ASSOCIATION OF IDEAS.

Going to sleep in church is likely to be no more awkward than waking up suddenly in church. An item in a country paper aptly illustrates this. No doubt the lady, who behaved herself admirably under the circumstances, was quite as much embarrassed as her husband.

Major Young went to sleep Sunday in church just before the plate was passed. He snored for a while in a ladylike manner, but suddenly let out a few links that sounded like a trombone solo.

At that point his wife jabbed him in the ribs with her elbow, which awakened him sufficiently to remark, "Let me alone! Get up and build the fire yourself. It's your turn."

SMOKING IN CHURCH.

At the present day smoking is common in the South American churches. A recent visitor to Peru records that in the church of La Merced, Lima, he noticed one of the congregation enjoying a cigar while the service was going on, and through the open door of the sacristy he caught a glimpse of a bishop who was about to preach.

The preacher was attired in full episcopal robes, and had tucked a handkerchief under his chin to prevent these being soiled by ashes. In Lima Cathedral, smoking is so far recognized that a spittoon is placed in each of the stalls set apart for the chapter.

SALAD HELPS.

Mix salt thoroughly through your minced potatoes before adding the dressing to prevent flat taste.

If mustard is mixed with vinegar instead of water it will not dry out.

Vegetables for salad should be thoroughly dry or the dressing will not stick.

Mix the flour and sugar together dry for dressing, then add boiled water and stir.

Stir mayonnaise with an egg beater if hurried. For smooth dressing blend with a fork, not a spoon. If the vinegar is heated before adding to the dressing it will not curdle.

Mak a slit through the cork of the olive oil bottle and prop the bottle right angle, then the oil is dropped into the dressing without contaminating it.

Keep the dressing from getting into the salad by covering the bowl with a piece of waxed paper.

FAMOUS WINTERS.

In 1269 the entire width of the

Baltic Sea was crossed by sledge.

In 1339 a great many persons were

frozen to death in England. In

1403 the Danube was frozen up

from her estuary in the Black Sea.

In 1409 all vines in France were

killed by frost. In 1609 and 1639

the port of Marseilles was frozen

over and there was great suffering

and distress. In 1709 France was

ice-bound from north to south, the

ice extending for miles seaward.

Birds and animals died of cold.

HOUSEKEEPER'S ALPHABET.

Apples—Keep in dry place as cool

as possible without freezing.

Brooms—Hang in the cellarway

to keep soft and pliant.

Cranberries—Keep under water in cellar; change water monthly.

Dish of hot water set in oven prevents cakes, etc., from scorching.

Economize time, health and means and you will never beg.

Flour—Keep cool, dry and securely covered.

Glass—Clean with a quart of water mixed with tablespoon of

ammonia.

DAINTY DISHES.

Orange Hint.—Oranges nicely

peeled and quartered, then dipped in melted isinglass and rolled in powdered sugar, make a nice side dish.

Sausages are often badly cooked and browned only in streaks. This may be avoided by pricking them with a fork, then fry in butter or lard, turning frequently until thoroughly cooked. Sausages need to cook rather slowly after they are browned.

Convent Eggs.—Make some good

onion sauce, and let it simmer for

five minutes. Season with pepper

and salt, and put on a hot dish;

<p

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1910.

Racetrack Gambling

The prediction that this session of Parliament would not be allowed to close without legislation designed to curb the evils of racetrack gambling was verified last Friday when the Miller Bill as amended was put through the House of Commons and sent up to the Senate.

The amended bill is a distinct improvement over the existing legislation, and will eliminate many of the evils which led up to the introduction of the Miller Bill in its original form. It prohibits betting as a business, on horse racing as on other trials of skill, except on the grounds of incorporated associations under limited conditions. It more clearly defines the meaning of the word "place" as applied to bookmakers. It prohibits poolrooms, pool-selling, advertising of tips, and advance information on odds, in connection with bookmaking or betting as a business. It will put an end to transmission by telegraph or telephone of advance information or tips, and it limits the period of racing, during which bookmakers will be allowed, to two periods of seven days in each year on the tracks of any incorporated association. It provides that race meets, at which bookmaking is allowed, shall not take place, except on the race track of an incorporated association; either now incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated, within the radius of three miles of any Canadian city or town, having a population of not less than 15,000; and it provides that in the case of race meetings, at which trotting or pacing is the feature, bookmaking shall not be allowed if the meet shall be continued for more than three days in one week or more than fourteen days in one year.

With both parties equally anxious to pass the bill as amended, it is expected it will pass with little or no opposition.

Decline of Rural Population.

The great attraction of the western provinces, with the opportunities there presented for acquiring wealth more rapidly than in the older provinces, has caused an actual decline in population in many, if not all sections of rural Ontario. The cities and towns are growing in population, some of them rapidly, owing to manufactures, and this accounts for some of the decrease in the rural sections but not nearly all. The Weekly Sun claims that this is the principal cause of the changes in population, but we are inclined to think that "the lure of the west" is a great factor in bringing about this result. The Sun says:

"The statement is frequently made that the loss of rural population is due to the introduction of labor-saving implements on the farm. Certainly binders, horse rakes, and disc harrows have seduced labor in one direction. But changes of other kinds call for an increase of labor, where farming is properly carried on, in other directions. The change from grain farming to stock and dairying, with the call for roots and corn to be used in feeding, renders it necessary to employ more labor on the land, if the best results are to be attained, than was employed half a century ago. But the labor is not being employed, and the best results are not being attained. Why? Largely because bonuses and protected industries have been put in a position to outbid the farmer in the labor market. There are other causes, but this is the chief one."

One thing is certain, the scarcity of farm help, and the increase in wages is becoming a serious problem to farmers as well as others.

The storm which struck Manitoba on Friday continued without intermission throughout Saturday and Sunday. Several inches of snow have fallen in the Dakotas, Minnesota and Iowa, and great damage to the fruit crop is feared. Snow has also fallen in Texas and New Mexico.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has for sometime been experimenting with flax straw. The experiments have demonstrated that the waste straw can, by a new process be converted into rope and textiles, and the company will urge this campaign is to be made at Sault.

According to the new game act recently passed at the Legislature a hunter may only take one deer instead of two as formerly. The open season for grouse, pheasant, partridge, and woodcock has been reduced from three months to one month. The open season for wild turkey, quail and duck will open on the 10th instead of the 1st of September.

Four hundred and fifty Salvation Army emigrants sailed for Canada last Thursday. Many of them had sums up to £100 and over. Last week's batch of emigrants, 800, it is estimated, possessed a total capital of £30,000. It is expected that the 100,000 emigrants who will leave for Canada this year will represent a total capital of nearly £5,000,000 in cash. Hundreds of emigrants are now paying £8 extra via New York, because they are unable to obtain a direct passage to Canada.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak stomach, or stimulating the heart or kidneys is all wrong. Dr. Shoop first pointed out this error. This is the true prescription—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is based entirely to the cause of these ailments—the weak inside or controlling nerves. It isn't a weak stomach, heart or kidneys if one goes at it correctly. These nerves are the organs that control all the organs. When these nerves fail, then those organs must run amuck. These vital truths are leading drugs. Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test it a few days and feel improvement will promptly and surely follow. Sold by J. S. Morton.

CONNORS' CANADIAN SCHEME.

Buffalo Man Once Became Very Interested in the Dominion.

William J. Connors, of Buffalo, better known as "Fingy" Connors, has of recent years broken into the American magazines against his will. Since he became boss of the New York State Democracy, the muck-rakers have been after him in full cry. His parents were Canadian Irish, but he was born in western New York State fifty-three years ago. He has risen from the position of dock laborer and keeper of a tough liquor dive, to the control of the grain-shoveling business of the American ports on the great lakes, and is a power in the Democratic party. Even the great William Randolph Hearst had to form an alliance with "Fingy" when he sought the Democratic nomination for governor of the state. He controls journals in Buffalo of a more or less yellow character, The Courier and The Enquirer. Some ten years ago Connors developed a temporary affection for Canada, the country of his parents. It was at a time when he was at war with the longshoremen of Buffalo and seeing himself beaten, he threatened to ruin Buffalo as a center of grain transhipment by establishing vast elevators at Montreal and Port Colborne, the southerly entrance of the Welland Canal. Hon. Richard Harcourt acted as his Canadian representative and the proposal went so far that when a party of Fenians tried to blow up the Welland Canal, it was generally believed for a few days that the conspiracy was the work of Buffalo grain-scoopers, grown desperate at the thought that Connors was going to permanently destroy their means of livelihood. Shortly afterward a settlement was reached between Connors and the "Scopers," and he immediately laid down on the Canadian proposal. Whether it was a bluff from the start, it is difficult to say. As a matter of fact, the proposition which Connors made respecting this elevator building was most unbalanced, and had he carried it out "Fingy" would have gone broke.

Veteran of Many Battles.

The Hon. Maurice Raymond Gifford, C.M.G., who intends, if possible, to come to Canada to participate in the union of Riel Rebellion veterans upon the occasion of the 21st anniversary of the capture of Batoche, served as a private in Capt. French's scouts during the rebellion. Although called scouts, the little troop raised at Fort Qu'Appelle by Capt. French was really an independent cavalry troop, doing very little real scouting duty. The men had to supply their own arms, horses and equipment and were paid five dollars a day. Young Gifford and a number of other young English gentlemen were farming in the Qu'Appelle Valley at the time, and with the adventurous spirit of their kind, they readily enrolled themselves for the campaign. Gifford, who is the fourth son of Baron Gifford of Amprey Park, Gloucestershire, had been educated on the training ship Worcester and had for a short time served as an officer in the mercantile marine. In 1882 he left the sea and went to Egypt as galloper for a newspaper correspondent, at the end of the campaign coming to Canada, going to the Northwest and taking up land. Few who participated in the campaign of 1885 associated the private of French's corps with the heroic Gifford of the Metabéte campaign of 1896. When the Metabéte campaign of 1896 occurred he raised two troops of irregular cavalry which were called "Gifford's Horse," and with which he performed distinguished service. He was at length severely wounded and had to have one of his arms amputated at the shoulder. The Boer war, despite his maimed condition, drew him out to South Africa, where he joined the Kimberley Mounted Corps, serving under Col. Mahon's staff at the relief of Mafeking.

Not So Dry as He Thought.

The other day a prominent divine connected with the Social and Moral Reform League, and the Lord's Day Alliance, and the Methodist Church, visited the House of Commons. He wished to appear in committee and make certain objections to proposed legislation that was being put forward in certain private bills. He appeared in the committee, made his objections, but the bills went on their way just the same.

"The moral and spiritual life of the people," he contended, "would be killed."

This much he confided to several of his acquaintances who were loitering around the lobbies. He asked for their support, and these obliging Parliamentarians took the reverend divine to one of the round tables in the green baize room. The waiter appeared and asked for the orders he took down everything from Scotch and soda to beer.

"Surely you do not sell liquor here," said the preacher.

"Oh, yes, sir," was the response.

"And just to think, I have been preaching for three years that you Liberals had abolished the bar in the House of Commons. No, thank you, nothing to-day," he replied.

And meanwhile the reverend divine discussed the observance of the Lord's Day while his companions drank their Scotch.

Creamery Education.

The Dominion dairy commissioner, J. A. Ruddick, has completed arrangements for carrying on an extensive series of experiments during the present season, having for its object the improvement of the creamery industry in Canada. The work will be in charge of G. H. Barr, chief of the dairy division, assisted by J. G. Bourdage, creamery expert, and other members of the dairy staff.

The experiments will be conducted at a creamery and at the farms of some of its patrons, somewhat on lines of the experiments in the cooling and treatment of milk conducted by Mr. Barr during the past two seasons.

The exports of butter have fallen off during recent years, but there is no decrease in the quantity manufactured, and it is important that the quality should be of the highest class and that the creameries should be conducted on economical lines.

DR. SHEARD AND SMALLPOX.

Medical Health Officer Has No Fear of the Dread Disease.

It was not the insolence of wealth that has made Dr. Sheard's figure stand out in his position as medical health officer of the city in sharp silhouette against the dark background of the City Council. It has been rather a certain strength that made itself known often in indifference to convention, but which could be traced in many finer little acts of heroism and courtesy, if followed by the careful eye. Dr. Sheard has never "worked" a salient exercise for himself. But he fought tooth and nail for adequate compensation for the underlings in his department—and every one who worked for him at the City Hall got a plump turkey as often as Christmas came round.

One bitter day in winter the health officer called on his rounds at the Smallpox Hospital. There had been a particularly virulent case of the disease, and the victim had died. The hospital staff at the time was short-handed, and there was nobody to lay the victim out—she was a woman—except a nurse and the ambulance driver. The body was in such a repulsive condition that these two had been driven from the room after raising the window in the vain hope of sterilizing the atmosphere by frigidity.

The two explained the situation to Dr. Sheard.

"All right," said he. "It's a horrible job and you only get \$15 a week. Leave it to me."

And he entered the death-chamber, removed the frozen bedclothes from the body, closed the eyes of the corpse, straightened out her limbs and arrayed the body decently for burial.

"It was part of the day's work," he said afterwards, quietly.

Smallpox has no personal terrors for Charles Sheard, M.D., but as a physician he dreads it above all other plagues. He has put up the most strenuous fight against it ever waged by any health officer, and Toronto's particularly low smallpox record is a lasting monument to his painstaking ability. Personally he is as indifferent to it as though a proven "immune"—but his reliance is based solely upon precautions. Charles Sheard's left arm, from wrist to shoulder is a mass of tiny cicatrices—the marks of repeated self-vaccinations, for he practices what he preaches. At one time he counted forty-seven of these little scars, and while he must undoubtedly have become thoroughly inoculated against smallpox it is quite probable that having acquired the habit he will continue to vaccinate himself yearly, at least till the end of his days.

A Well-Known Entertainer.

The reports in the Montreal papers a few days ago of the death of Mr. George R. Prowse will recall to the minds of many thousands of Canadians whose recollections go back as far as thirty years or so, the fact that in the late seventies and early eighties, Mr. Prowse held a very conspicuous place in Canada as an entertainer. His medium of contributing to the amusement and edification of Canadians was a powerful and elaborately equipped magic lantern, which was such a satisfactory apparatus that it was constantly in requisition. Mr. Prowse purchased his first lantern as an auxiliary to his Sunday School and Band of Hope work at St. George's Church, but he found the operation of the machine so interesting and useful that he kept on acquiring improvements until he had the best lime-light lantern that money could buy. Then he and his apparatus were in constant demand by scientific institutions, schools, and religious and benevolent bodies. In his specialty Mr. Prowse assisted some of the greatest lecturers of the age—Lord Rayleigh, Sir William Thompson (now Lord Kelvin) Paul du Chaillu, the African explorer; Greeley and Cheyne, the Arctic navigators; Sir William Dawson, Dr. Graham Bell, Sir Sanford Fleming, Neil Dow, etc., etc. Mr. Prowse and his machine were well known from Winnipeg to Halifax, and were frequently requisitioned by scientists and public men called upon to lecture in New York, Boston and Portland. There are few Canadians who have been privileged to contribute to any thing like the same degree to the enlightenment and amusement of their fellow-countrymen.

Coal In Lambton.

John R. Conlon of Sombra Township, while drilling a well at Port Lambton recently, noticed black material coming up with the earth and rock from the well. An examination of the particles showed that the drill was working in a vein of soft coal. The well is on the W. H. McDonald property, recently purchased by W. J. Kane. The coal was struck at six feet from the bottom and after drilling six feet into the coal the body was found too hard to drill.

Calvin Currie of Algonac brought a gentleman from Detroit to examine the showing, who pronounced it a good sample of soft coal and took samples with him to Detroit for further examination.

Specimens of the coal were taken to Sarnia and tested by burning.

There is talk in Port Lambton of putting down a few more shafts to determine the extent of the coal body. Other wells have been sunk in the vicinity in past years without any showing of coal, but it is pointed out that none of them reached the 150 foot depth.

Peter, the Grenadiers' Pet.

The story is told of a pet of the Grenadier Guardsmen. This was some seventy years ago when the 1st Battalion of the regiment was serving out in Canada. One night while a sentry was on duty pacing up and down his lonely boat, he saw a goose limping towards him over the frozen snow. The bird had broken its leg, and the soldier carried it off to the regimental surgeon, who set the limb in splints. Peter, as he was called, had a grateful nature, and on his recovery attached himself to the troops. A few days afterward he saved the life of a comrade, and by flying in the face of a rebel who was just about to fire at him. The Grenadiers brought Peter home with them to London, and he lived to enjoy a ripe old age at the Tower.

Graphic.

Rheumatic poisons are quickly and surely driven out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Restorative Fluid or tablet form. Dr. Shoop's booklet on Rheumatism pain and interestingly tells just how this is done. Tell some sufferer of this book, or better still, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., for book and free test samples. Send no money, and go with Dr. Shoop and have some sufferer a pleasant surprise. Sold by J. S. Morton.

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Butter and eggs taken in exchange for goods.

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For Sale

Lots 2 and 3 on the east side of John street in the village of Stirling. A small barn on one lot. For terms and further particulars apply to

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NOTICE!

To Parties who might have Accounts against the Federal Electric Construction Company:

All accounts for material and supplies must be mailed to Box 133, or delivered to the Company's Office at Madoc. Any accounts that are not presented before the completion of the construction of the Sey mour Power Co.'s transmission line will not be recognized.

The Federal Electric Construction Co. Madoc, March 28th, 1910.

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On Saturday, April 23rd, 10c. per box.

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L. O. L. NO. 110

Meets in Lodge Room, the first Friday evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

GEO. E. MORROW, Rec. Secretary.

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY No. 505

Meets in the Orange Hall on the 2nd Monday in each month.

E. A. MORROW, W. Preceptor.

E. D. Morrow, Registrar.

MEDICAL CARD

ISAAC WOOD, M.A., M.D., C.M., member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, of the Medical Faculty of Queen's University, and of the staff of the Kingston General Hospital.

Consultant and Specialist in Surgery.

203 King St. E., Kingston, Phone 333.

PERSONALS.

Mr. T. Hume and Miss Florence Bissonnette are home from Queen's University.

Miss Mac Currie, who has been on the Oshawa "Reformer" staff for the past six months, returned home on Monday, and is now on the New-Argus staff.

Physical Exercise

A New York doctor, who is an authority on physical exercise, says that one does not want to pursue those exercises that simply give hardness of muscles. Hard muscles are not desirable. They do not he says "improve the powers for intelligent work, good digestion, sleep or a long life." It is a great thing for a person to say, "see how hard my muscles are," but according to this authority hard muscles are not necessary.

The exercise the doctor prescribes is long walks in the country, especially, in company where there is wholesome and pleasant conversation. The mind, and the heart must keep alongside the physical exercise or neither will benefit, nor will the strain that so often accompanies the gymnastic practice.

Exercise must be a thoughtful and kindly experience. Here is where the influence of the mind over the body appears. So often do we consider this relation in disease, but it is just as potent in health. Man needs cheerful exercise, that which works mind and body in agreeable companionship.

Walks must not be violent exercise: frantic efforts to put the muscles to the test. It must be leisurely and quiet rather, in order to allow the thoughts recreation and the eyes opportunity to rest. This is the health process according to this authority, and it seems sensible.

The C. P. R. will spend \$2,000,000 on irrigation work this year.

A French Company has a scheme to supply all Palestine with power from the River Jordan.

Frances O'Brien, aged two years was killed by a train at Peterboro', while running to meet her father.

A majority of Congregational churches have, so far as heard from, voted in favor of Church union.

Mancuro the Italian, who shot a couple of his fellow countrymen, was sentenced at Coburg to twenty-five years in pententiary.

The Annual Militia training camps this Summer will be held at London, Niagara and Kingston. The camps at London and Kingston will open June 8th, and at Niagara on the 14th.

Twenty-five men were killed by a landslide on the National Transcontinental at Cooocoocoochee, 200 miles north of Three Rivers. One of the big landslides had occurred a few days before, and the men were engaged in removing the debris when the whole side of a mountain gave way above them. Of those killed twenty were Italians, three English and two French-Canadian.

A little Romanian lad aged 14, went to Winnipeg two years ago, unable to speak a word of English. Since that time he has succeeded in learning the language to a certain extent, has attended school, and by selling news-papers managed not only to support himself, but to send \$10 a month to his widowed mother at home to assist in supporting the little family. Besides this he has saved \$50 towards the \$100 required to pay the mother's passage to this country.

Your tongue is coated.

Your breath is foul.

These symptoms prove that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows: To Regular Advertisers—Three lines and under, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines, 50 cents per line. Matter set in larger than the ordinary type, 100c. per line each insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE. Trains call at Stirling station as follows: GOING WEST. GOING EAST. Mail & Ex... 6:05 a.m. Passenger... 10:27 a.m. Mail & Ex... 8:41 p.m. Passenger... 6:55 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1910.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Epworth League of Rawdon circuit have presented the parsonage with a fine parlor rug.

Rev. G. W. Henderson of Peterboro' and Mr. W. S. Gordon of Tweed will be the out-of-town speakers at the A. B. C. banquet in the Methodist church tomorrow evening.

The quarterly meeting of Rawdon circuit will be held on Sunday, May 1st, at Mount Pleasant church. The Official Board will meet at the same place on Saturday, April 30th, at 2 p.m.

A couple of weeks ago we noted a large hen's egg weighing 4½ ounces. A few days ago Mr. W. R. Girdwood presented us with the smallest hen's egg we have ever seen. It is about the size of a medium-sized bird's egg, and weighs one dram and seven grains.

A Magistrate's court was held on Monday last before Mr. Bird and Wm. Meiklejohn, J. P.'s, when the adjourned cases against Mr. A. Dunkley and T. Neal, charged with illegal selling of liquor, were disposed of. Mr. Dunkley was fined \$100 or three months in jail. The charge against Mr. Neal was dismissed.

The River Valley branch of the Women's Institute held their regular meeting at Mrs. Fred Vandervoort's on April 7th. There were eighteen present. As this was the first meeting at which all the officers were there, quite a long time was spent in social chat and discussion. Recipes were exchanged. Also had a recitation and some music. The next meeting is at the home of Mrs. Wm. Bush the first Thursday afternoon in May, at two o'clock. Come and bring a friend with you.

Mrs. Ann Ferguson received word a few days ago of the death of Mr. George Ferguson, brother of the late H. S. Ferguson of this village, at Soundingale, Sask. He passed away suddenly on Wednesday evening last, having been in his usual health up to that time. The deceased was formerly a resident of Rawdon township, but was a resident of Prince Edward county for some time previous to his removal to the west about six years ago. He was in his 92nd year. He leaves a widow, six sons and four daughters to mourn his death. Three sons and a daughter are in the west, two sons and a daughter in Prince Edward county, and one son and two daughters in New York state.

A very successful "Sociable" was conducted by the Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Stirling, on Monday evening last. The ladies provided a very tasty lunch and a short program of music. Candy and popcorn were sold from a booth, games played in the Young Men's room, and altogether a pleasant evening was spent.

It was well named a "sociable," as there was a very representative gathering of the people of Stirling and the surrounding community, and no one was permitted to sit in a corner and be lonesome. The ladies of St. Andrew's proved themselves worthy of their good reputation as entertainers. When all expenses are paid there will be about thirty-five dollars in the Ladies' Aid purse as a result of the evening.

The familiar saying that "music hath charms" was again verified by the many expressions of appreciation and delight heard at the close of the organ and song recital in the Methodist church last evening. J. H. Smith, Mus. Doc., organist, and Miss Roberts Elliott, soprano soloist, of Crescent church, Montreal, were the artists. Dr. Smith presided at the opening of the pipe organ in November last, and the Ladies' Aid, under whose auspices the recital was held, were fortunate in securing this master musician again. Miss Elliott possesses a rich and sweet soprano voice, and her selections were greatly enjoyed. Following is the program given:

1 Organ—March in C Major. — Lewis 2 Organ—Prayer and Gratitude Song. — Woodburn 3 Soprano Solo—Rock of Ages. — Johnston 4 Organ—Overture to Tancred — Rossini 5 Sop. Solo—The Swallows — Cowen 6 Organ—(a) Procession du Sacrement. — Chauvet (b) Melode in F — Rubenstein (c) Capriccio — Lemaigne

Intermission.

1 Organ—Wedding March—Lifebury Webb — Meditation — Lepriore 2 Soprano Solo—Evening and Morning — Gregory Smith 3 Organ—Scotch Carol — Guilmant 4 Sop. Solo—It Was a Lover and His Lass — Reinhard 5 Organ—(a) Intermezzo (Cavalierina Kossuth) — Mascagni (b) Closing Postlude — Battiste

Card of Thanks

I take the present opportunity through the New-Argus of thanking all for the sympathy shown me during my sad affliction, and also for the very generous donation recently received.

A. W. GREEN, April 18, 1910.

Preventics—those Candy Cold Cure Tablets—will safely and quickly check all colds and the grippe. To remove the cause is the first thing. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

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Stirling Cheese Board

The Stirling cheese board met for organization for the season on Tuesday afternoon last. Though the weather was unfavorable there was a good attendance.

The following officers were elected for the present year:

C. W. Thompson, President. Fred Jeffs, 1st Vice President. Geo Burkitt, 2nd Vice President. J. W. Sager, Sec. Treas. W. S. Martin and Geo. A. Johnson, Auditors.

There were 255 boxes of cheese offered for sale. Of these 210 were sold to W. Cook and son, Belville, at 11 9/16c. Balance unsold. The Board meets again on Tuesday next at 4 o'clock.

The April Rod and Gun

The manifold delights of the days with the rod and line, the season for which is now so near at hand, finds some able exponents in the April number of Rod and Gun in Canada, published by Woodstock, Ontario. The immense advantages of the fine Algonquin Park for fishing vacations, and descriptions of some of its many wonderful lakes, is given prominence in a beautifully illustrated article, the writer having had the privilege of accompanying the hardy Rangers on some of their rounds. Two good bear stories, one of duck hunting, a tale of a good dog, and game bird hunting by Motor Car, add variety, and give increased interest to an excellent number. Not merely no fisherman, but no sportsman should be without its bright informative companion.

Anson News

Mrs. Johnson and daughter, Rachel, are visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Weaver.

Mrs. J. R. Maines, of Tweed, is staying at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hubble.

Mrs. Sine, of Toronto, visited Mrs. G. Hagerman on Thursday last.

Mr. D. Rutherford was the guest of Mr. W. A. Weaver for a few days.

Mr. Guy Winters, of Campbellford, called on Anson friends.

The Misses Solmes, of Hartsmere, visited Miss Rosa Hanna for a few days last week.

Taxing Improvements Wrong

Land Values only Should be Assessed

The Berlin "Daily Telegraph" sums up the situation in Ontario as it now develops:

The following news items, clipped from the local press when placed side by side, may well cause the province of Ontario to sit up and take notice, or else as the preacher says at the momentous occasion, forever after hold their peace, as she sees her people leaving for more modern and justly governed places.

Manitoba in so far as rural values are concerned, does not tax the farmers improvements, but only assesses the value of the land. The immediate tendency is to break the land up in small lots and highly improve it."

Edmonton, however, is the better example of taxing land values. It has in the past five or six years increased from a population of 5,000, to one of 25,000. This rapid increase has caused a tremendous rise in the value of land, a tendency that has been assisted by the public ownership of street cars, gas, water, lighting and telephone systems—the latter a general government concern. Yet the value is not a speculative one but a real one, and building is fully up to the land boom."

Vancouver B.C., has just taken off all taxes on land values. The result is the greatest building boom in the history of the city."

Through the entire Province of Alberta there is no tax upon improvements among the farmers."

"There are 62,000 farmers less in Ontario than there were eight years ago. All gone West or into the cities."

Waterloo County, Ontario, has for some time exempted all rural improvements from taxation, the result being that when you cross the line from any direction, into Waterloo, it is like coming into another country for thrift and enterprise."

"Already this Spring more than a thousand Ontario families have gone West to settle where their personal enterprise will not be subject to taxation."

To meet this alarming condition a petition from 250 municipalities, including all the principal cities of the province was one, asking that power be given them to put a higher rate on land values than upon improvement was rejected by the Government the only reason given being "lack of uniformity" which describes the position exactly.

To meet the objection of the Government and at the same time relieve them of embarrassment pending a closer review of all assessments, it is now proposed to organize the whole province, so that a complete popular demand may leave no room for doubt as to the wish of the people upon this proposition or the further demand for the power of initiative and referendum, so that these popular measures can be taken up and the province brought to the front with other countries without embarrassment of any kind to the Government. Already some twenty-five local associations have been formed and a great quantity of printing matter distributed.

F. E. Coulter, provincial secretary for the movement accompanied by Prof. C. B. Newton, humorist, are now in the field speaking and organizing. Requests for their services should be sent to Room 4B, No. 76 Yonge St., Toronto.

Card of Closing

I take the present opportunity through the New-Argus of thanking all for the sympathy shown me during my sad affliction, and also for the very generous donation recently received.

A. W. GREEN, April 18, 1910.

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BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

In the Spring Most People Need
a Tonic Medicine.

If you want new health and new strength in the spring you must build up your blood with a tonic medicine. Following the long indoor winter months most people feel depressed and easily tired. This means that the blood is impure and watery. It is this state of the blood that causes pimples and unsightly eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia; poor appetite, frequent headaches and a desire to avoid exertion. You can't cure these troubles by the use of purgatives; you need a tonic and a tonic only, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood, which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ, and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired out, ailing men, women and children. If you are feeling out of sorts give this medicine a trial, it will not disappoint you.

Mr. Paul Charbonneau, a young man well known in the town of St. Jerome, Que., is one of the host who bear testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He says: "When I left school I became a bookkeeper in an important office. Probably due to confinement I began to suffer from indigestion and loss of strength. I became pale and seemingly bloodless and was often seized with palpitation of the heart and violent headaches. I tried several remedies, but they did not do me a bit of good. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and did so, and the use of eight boxes brought me back to perfect health and strength. I have since enjoyed the best of health and cannot say too much in praise of this valuable medicine."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOW IT HAPPENS.

Mr. Stubb—"Man up in the extreme end of Alaska writes to his wife every mail."

Mrs. Stubb—"My! What an affectionate husband!"

Mr. Stubb—"Oh, I don't know. There is only one mail a year up there."

HOW TO MAKE BABY SLEEP

The baby that cries half the night does not cry for nothing. It cries because it is not well, and has no other means of saying so. The chances are the trouble is due to some upsetting of the stomach or bowels, which would be speedily removed if the child were given a dose of baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets make children sleep soundly and naturally because they remove the cause of the crossness and wakefulness. They are a blessing to children and a relief to worried mothers. Mrs. John Sickles, Douglastown, N. B., says: "If anything ails my little ones the first thing I give them is a dose of Baby's Own Tablets and they are soon well again." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The church that knows nothing of the alley knows nothing of the man who went about doing good.

"Perfectly Trustworthy" is the character of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It can be used with the utmost confidence that it will do what is claimed for it. It is sure in its effects, as the use of it will clearly demonstrate and can be relied upon to drive a cold out of the system more effectively than any other medicine. Try it and be convinced that it is what it is claimed to be.

The religion that costs you nothing costs too much.

No Substitute for "D & L" Menthol Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospitals, clergy and every one for pleurisy, asthma, etc.

THE TEST.

True "Do you think he was sin- cere when he said he loved you?" Dolly—"I'm sure of it. He looked too foolish to be making believe."



THEY TOOK HIM OUT OF HIS BED

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED
MR. F. MC AULIFFE'S
LUMBAGO.

Lachute, Man. After Fourteen
Years Suffering, finds Health and
Strength in an Old Reliable Kid-
ney Remedy.

Lachute, Que., April 18 (Special)
—After fourteen years of suffering, which started from pleurisy, followed by dropsical swellings, and culminated in Lumbago, and confined him to his bed, Malachi F. McAuliffe, a well-known resident of this place, has entirely recovered his health, and he says without hesitation, "I am sure I owe it entirely to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"I was laid up with Pleurisy, which affected my kidneys," Mr. McAuliffe continues. "I suffered a great deal of pain, especially in my back. I was also terribly troubled with dropsical swellings, and finally, after many attempts to get rid of my trouble, I found myself compelled to give up and was confined to my bed with Lumbago. I tried many medicines but they failed to do me any good. Then I turned to Dodd's Kidney Pills, and after taking one box I felt greatly relieved. I took several more boxes and found myself completely cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure any and all forms of Kidney Disease.

ENIGMATIC.

"Drinking is a disease with you. Dryup. Are you doing anything for it?"

"Yes, sir; I'm getting treated, sir."

NO TROUBLE ABOUT THAT.

Pa—"But, young man, do you think you can make my little girl happy?"

Suitor—"Do I? Say, I wish you could 'a seen her when I proposed!"

FOR THE PUBLIC

New Formula Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Hoarseness in Five Hours.

Much is being done in these days to stop the ravages of consumption, but probably nothing has been so effective as teaching the public how to break up a cold and cure coughs, bronchitis, tonsilitis, etc., with simple home-mixed medicine. A laxative cough syrup, free from whiskey, is the prime need. A cough indicates inflammation and congestion and these in turn are due to an excess of waste and poisons in the system. A tonic laxative cough syrup rids the system of congestion, while relieving the painful coughing. Get the following and mix at home: One-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Shake the bottle and take twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times daily. Give children less, according to age. Cut this out and save it for some friend."

Give the reverse lever a yank when you find yourself talking too much.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A gossip believes everything she hears, and takes the rest for granted.

Nip Disease in the Bud.—It is difficult to eradicate a disease after it has become seated, therefore it is wise to take any ailment in its initial stages and by such remedies as are sufficient, stop it in its course. Cold is the commonest complaint of man, and when neglected leads to serious results. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will cure the severest cold or most violent cough.

CASH AND CREDIT.

Father, what is meant by bankruptcy?"

"Bankruptcy is when you put your money in your hip pocket and let your creditors take your coat."

It is only necessary to read the testimonies to be convinced that Holloway's Cold Cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extinguisher.

THE UNSEWN WITNESS.

The lecturer was growing very vehement in the course of his oratory. His subject was, "How to be happy through marriage."

"As we all know," he cried, "the duty of a wife is to be a loving helpmate to her husband by cooking his food, attending to the various requirements, conducting properly his household affairs, and so on, and so on."

"Ah," sighed the little man in front, "they never perform that last duty!"

"Which one is that?" asked the lecturer.

"Why?" explained the little man, "saw on, and sew on!" and he exhibited his shirt cuffs, which were fastened with pins.



STOCKS.

Edward CRONYN & Co.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
Safe Investments Write for weekly
Circular on securities.
We have moved to
our new building, 90 Bay St., Toronto.

COBALT SILVER AND PORCUPINE
gold stocks bought and sold. Prop-
erty for purchase and financed. Write
for particulars, P. S. Hartson, 25 Mamm-
ing Avenue, Toronto, Ont.

THE FOLLY OF OUR WAYS.
Like men who move with sightless
eyes,

We stumble through our days,
And leave our souls to emphasize
The folly of our ways.

Time and again the drunkard's lips
Indulge their low desire,
And all the time he slips and slips
Into a hopeless mire.

Time and again the spendthrift's
hands

Are busy wasting all;
While surely move the shifting
sands

That bear him to his fall.

Time and again the gambler takes
The risks of reckless play;
While in his heart the canker makes
Its all-destroying way.

Time and again we give to those
We love the words that pain;
While through the mill our consci-
ence goes

Till we are friends again.

Some day, perhaps—it may not be
Till in our twilight days,
Too late to alter—we shall see
The folly of our ways.

CURED HIS BLADDER TROUBLE.

Mr. Herbert Bauer, of Davisville, says he owes Gin Pills a debt of gratitude which he can never repay. He suffered for years with Bladder Trouble, and could not pass urine except by much straining, which caused great pain.

Mr. Bauer sent for a free sample of Gin Pills. The first dose did him so much good that he ordered six boxes and began to take them regularly. A Month's treatment completely cured him.

You can try Gin Pills before you buy them. Write National Drug & Chemical Co. (Dept. W.L.), Toronto, for free sample. At all dealers, 50c a box, \$2.50.

"Clean, dry quarters are necessary for young lambs," says a stock journal. But any old quarters that will pass are good enough for most of us.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

The average man is never as big a fool as he might be if he associated with the fair sex more.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes.
Relieved by Murine Eye Remedy.
Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You
Will Like Murine. It Soothes Eye. At
Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books.
Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

It's easy to get up in the world.
Simply patronize an elevator going
that way.

Loss of Flesh, cough and pain in the chest may not mean consumption, but are bad signs. Allen's Lung Balsam. No opium in it. A good foot lasts. Take & bottle home
you this day.

"Papa, why do brides wear long veils?" "To conceal their satisfaction, I presume, my son."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has the largest sale of any similar preparation sold in Canada. It always gives satisfaction by restoring health to the little folks.

Children's Coughs

Cause the Little
One Much Unnecessary Suffering

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLD

Gives instant relief—soothes and heals the little
throats and prevents more serious illness. Children
like it too—please to take and does not upset
the stomach.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

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Raise Them Without Milk

Steele & Briggs Seed Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

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of satisfied users. Also

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1000 curios (mostly untried) facts about
Human Nature? Read Dr. Foote's
"Wonder" book on the delicate subjects
of Love, Marriage, Parenthood, Health,
Diseases, and Freaks. It is the result of
years of experience of a successful author
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to every man and woman. Contains
more vital facts than your doctor would
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ALLAN LINE

FAST

The "Victorian" and
"Virginian" are fitted
with Turbine Engines,

Triple Screws and
Long Distance

Mar. Tele. Graph.

The TURBINE
appointments are luxurious and include
Lounges, Cafes, Ladies' Boudoir, Library, etc.

Vibration is reduced to a minimum.

Sent for sailings, rates, etc., to
general Agency for Ontario.

The Allan Line, 77 Yonge St., Toronto.

LA GRIPPE

Arrested, and Consumption Cured

Mr. G. D. Colwell of Walkerville, Ont., was stricken down with La Grippe in 1906 and it left him in very bad condition. He says: "I was all run down and bordering on Consumption. I could not sleep straight, had awful aches, and coughed nearly the whole time. This is how I was when I began to take Psychine, in a jolly nervous state; but from the first I began to improve. It did a marvel for me and I feel much better in no time, making a new man of me. It fortifies the body against the attacks of La Grippe and is a sure preventative. I always take Psychine if I feel a cold coming on and it puts me right in no time."

NO HOME SHOULD BE
WITHOUT PSYCHINE

For Sale by All Druggists and Dealers, 50c & \$1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM
LIMITED,
TORONTO

PSYCHINE

PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN

BRASS BAND

BOOKS, VIDEOS, TOWNS BY BARGAINING

Information on the subject
of books, videos, towns, etc.,
with addresses.

WILLIAMSON

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 19.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$1.20 to \$4.25 in buyers' sacks on track, Toronto, and \$4.10 to \$4.15 outside, in buyers' sacks. Manitoba flour, first patents, \$5.70; second patents, \$5.20 to \$5.30, and strong bakers', \$5 to \$6.10, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.12, Bay ports, and No. 2 Northern, \$1.10, Bay ports. All rail prices \$1.17½ for No. 1 Northern, and \$1.15½ for No. 2.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white and red Winter, \$1.07 outside.

Barley—No. 2, 54 to 55c outside; No. 3 extra at 51 to 52c; No. 3 at 49 to 50c, and feed at 47 to 48c outside.

Oats—No. 2 Ontario white 36 to 36½c outside, and 38 to 38½c on track, Toronto. Canada West oats 40½c for No. 2, and 39½c for No. 3, Bay ports.

Peas—No. 2 for shipment, 76 to 78c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 68 to 68½c outside. Buckwheat—51 to 51½c outside for No. 2.

Corn—No. 2 kiln-dried American, 66½c to 67c, and No. 3 yellow, 64 to 64½c, Toronto freights. Canadian corn, 61 to 62c, Toronto freights.

Bran—Manitobas \$21 in bags, Toronto, and shorts at \$22, in bags, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—\$1.50 to \$2.50 per barrel, according to quality.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.15 per bushel. Honey—Combs, dozen, \$2 to \$2.50; extracted, 10½ to 11c per lb.

Baled hay—No. 1, \$15 to \$15.75 on track, and No. 2 at \$12 to \$13.

Baled straw—\$7.50 to \$7.75 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Ontarios, 35 to 40c per bag on track, and New Brunswicks 40 to 45c per bag.

Poultry—Boxed lots nominal.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound prints, 22 to 24c; large rolls, 20 to 22c; inferior, 18 to 20c; creamery, 30 to 32c; solids, 28 to 29c per lb.

Eggs—19 to 20c per dozen.

Cheese—13 to 13½c per lb. for large, and at 13½c for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 15½ to 16c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$29 to \$29.50; short cut, \$31 to \$32.

Hams—Light to medium, 18 to 19c; do., heavy, 16½ to 17c; rolls, 15½c; shoulders, 14 to 14½c; breakfast bacon, 19 to 20c; backs, 20 to 22c.

Lard—Tierces, 16½ to 16¾c; tubs, 17 to 17½c; pails, 17½c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 19.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 42 to 42½c; No. 3, 41 to 41½c; Ontario No. 2 white, 40c; Ontario No. 3 white, 39c; Ontario No. 4 white, 38c. Barley—No. 3, 60c; No. 4, 58c; feed barley, 56c.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; do., seconds, \$5.30; Winter wheat patents, \$5.60 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers', \$5.10; straight rollers, in bags, \$5.20; straight rollers, in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Feed—Ontario bran, \$9.2 to \$22.50; Ontario middlings, \$23.50 to \$24; Manitoba bran, \$20 to \$21; Manitoba shorts, \$22 to \$23; pure grain mouillie, \$32 to \$35; mixed mouillie, \$25 to \$28.

Cheese—12½ to 12¾c for white, and 12½ to 12¾c for colored. Butter—Old stock, 30c; new milk creamery, 31 to 31½c. Eggs—19 to 20c per dozen.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Chicago, April 19.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.10½ to \$1.11½; No. 3 red, \$1.07½ to \$1.10; No. 2 hard, \$1.09½ to \$1.11½; No. 3 hard, \$1.05 to \$1.06½; No. 3 Spring, \$1.05 to \$1.10½. Corn—No. 2, 57½ to 59c; No. 2 white, 60 to 60½c; No. 2 yellow, 58 to 58½c; No. 3, 56½ to 57c; No. 3 white, 59 to 59½c; No. 3 yellow, 57 to 57½c; No. 4, 52c; No. 4 white, 55 to 56c; No. 4 yellow, 52 to 53½c. Oats—No. 2, 42 to 42½c; No. 2 white, 45c; No. 3 white, 42½ to 44½c; No. 4 white, 45 to 46c; standard, 44½ to 45c.

Detroit, April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, \$1.10; No. 2 red, cash, \$1.04½.

GENERAL.

Austria is supposed to be behind the revolt of the Albanians against Turkey.

An English syndicate has bought a controlling interest in the Mexican Crude Rubber Company.

BIG ELEVATOR BURNED.

Three Hundred Thousand Dollar Loss at Calgary.

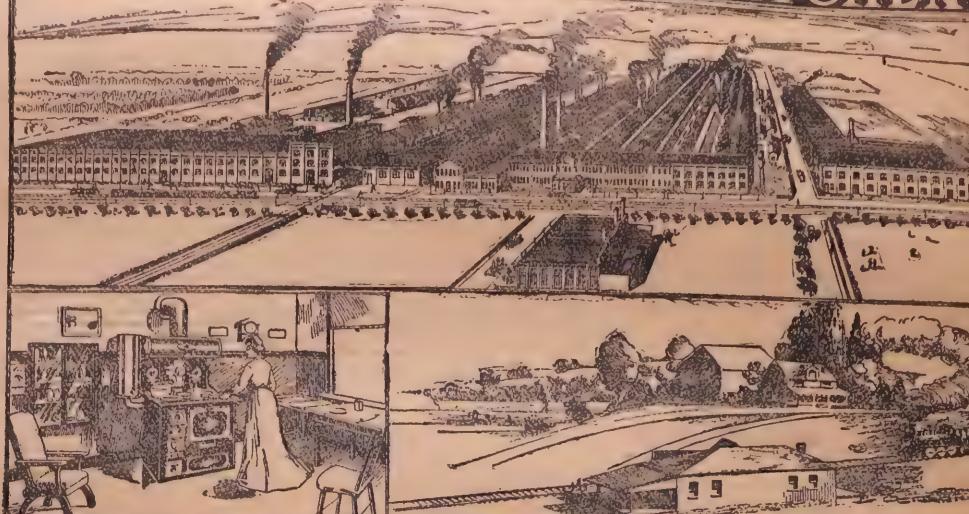
A despatch from Calgary, Alta., says: Fire broke out at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning in "B" elevator of the Calgary Milling Company. The cause was combustion, and 100,000 bushels of grain were burnt. The total loss in grain and buildings is \$300,000. The insurance is light. The elevator had a capacity of 250,000 bushels, and was ignited in 1905.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Montreal, April 19.—Choice steers brought \$8.25 to \$7; fair to good, \$5.10 to \$5.70; fair, \$4.50 to \$3.50; hogs, \$10; sows, \$9; sheep steady at \$4.75 to \$6, while lambs sold at \$7.50 to \$9. Calves brought at the way from \$2.50 to \$8.

Toronto, April 19.—Cows were again the feature of the market, a few extra choice animals selling up to the way from \$2.50 to \$8.

DIRECT from FACTORY to KITCHEN



SAVES all MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS

The "Dominion Pride" Range

MADE IN CANADA and is placed on the market in response to a demand for a Range combining the sterling qualities of Malleable Iron and Polished Steel, Cookers and Bakers, will Last a Lifetime with Proper Care. The ordinary cast iron range is at best a disappointing investment to the purchaser, so soon does it exhibit the effects of wear and tear, unavoidable in a range constructed of such frail and brittle material. The Combined Malleable Iron and Blue Polished Steel Range is the nearest approach to Absolute Perfection ever designed for Comfort, Economy and Satisfactory Domestic Service and wherever installed it will prove itself a continual object of Satisfaction. The price at which it is supplied is so modest that it is brought easily within the reach of every prudent family.

GUARANTEE
"Dominion Pride" Ranges are sold on the following Guarantees: If any casting proves defective in twelve months from date of purchase, we will furnish same free of charge. The above Guarantee is very broad, no if's or and's, and any casting that would have a flaw in it that we failed to see in the course of construction, such flaw would show long before the twelve months have transpired when fire is put in range.

INCOMPARABLE OFFER

Our placing direct to the consumer our High Grade "Dominion Pride" Malleable and Polished Steel Range as fully described in our descriptive circular and guaranteed, for less than you can buy a cast iron range. We are enabled to make this extraordinary offer by our Direct from Factory to Kitchen Plan, which saves the jobbers, retailers, traveling salesmen and their expense, giving the consumer the benefit of these savings, which in reality enables the consumer to buy as cheap as the wholesale jobber.

PRICE

Why not buy direct from the Manufacturer and save the middlemen's and retailers' profits? "Dominion Pride" Range if sold through the retailer or traveling salesman would have to be sold for \$69.00 to \$75.00, according to the territory sold in. Our price, direct to the consumer, is as follows: "Dominion Pride" Range, 8-18 or 9-18 top, with high closet shelf and elevated tank or flush reservoir, with piece of zinc to go underneath range, 8 joints of blue polished steel pipe and 2 elbows, delivered to any railway express station in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. We pay the Freight, and delivered to any railway express station in Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia for \$49.00 (We Pay the Freight), \$5.00 to accompany order, the balance to be paid when range is delivered to you. If not convenient to pay cash, will accept your Note.

Write for our Descriptive Circular.



818 or 918—Elevated Tank or Flush Reservoir for Coal and Wood. Made of the Best Blue Polished Steel and Malleable Iron.

CASH PRICE \$41

Delivered to any Railway Station in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. We pay the freight.

CASH PRICE \$49

Delivered to any Railway Station in Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia. We pay the freight.

OVER 6000 OF OUR RANGES IN USE IN TORONTO ALONE

Manufactured and Sold only by the

Canada Malleable & Steel Range Mfg. Co Limited, OSHAWA, ONTARIO

(IN WRITING PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER)

HIRING DOCKHANDS.

C. P. R. May Have Trouble at Fort William.

A despatch from Fort William says: Serious trouble between the C. P. R. and its dock hands is feared here as soon as navigation is formally opened. The company has been engaging its men through an agency instead of by direct application, as heretofore, but many of the old hands were refused by the agent. About 120 men were engaged on Thursday, nearly all of whom are English-speaking, and many are coming in from outside points. It is inferred that there is an "Indian list" and the majority of the Greeks and Italians are thought to be upon it. All the men will receive the scale fixed by the Board of Arbitration last year—namely, truckers, 19½ cents per hour for day work and 23½ cents per hour for nights and Sundays; checkers, 23 cents per hour, day; stokers, 21½ cents per hour, day; shovelers, 24½ cents per hour, day; 20 cents per hour nights and Sundays.

THE CENTURY OF PEACE.

Buffalo Chamber of Commerce Preparing for Celebration.

A despatch from Buffalo says: The directors of the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce have appointed a committee to confer with other cities along the Niagara frontier for the proposed celebration of one hundred years of peace between Canada and the United States. The committee will confer with the various historical societies shortly to arrange a tentative plan for the centennial event, which will probably be held in this vicinity in 1912.

BLEW UP HIS HOME.

Terrible Crime of a Miner in Michigan.

A despatch from Negaunee, Mich., says: Frank Haarman, a miner, aged 31, placed a stick of dynamite under the bed in which his wife and three-year-old daughter were sleeping, and another under the one which he and his five-year-old boy occupied, on Thursday. When the dynamite exploded, the man, woman and boy were blown to atoms. The girl had a miraculous escape, being found practically unharmed on the floor of the room. The three dead were terribly mangled. There is no reason for the man's deed. The family had been here only two weeks.

QUADRUPPLETS IN FAMILY.

Great Interest Taken in Travellers Bound for the West.

A despatch from Montreal says: Great interest was occasioned among many people at the Windsor Street station on Friday morning by the arrival on the train from St. John of a little family containing quadruplets: two boys and two girls—aged eleven months. So many passengers called and begged for a sight of the quadruplets that the father could stand it no longer. He took his little flock off to a hotel for the day. They went out on Friday night's Imperial Limited to settle in western Canada.

TORE OUT TELEGRAPH WIRES.

Apparent Lunatic Did Damage in Marshville Station.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont., says: An apparently crazy man, whose name is said to be Copeman, entered the telegraph office at Marshville station, on the Wabash Railway, about 10 miles west of Welland, on Thursday morning at 7:30 o'clock, flew at the ticking telegraph instruments and pulled them off the table. After tearing the telegraph switchboard, which contained the three wires, from its fastenings on the wall, putting all the wires out of business,

he set both semaphores at danger and decamped westward. He was arrested a few miles west of Welland and lodged in jail.

KILLED BY CURRENT.

Electrician at Kenora was Lowered in an Arc Lamp.

A despatch from Kenora says: William Dafoe, aged 21, an electrician in the employ of the town, was instantly killed here on Thursday afternoon whilst he was in the act of lowering an electric arc lamp in order to repair it. An inquest will probably be held.

SIX FIREMEN WERE KILLED

Caught by Back Draught Which Slammed Doors and Shut Them in Building.

A despatch from New Haven, Conn., says: Trapped by metal doors and barred windows, six firemen who were fighting flames in a workshop were caught by a back draught and burned to death during the partial destruction of the New Haven county jail on Wednesday. Three of their comrades were saved through the heroism of firemen outside. The bodies of the six men were found late on Wednesday after the debris had been removed. Many other firemen were badly burned, but remained at work. The dead are: Captain O. L. Chapman, Wm. Doherty, John Buckley, T. Cullen, James Mortell and Thomas J. McGrath.

Six men from truck No. 1 were fighting their way through the cell room of the jail into the workshop, when an explosion of a gasoline tank caused a back draught and slammed behind them the iron doors separating the two buildings. Three of the men were hemmed in a corner and burned to death, while the other three made their way to a barred window, to which they clung, with streams of water pouring on them from the outside. Soon after reaching the window the roof fell in, and the ladies were sent from the outside and down the inside and the men taken out. The other three firemen were caught by the same back draught as they were working at the other end of the building and were carried down by the roof when it fell in.

Shoes That Combine Both Style and Fit CAN BE SECURED

AT THE POPULAR SHOE STORE

Any person wanting the newest and best will find our display of "Victoria" and "Slater" Shoes equal to every requirement. We have them in all the newest 1910 shapes, and at the lowest prices.

Our bargains now in Men's Patent Dongola and Box Cloth from \$1.50 up can't be beaten. It will pay you to call if needing a pair.

JUST OPENED last week our complete line of Summer Fancy Hosiery in all shades and styles for Women, Misses and Children. Secure our prices before purchasing. See our window display.

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS.....from \$1.50 up
Men's Heavy Calf Boots—hand made.....\$3.25

Shoe Repairing a Specialty

SHOE POLISH from 5c. up in every color.

A pleasure to show goods at

GEO. E. REYNOLDS
Shoe King

P. S. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Since its Establishment in 1870

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. Of Canada

Has paid to its policyholders or their legal representatives, in cash for
(1) Death losses on completion of Claim Papers.....\$4,512,833.67
(2) Matured Endowments and Annuities.....2,135,878.67
(3) Surplus.....1,761,858.05
(4) Surrender values.....1,392,738.08

Total Cash Payments.....\$9,803,308.46

And it holds at this date, for the security of its policyholders:

Reserves on 4%, 3 1/2% and 3% standard.....\$12,065,146.16
Surplus over all liabilities.....2,269,692.25

Total paid to and held for policyholders.....\$24,138,146.87

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville

■ AGENTS WANTED

Saves Housework So!

M L Floorglaze
"The Finish That Endures"

Good outdoors as in—waterproof and sunproof. Won't flake or crack. Get M L Floorglaze in tins from a gallon down. 17 shades of solid Enamels; 7 Hardwood Lac colors; and a Transparent for natural finish. Ask your dealer or write us for free descriptive book.

Imperial Varnish & Color Co.
Limited
TORONTO

Recommended and for sale by
J. S. MORTON.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS TO WESTERN CANADA

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

GOING DATES
Apr. 5, 19 June 14, 28 Aug. 9, 23
May 3, 17, 31 July 12, 26 Sept. 6, 20

THROUGH SPECIAL TRAINS
TORONTO TO WINNIPEG AND WEST
Leave Toronto 2.00 p.m.
on above dates.

Through First and Second Class Coaches,
Colonist and Tourist Sleepers.
Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or write
R. L. Thompson, D.P.A., Toronto.

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET

Ten mergers consummated in Canada in 1910, represented 105 millions in stocks and bonds.

A committee has been appointed at Buffalo by President Robertson of the Buffalo Chamber of Commerce and the Manufacturers' Club to arrange for the celebration of the hundred years of peace between the United States and Canada. Preliminary steps have been taken for the holding of a conference to be attended by delegates from Tonawanda and Niagara Falls. Congress may be asked for an appropriation to insure the success of the affair.

Chloro-erlin's Tonic and Liver Tonic assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

The name "Manchurian," to designate the country of the Manchus, is not known to the Chinese, but was invented by French geographers. The Manchus are a tribe of Tartars who gained the ascendancy in China in the seventeenth century. Manchu is Chinese for "pure" and was applied by an ancestor of Shun Che, to his dynasty and his people.

The Manchus resemble the Chinese only to the eye of a stranger, just as we think that all Chinese laundrymen look alike. To themselves the Manchus are distinct from Chinamen in appearance, as in race, and one who knows eastern races easily distinguishes them. Most of them are short and good looking, with brown and ruddy skins.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chloro-erlin's Tonic and Liver Tonic, when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

A HEARTY VEGETARIAN

SIR RICHARD ATTRIBUTES VIGOR TO ABSTINENCE FROM MEAT.

Father of the Scott Act Uses Neither Tobacco, Liquor or Meat—Despite His Own Rigorous Regimen, Sir Richard Does Not Force His Views on His Guests Who Find the Usual Dishes on His Table.

The Hon. Sir Richard Scott, the father of the "Scott Act," has been much gratified at the number of letters reaching him from former co-workers in the temperance cause congratulating him on the vigor shown by him in his recent speech in the Senate upon the occasion of the introduction of his bill to amend the Temperance Act. Sir Richard spoke upon the occasion in question for nearly two hours, certainly a remarkable effort for a man over eighty-five years of age. The good old knight ascribes his vigor to regular living, his love of fresh air, and particularly to his total abstinence from tobacco, spirituous liquors and animal food of any kind. If it were possible he is a more pronounced vegetarian than is the total abstainer from drink. He is absolutely convinced that not only was the flesh of birds, beasts and fishes never intended for human food, but that it is almost universally as such as is responsible for the decadence of the human race and for the existence of most of the misery and wickedness in the world. He himself has, since early manhood, subsisted wholly on vegetable diet and has found it abundantly sustaining and capable of sufficient vitality to be always satisfactory to the palate. He claims absolute immunity from headaches, rheumatism, neuralgia, indigestion, and all the other bodily ills that the average man and woman of to-day complain of, and says that if everybody lived and ate as he does, the practice of medicine, which he considers an unnecessary imposition upon the world would soon become a lost art. The use of drugs of any kind he considers as nothing but dangerous. While he was Secretary of State, Sir Richard like the other members of the Cabinet gave the usual round of Ministerial dinners, and invited guests who were aware of the host's ideas on the subject of diet, were generally curious before they sat down as to the menu. But Sir Richard did not impose his tastes upon his guests, and the usual courses of soups, fish, game and meat were served upon his table. Of course the best part of nothing but vegetable diet himself, and in a delicate way attention of the guests was drawn to various unique vegetable dishes specially prepared for Sir Richard and served around the table for the benefit of his guests if they chose to help themselves. These dishes included vegetable soups without meat stock, ritters similarly cooked, salads, garnished vegetables, vegetable butter, fresh and dried fruits and nuts prepared in various ways and made into a variety of dishes. Sir Richard attaches great alio to nuts as an article of food, considering them of infinitely more sustaining power than meat. In fact, he is passionately fond of nuts "austere," or prepared in various ways, and whenever his friends invite him dining with them they are careful to provide at least a couple of courses of food. After the last opening of the Dominion Parliament, when shaking hands with the Privy Councillor, present, before leaving the Senate presents to return to Government House Grey remarked to Sir Richard "I am glad you are able to come to the State dinner to-night. My cook as prepared a vegetable menu for you, not forgetting the nuts."

It is not generally known that it is Sir Richard Scott more than to any other individual, perhaps, that Ottawa is indebted for the honor of being the capital of the Dominion of Canada. Fifty-five years ago he represented Ottawa in the Legislature, was mayor of the city and before that had been reeve of Bytown for several terms. Shortly after the destruction of the Parliament buildings in Montreal, he brought the claims of Ottawa as a site or the national capital to the attention of the Ottawa City Council and the Canadian Legislature. Gradually taken competition to become the capital of United Canada, developed, the principal competitors being Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Kingston and Ottawa. At the time of the last General Election, Mr. Bonar Law was speaking in Glasgow and happened to refer to the attitude Mr. Balfour then took on the fiscal question. He pointed out that the "English people love compromise," and instanced the course taken by Henry VIII. at the time of the Reformation.

Whereupon the following question was handed up to be answered: "Is the candidate aware that Mr. Balfour is a bachelor and that Henry VIII. was much the reverse?"

"Yes," replied the candidate—"but possibly Mr. Balfour might not be a bachelor if he could be sure of getting rid of his wife as easily as Henry VIII."

As a platform orator Mr. Law is undoubtedly one of the best half dozen speakers in Britain to-day. In appearance he is a spare, upright man of average height, with reddish brown hair, a moustache, and kind eyes.

Although he is a Scotsman by parentage, he was born in New Brunswick, Canada, in the year 1858, the son of Rev. James Law, Presbyterian minister in that province, and of Eliza, daughter of the late Mr. William Kitson, an iron merchant of Glasgow.

His boyhood until the age of twelve was spent in Canada; and this partly accounts for the keen interest he takes in all that makes for the welfare of the Dominion. At twelve he went to Glasgow, presently to attend the commercial section of the High School, being destined for commerce. Of this stage of his career, Mr. Bonar Law himself gives an interesting note. "As a boy in the High School I remember being told by one of the masters: 'You have every kind of sense except common sense!—a character sketch which I hope now could be reversed with more truth."

The Manchus.

The name "Manchurian," to designate the country of the Manchus, is not known to the Chinese, but was invented by French geographers. The Manchus are a tribe of Tartars who gained the ascendancy in China in the seventeenth century. Manchu is Chinese for "pure" and was applied by an ancestor of Shun Che, to his dynasty and his people.

Apes and gorillas are usually vicious and resentful and less addicted to playful tricks than the common monkey. Indeed, the monkey, as we all know, is a trickster both in his wild and domestic state. In their native forest, the monkeys spend hours in swinging from the branches of trees, suspended by their tails, and chattering and grinning with evident signs of delight. Humboldt mentions seeing over a hundred so employed in a South American forest.

Nothing Miraculous.

"You had rheumatism in your right leg for years and were cured of it in an instant? Now?"

"By being accidentally mixed up in a train wreck, my right leg is a cork leg now!"—Chicago Tribune.

SQUARING THE CIRCLE.

An Ancient Problem That Has Turned Many Brains Dizzy.

The oldest of problems is that of squaring the circle—i.e., of telling the precise length of the side of a square whose area will equal the area of a given circle.

The first attempt we know of was made 500 years before the exodus of the Jews. Since at least 1300 B. C. Chinese brains have turned dizzy over it. The oldest mathematical book in the world—written about 2000 B. C. by Ahmes, scribe to an Egyptian king, and now resting in the British museum—pretends to solve it, but it doesn't. Our old friend Euclid prudently avoids the subject.

Books have been written to prove that it is impossible, others to prove the impossibility of proving its impossibility.

One scientist, a professor of Zurich, adopted some fifty years ago a rather original method of tackling the problem. He divided the floor of a great loft into thousands of small squares and spent his days in solemnly throwing needles about and noting the number of times they fell clear of the chalk lines, but it did not help him much.

The important ratio which would settle the question has been carried to 500 places of decimals. And still it is not exact. If you have a taste for sums you can start and carry it to 600 and see what happens.

At any rate, you will soon find your hair getting grayer.—London Answers.

A HUMILIATED MONKEY.

The Crippled Old Despot Was Made to Feel His Mighty Fall.

The following amusing story is told by J. L. Kipling in his "Man and Beast in India" of the humiliation of a monarch whom physical disablement prevented from maintaining his despotic position as leading male of the troop:

"One morning there came a monkey chieftain, weak and limping, having evidently been worsted in a severe fight with another of his own klan. One hand hung powerless, his face and eyes bore terrible traces of battle, and he hobbled slowly along with a pathetic air of suffering, supporting himself on the shoulder of a female—a wife, the only member of his clan that had remained faithful to him after his defeat.

"We threw them bread and raisins, and the wounded warrior carefully stowed the greater part away in his cheek pouch. The faithful wife, seeing her opportunity, holding fast his one sound hand and opening his mouth, deftly scooped out the store of raisins. Then she sat and ate them very calmly at a safe distance, while he mowed and chattered in impotent rage.

"He knew that without her help he could not reach home and was fain to wait with what patience he might till the raisins were finished. This was probably her first chance of disobedience or of self assertion in her whole life, and I am afraid she thoroughly enjoyed it."

How Long Your Nails Grow.

The growth of an average finger nail is about one thirty-second of an inch a week, or nearly one and one-half inches in a year, so those aristocratic Chinese who proudly exhibit nail six to eight inches in length must have refrained from cutting them at least four to six years. Finger nails grow faster in the summer than in winter. The nail on the middle finger grows faster than any of the others, and that of the thumb is slowest in growth. The nails of the right hand grow faster than those of the left. A nail is supposed to reach its full growth in about four and a half months, and at this rate a man seventy years old would have renewed his nails 202 times. On each finger he would have grown nine feet of nail, or on all his fingers and thumbs no less than nine feet of nail.

Odd Signs.

A tinman in the south of England has a sign which reads, "Quart Measures of All Shapes and Sizes Sold Here."

At a market town in the midlands the following placard was affixed to the shutters of a watchmaker who had decamped, leaving his confiding creditors mourning: "Wound Up and the Mainspring Broke."

In one of the principal streets of another small town the same shop was occupied by a doctor and a shoemaker, the man of medicine having the front and the leather working in the rear. Over the door hung the sign, "We Repair Both Body and Sole."

On the window of a coffee room there one day appeared the notice, "This Coffee Room Removed Upstairs Till Repaired."

Playful Monkeys.

Apes and gorillas are usually vicious and resentful and less addicted to playful tricks than the common monkey. Indeed, the monkey, as we all know, is a trickster both in his wild and domestic state. In their native forest, the monkeys spend hours in swinging from the branches of trees, suspended by their tails, and chattering and grinning with evident signs of delight. Humboldt mentions seeing over a hundred so employed in a South American forest.

Nothing Miraculous.

"You had rheumatism in your right leg for years and were cured of it in an instant? Now?"

"By being accidentally mixed up in a train wreck, my right leg is a cork leg now!"—Chicago Tribune.

HARDWARE

JUST RECEIVED IN STOCK

100 ROLLS OF ROOFING

PAROID, RUBBEROID,

MINERAL ROOFING, WIRE EDGE

These are easily put on, and give excellent satisfaction.

We keep on hand a large quantity of

GLAZED TILE

4 inch, 6 inch, 8 inch. Also, CHIMNEY TILE, 8 and 9 inches. Elbows, Tees, Bends, etc.

Prices right.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN
Phone No. 13

Canada's railway mileage of 30,330 is equal to the circumference of the earth.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

FAME.

A poppy sneers from her dark, dark hair,
A braggart poppy, with reckless air.
She dances, swaying the crimson bloom,

Lethane odors invade the room.
The music swells in a heavenly strain,
I smile at sorrow, I jest at pain,
And say: "To-morrow the Maid Divine
Will hear the tale of this love of mine."

As I dream of a future fair,
The Poppy-maid, with the dark, dark hair,

Another Queen of the Theban Nile,
Turns, languorous, with a melting smile
And bends on me such a loving glance

Inviting, passionate. Speed the dance.
Sing, viols, sing ye a cadence rare.
I go to the maid with the dark, dark hair!

—J. Edgar Middleton, in *The Canadian Magazine*.

And as I dream of a future fair,
The Poppy-maid, with the dark, dark hair,

Her bosom swells with a loving sigh.
I see the poppy so boldly red,
A martian star, on her graceful head.
I speak, press onward to grasp her hand.

She turns. Ah, God, could I understand
That glance so chill, that majestic air
Of the Poppy-maid with the dark, dark hair!

—J. Edgar Middleton, in *The Canadian Magazine*.

She beckons. Ah, such a soft, brown eye!

Her bosom swells with a loving sigh.
I see the poppy so boldly red,
A martian star, on her graceful head.
I speak, press onward to grasp her hand.

She turns. Ah, God, could I understand
That glance so chill, that majestic air
Of the Poppy-maid with the dark, dark hair!

—J. Edgar Middleton, in *The Canadian Magazine*.

PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from tailors hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built up our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suitings, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

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11.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
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STIRLING, HASTINGS COUNTY, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1910.

Vol. XXXI, No. 33.

WHAT ABOUT THAT OLD GRAY BONNET

You may think it looks well enough, but if you could see yourself as others see you, you would make a quick trip to Fred. Wards, "The Men's Hatter," and get something up-to-date that would make the other fellow feel like a cent. We carry only the best in style and quality. Prices \$1.00 to \$3.00. Test one.

Orders are pouring into our

TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Don't be the last. You may want your new suit before you can get it. Leave your measure now.

2 Weeks Only 2

Any \$8.00, \$7.50, \$7.00, \$6.50, \$6.00

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QUICK SHOTS!

FRED. T. WARD,
Specialist in Men's Wear

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

Household Hints for Close Buyers

Lace Curtains

Just received another shipment of our special lines—
FINE NETT, 40 in. wide, special only 50c. per pair.
EXTRA FINE NETT, 50 in. wide, 3½ yds. long—be sure
to see them—only \$1.00 per pair.
OUR LEADERS, 60 in. wide, 3½ yds. long, very pretty
design, only \$1.25 per pair.
All styles and prices from 25c. to \$5.00 per pair. We invite
comparison of these lines.

Curtain Nett

Lace curtain by the yard.....10 and 15c. yd.
White and colored Madras Muslins and Draperies, extra good
value at.....15, 20, 25 to 50c. yd.
Curtain Poles and Extension Rods—a limited quantity only—
at ridiculously low prices,.....from 5c. each up

Specials

Shepherd's Check dress goods, reg. 20c. yd.
sale price 15c. yd. Saturday only
Black and Cream Fancy Brocade Lining, special.....at 25c. yd.
Girl's Checked Jacket, size 14 years, reg. \$4.00,.....
sale price only \$2.50
JUST ARRIVED—Ladies' Cotton Hose, color guaranteed
fast, all sizes, reg. 15c. pr., special.....2 prs. for 25c.
TOWELS—Bath Towels, 40 x 18 in., very soft—a rare snap
.....only 15c. each
ORANGES—nice fresh, sweet Oranges, special.....15c. doz.
LEAD PENCILS—soft leads, regular 3 for 5c.,.....
.....our price, 1c. each

Don't Forget

When you want that new dress, to have a look at our lines. We have all the latest shades in Serges, Panamas, Poplins, Raw Silks, Silk and Cotton Repps, Linens, Vestings, Delaines, etc. A cordial invitation is extended to all to inspect these and compare them with the others.

Millinery

Always in the lead in this Department. Anything in the shape of a hat can be had here. Latest styles and newest creations always on hand. Satisfaction guaranteed or money cheerfully refunded.

Bring your produce here and
get the best price always

Goods promptly
delivered
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United Empire Bank of Canada

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

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Geo. P. Reid, General Manager

Agents in every Banking town in Canada.
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Accounts of individuals, firms and corporations solicited.
Transfers of funds, collections, payments, etc., in Europe,
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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest paid from date of deposit.

Stirling Branch—Empire Block

W. S. MARTIN

Manager

Mr. C. J. Boldrick in Vancouver

Vancouver, April 18, 1910.
DEAR MR. EDITOR—I hope you will forgive my trespass on your valuable space, but it just occurred to me that perhaps a few of my friends in Stirling and surrounding country would like my opinion of the west.

I might say to start with that I am thoroughly in love with Vancouver. After leaving Winnipeg on our western journey the prairie at this season of the year is not particularly attractive, but after we reached Banff and entered the great Rocky Mountains your eyes grow larger trying to penetrate the beauties of nature. Of such gigantic walls of rock and such deep canyons words are too feeble to attempt description. The greatest master of the English language must fail to describe their beauty. I thought how ready we are to honor and glorify the great poets, authors and statesmen who should we forget the master mechanics and engineers who made it possible for us to span this grand Dominion of ours from ocean to ocean, after penetrating its walls of rock with tunnel after tunnel, climbing and descending these great mountains that ascend beyond our vision into the clouds.

We break out into a beautifully wooded country for about 200 miles before we reach this prosperous and busy city of the Pacific coast, which promises to be the largest city in the Dominion within the next ten years. Its natural resources are unlimited, its situation ideal, its people broad-minded and progressive, and its commerce, from all appearances in a healthy condition.

I arrived at noon on Saturday, after a five full days' journey, had dinner and went to see our old friend, William Holden, with whose office I have associated myself. Now Mr. Editor you, I am sure, have not the faintest conception of this man's position in Vancouver. Without a doubt he is considered the biggest financial man in this city with a population of 125,000 people, of whom at least a very large proportion are shrewd, keen business men. Such confidence must have necessarily had a foundation of strict integrity and ability. Why, Mr. Editor, from my own observations, when you see Presidents of railways, judges, bankers, and professional men alike waiting their turn for an interview at his private office, it is gratifying, I am proud to say, that the village of Stirling, which I say dearly love, is practically his birthplace. It is an old and familiar saying that all roads lead to London, but I can assure the people of Stirling that most streets in Vancouver lead to Holden's real estate office. I received a very warm welcome to his office, and I can say to the people of Stirling that I hope to be a resident of Vancouver for a great many years to come. The narrow groove that we are apt to fall into in the eastern small places which dwarf the very intellect of man, is lost sight of in this busy western metropolis. As I sit writing in my room I feel that my cup of happiness and contentment would be full could I but transplant my Stirling friends to this law-abiding and prosperous city.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I have the honor to remain
Yours truly,
C. J. BOLDRICK.

Housecleaning.

Oh, dear to our hearts are the sad days of springtime, when the annual house cleaning recurs to our view; when we sleep on the sofa and eat off the mantle, in an atmosphere strongly suggestive of glue; we think of the stove-pipe, the soot that came with it, and sweet expressions so fluent and fine, but the saddest and most bitter of all recollections is the dusty old carpet that hung on the line. Oh, that dusty old carpet, that rusty old carpet, that musty old carpet that hung on the line! We remember how, armed with a little flagelator, in the way we blithely advanced to the fray, in the muscular pride of our heart little dreaming that cleaning that carpet would take a whole day; we sweat and we kicked and our hand badly blistered, while the sun lent his countenance, warmly benign; but the harder we pounded the more it was needed by that dusty old carpet that hung on the line. Oh, that dusty old carpet, that musty old carpet, that rusty old carpet that hung on the line!

Read the pain formula on the box of Pink Pain Tablets. Then ask your doctor if there is a better one. Pain means congestion—blood pressure somewhere. Dr. Shew's Pink Pain Tablets check head pains, womanly pains, pain anywhere. Try one and see! 20 for 25c. Sold by J. S. Morton.

On April 15th the Daily Ontario and Weekly Chronicle of Belleville passed into new management. Mr. J. O. Herity, late of the Markham Sun, with his brother-in-law, Mr. W. H. Morton, are the new proprietors. Mr. Herity assumed editorial management, while Mr. Morton will look after the business interest of the venture. All success to the new firm.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time and by a medicine which like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, quickly cures promptly but provides no unpleasant after effects. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by all dealers.

Days That are Going

The Sabbath has gone, God's day so refreshing. The winter's past and the springtime The birds with their mates in the wild woods are singing. And nature bids all to rejoice in the sun. Like too, our lives, as the seasons are passing. Times now are going that will not return; Pleasures will come, but so soon are they going That is years for them will year. Be glad in the happiness that is now around you, Be thankful for blessings that are on you And, in life, when you're bowed down With age and with sorrow, They will brighten your thoughts and lighten your load.

We all have our pleasures and also our sorrows. They sometimes are great and sometimes are small. So let us be thankful for to-day and tomorrow, For God is above and watches over all.

IVAH M. REID, Harold.

Straight From the Heart

Popular belief has long held that the heart is the most delicate organ, but even a rudimentary knowledge of physiology will show that it is the most overworked and capable of withstanding enormous stresses. Indeed it is the motor that must be kept going, and there is not a machine shaped by man from enduring metal that could sustain unceasingly for a human lifetime the work done by the heart.

Besides performing its allotted function, which is a tremendous task, it is subject to sudden shocks, wearing tension and all the keen bitterness of anguish and despair, as well as the intoxicating joys of happiness, which are sometimes as deadly as those of grief. It therefore must be strong enough to bear physical and mental burdens, and some idea of the task may be gleaned from the fact that the blood thrown out by the heart travels seven miles an hour or 4,292 miles in a lifetime of seventy years.

Here indeed is a gigantic demonstration of power which has prompted an imaginative soul to say recently that the starry universe was kept in motion by the heart beats of billions of human creatures that have lived and died, and those who are yet living and those to be born.

My Lady's Boudoir.

She is a vain and foolish lass; she stands before her looking-glass, and fusses with her pins and rats, and tries on half a dozen hats and fixes doodads in her hair, and tints her cheeks already fair. And when she's fooled three hours away, and she appears in glad array, she isn't half as nice and neat, she isn't half as slick and sweet as she appeared four hours ago when she was wearing calico. If she would take the time she fools away with paints and curling tools, and read some books of prose or rhyme, she'd get good value for her time. She pads her head out with rats, machine made hair and monster hats; and gladness might with her abide if she would pad her head inside. For beauty is a transient thing; the hurried years are on the wing; the dazzling maiden of to-day will soon be haggard, worn and gray; and in life's winter, when she sits beside her lonely hearth and knits, it will not lessen her despair to think of rats she used to wear. But if her mind is stored with gold from books the sages wrote of old, with ancient lore or modern song, the days will not seem drear and long; life's twilight will be calm and fair, and loneliness will not be there.

WALT MASON.

THE ACT RESPECTING BANKS

In this space last week the first four sections of the Bank Act were taken up.

Section V. merely states that the provisions of the Bank Act only apply to banks in course of liquidation, such as the Bank of British Columbia, Ontario Bank, Sovereign Bank, and others, only in so far as regards the winding up of their business.

Sections VI. and VII. The Bank of British North America has its head office in London, Eng., but its chief office for Canadian business is located in Montreal. Because it is operated under a Royal Charter, certain sections of this Act relating to organizations, operations at Head Office, double liability and insolvency do not apply to it, but those which are intended for the protection of the public do.

Sections VIII. to XVII. inclusive, relating to the "Incorporation and Organization of Banks," will be taken up next week, and will be found more interesting than what has appeared heretofore.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Stirling Branch, Bank Corner

OFFICE HOURS—9 to 4 o'clock; 9 to 3 o'clock, Saturdays.

Savings Bank Department

Sterling Hall

Wet Weather Wants for Men

Protection is the best kind of prevention, and the prudent farmer will now be investing in a Spring supply of OIL SKIN CLOTHING. Here we have it at value:

Men's short Oilskin Jackets.....	at \$1.50
" Medium long Oilskin Jackets	at 2.50
" Extra long " "	at 3.00
" Oilskin Hats.....	at .35
Oilskin Buggy Rugs, lined.....	at 1.25
Dry Hand Gloves and Mitts at 15c. 20c., 25c.	

Specials in Men's Pants

The best values are here in Men's Summer Pants that can possibly be obtained.

Take that satisfying look at

Fine Dark and Light effects in Tweed and Worsted Pants	at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50
Specially fine Worsteds.....	at \$5.00
" " Light color Homespun Pants, regular \$2.50.....	for \$2.00

Price Helps in Hosiery

Our immense stock of judiciously well bought Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery, to fit all feet, guarantees greatest variety at most reasonable prices.

Below are indicated three special lines worthy of buyers attention:

- 14 Doz. little Daisy Cashmere Hose, sizes 4½ to 7s, in Black and Tans, regular 25c.....for 20c. pair.
- 15 Doz. fine quality plain Black Cotton Hose, sizes 8½ to 10, regular 15c., here on sale.....at 10c. pair.
- 15 Doz. Boys' extra heavy Rock-ribbed Cotton Hose, in sizes 8½ to 10, value for 25c.for 20c. pair.

KNOCK OUT DROPS FOR THE OTHER FELLOW'S PRICES

GRAY ENAMELED WARE BARGAINS

10 in. size gray enameled Wash Basin.....	for 10c
10½ in. size " " Fry Pan.....	for 10c
9 in. size Preserving Kettle.....	for 10c
9 in. " shallow stew Pans.....	for 10c
9 in. " deep Stew Pans.....	for 10c

FANCY BISCUIT BARGAINS

We have made large contracts for a regular supply of CHOICE QUALITY Fancy Cakes and Biscuits which will enable us to sell them to our customers at less than regular wholesale prices.

Regular 15c. goods are on sale at 10c. per lb. A trial will prove their worth.

Jelly Finger Biscuit at 10c. lb. Sultana Biscuit.....at 10c. lb.
Social Sandwich.....at 10c. lb. Fancy Mixed Cake at 10c. lb.
Strawberry Crisp Cake.....at 10c. lb.

4 full 1 lb. pkgs. choice Raisins on sale for 25c.

W. R. MATHER

Direct Importer of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and
Retailer of Everything to wear for Everybody.

Wall Paper Decorations

Are you satisfied with the old style full wall and border papers that have been in use for years past? If not, we can help you. Come to our showroom where we can show you what is best, and the very latest in Wall Paper Decorations; some of those beautiful soft tone papers, with cut out decorations, that will give beauty to the walls of your home.

S. A. MURPHY

Wall Papers, Room Mouldings, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

The frame residence of Mrs. Levi Burnett, about a mile south of Foxboro on the Madoc road, was burned to the ground last Wednesday night with all its contents. Mrs. Burnett and a little grandchild were the only occupants of the building and they narrowly escaped with their lives, having been warned just in time. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin. The building was an old landmark in that vicinity.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble, if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, mouth-cleaning and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

Truth's Companion, Boston...275

THE MYSTERY CLEARED UP;

OR, THE HERITAGE OF MADAME YALTA.

CHAPTER VI.

Maxime had not lost sight of his prey. He had followed the two foreigners, and was holding himself in ambuscade in the first turn in the corridor.

He had sworn not to leave the place until the blonde left her box, and to keep close in her footsteps so soon as she appeared. Further than that his plan was unsettled. Whether he should approach her as soon as she left the theatre, or follow her unobserved, he had not yet determined. The great point was not to lose sight of her, and to find out where she lived.

As for Borisoff and his companion, satisfied that they had left not to return, he thought no more of them, and was not a little surprised to see them reappear after an absence of a few minutes, and direct their steps toward the box where Madame Sergent still remained. Already he had ascertained that the box-keeper had brought her a superb fur pelisse and hood trimmed with swan's down, which recalled unpleasant recollections. Evidently she had begun her preparations for departure, and might be expected to leave the box every moment.

But Maxime had not anticipated that her two cavaliers would return to seek her. The door was opened, and the lady all wrapped up appeared on the threshold and took the direction of the stairway, escorted on each side by two persons whom Maxime was sending to all the devils.

"They are accompanying her," he said, between his teeth; "this is the climax. Where are they going? To supper, perhaps, but no—there is a mystery in the reunion of these three creatures who have no right to know each other, and I shall find out the answer to the enigma if I have to pass the whole night on my feet."

Talking thus to himself, Maxime followed from afar the ill-assorted trio, and arrived almost at the same time under the peristyle. There he took care to conceal himself behind a gathering of talkers, and from his post of observation saw Borisoff separate himself from the little group, push aside one of the doors separating the exterior flight of stairs from the vestibule and beckon to some one. Maxime understood immediately that he was ordering a porter to advance a carriage,—a hark to all appearance, for the servants of the boyard were not there awaiting their master.

It is vain to set one's good limbs and twenty-five years against a pair of horses, even hired ones, and Maxime understood that not a minute was to be lost in making his arrangements to follow them. It so happened that, just as he darted out, an uncovered victoria was passing the square at slow pace, driven by a freebooter in search of prey. He would have preferred a close carriage, but there was no choice, and he jumped into the one that offered, with a few very intelligible words to the coachman.

In his character of experienced Parisian, he knew well how to speak to this class in the language that makes them move. Moreover, this coachman was one who took in half a word. He drew up against the side of Rue Halevy, and awaited further orders.

Turning toward the theatre, Maxime saw the blonde and the Rink and the two foreigners get in a large hach with four seats, which turned toward the Chaussee d'Antin. His only object now was to follow this hach which proved easy, as the peacocke beasts which led it travelled at a moderate speed.

"Where are they going? They are leaving the boulevard, consequently the night restaurants; then they do not intend to stop—that is, unless they are going to stop at Borisoff's. Yet, no; they would have taken Rue Scribe. It is true that all roads lead to Rome."

The prover found this evening its application. Arrived at the cross-street whence might be seen the church of la Trinité, the hach turned to the left and filed along the Boulevard Haussman, which ended in the Boulevard Malesherbes.

"One would swear Borisoff is taking them to his own house," murmured Maxime.

The victor maintained his distance without difficulty, the coachman, an old stager, humming in a low voice Fahrbach's polka.

It was not the first time he had aided a citizen in watching a woman, and he knew that such expeditions were always well paid.

Before the doorway of Saint Austin the situation began to define itself.

"There is no longer room for doubt," growled Maxime; "they are going to the Rue de Vigny. What are they going to do? To make an end of Carnac—get rid of him? A spy, a vallet, and a knave of a woman are capable of combining to murder a man who incommodes them; at least—that idea has never occurred to me, but it is not more inadmissible than all the rest—at least, if they do not all understand each other, and the Lord Robert does not make one of the band. I mean to set my mind at rest, and shall stick close to them till I have cleared all this up."

Unfortunately, it was not long before the problem became still further complicated. Instead of taking the Boulevard de Courcelles for the Borisoff mansion, the hach continued to roll in the direction of the fortifications.

"Can it be that they intend to leave Paris?" he asked.

It did not occur to him that Madame Sergent imitated the manoeuvre of the hare, who returns to its home after having given a long chase. And when he saw the hach stop at the corner of a certain street, he had much difficulty in believing his eyes. It was the same through which he had conducted Madame Sergent on beautiful November night,—that in which was a house that had been abandoned six weeks ago by its strange tenants.

"Shall I stop?" inquired the intelligent coachman. "They are unwilling to quit even for a moment his post of observation, he concluded to strike on the window of the lodge. At the sound the porter laid down his paper, turned his head, and seeing the outline of a figure through the panes, went bravely to open it.

"Fear nothing," said Maxime, in a low voice; "I am the person to whom you gave some information last month about the Prussian opposite."

"How, sir, you!" cried the man, "at this hour!"

"Yes; I came to ask you to do me a service. Can you let me in—immedately?"

"With pleasure; and remain as long as you please."

"That is what I was about to ask. There is something new—over there. But do not leave me longer in the street. I don't wish to be seen over yonder."

"I come, sir; I am running," and having closed the window and drawn the cord, M. Bidard went himself to receive his unexpected visitor.

"Quick!" said Maxime, gliding into the alley. "Let me go in; and put out the light, I beg, or hide it in a corner if you can't put it out."

"I don't say no," replied Maxime, as he set foot on the ground, and ran to gain his ambuscade on the corner of the street.

He arrived just in time to see the lady ring at the door formerly guarded by the cerberus with the red mustache.

The door opened immediately, and closed behind Madame Sergent and her friends.

Maxime was stupefied, astounded, petrified.

This denouement was the only one he had not contemplated, and the more he reflected the less capable did he feel of explaining it.

But he must act, or, at least, try to penetrate this strange mystery. How was he to go about it? Happy ideas are sometimes born of great perplexities.

"Parbleu! I cannot do better than consult my old acquaintance, the porter opposite. He must have a pretty good recollection of me. I gave him twenty francs every time I talked with him, and this evening will willingly give him forty if he will consent to serve me. I even think he would not refuse me his lodgings as an ambuscade. Provided my man has not gone to bed!"

He looked at his watch, and saw it was half-past ten.

"No," he resumed, "these tenants cannot retire so soon. But no time to be lost."

The street, well lighted by the city gas, was silent and deserted. Not a passer-by, not a sound. Maxime glided the length of the wall, as he had done before on his first expedition to this quarter, and arrived without encountering a living creature at his wished-for haven.

From this well-chosen site he discerned, in full, Madame Sergent's mysterious habitation, and ascertained that no light was visible from the windows. All was sombre on the evening he had escorted her from the Rink. Evidently the receiving rooms did not look on the street.

On the other hand, he observed, with a lively satisfaction, that from a window on the ground-floor of the dwelling confided to the surveil-

Doomed to Suffering

RESCUED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



CHARLES BARRETT, Esq.

Harbor au Bouche, March 24, 1909.
"I suffered terribly from Biliousness and Dyspepsia for fifteen years, was treated by physicians and took many remedies but got no relief. Then I took 'Fruit-a-tives', and this medicine completely cured me when everything else failed. To all sufferers from Indigestion, Biliousness and Constipation, I strongly advise them to try this fruit medicine." Charles Barrett, see a box, 6 for \$2.50—or trial box. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

lance of the porter he was seeking, shone the unobtrusive light of a lamp.

This curtainless window must be that of the lodge, and looking in, he saw the porter, his elbows on a table, and spectacles on his nose, reading from the evening's paper, which one of his tenants was, perhaps, awaiting with impatience.

He was alone with a big cat and a featherless parrot.

Maxime, having to enter upon delicate negotiations, could not have been more fortunate. Not being duplicated by a companion whom he would have been compelled to make the confidant of his projects, there remained nothing but to approach the porter frankly and enlist him as an ally.

Unwilling to quit even for a moment his post of observation, he concluded to strike on the window of the lodge. At the sound the porter laid down his paper, turned his head, and seeing the outline of a figure through the panes, went bravely to open it.

"Fear nothing," said Maxime, in a low voice; "I am the person to whom you gave some information last month about the Prussian opposite."

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"That is what I was about to ask. There is something new—over there. But do not leave me longer in the street. I don't wish to be seen over yonder."

"I come, sir; I am running," and having closed the window and drawn the cord, M. Bidard went himself to receive his unexpected visitor.

"Quick!" said Maxime, gliding into the alley. "Let me go in; and put out the light, I beg, or hide it in a corner if you can't put it out."

"I don't say no," replied Maxime, as he set foot on the ground, and ran to gain his ambuscade on the corner of the street.

He arrived just in time to see the lady ring at the door formerly guarded by the cerberus with the red mustache.

The door opened immediately, and closed behind Madame Sergent and her friends.

Maxime was stupefied, astounded, petrified.

This denouement was the only one he had not contemplated, and the more he reflected the less capable did he feel of explaining it.

But he must act, or, at least, try to penetrate this strange mystery. How was he to go about it? Happy ideas are sometimes born of great perplexities.

"Parbleu! I cannot do better than consult my old acquaintance, the porter opposite. He must have a pretty good recollection of me. I gave him twenty francs every time I talked with him, and this evening will willingly give him forty if he will consent to serve me. I even think he would not refuse me his lodgings as an ambuscade. Provided my man has not gone to bed!"

He looked at his watch, and saw it was half-past ten.

"No," he resumed, "these tenants cannot retire so soon. But no time to be lost."

The street, well lighted by the city gas, was silent and deserted. Not a passer-by, not a sound. Maxime glided the length of the wall, as he had done before on his first expedition to this quarter, and arrived without encountering a living creature at his wished-for haven.

From this well-chosen site he discerned, in full, Madame Sergent's mysterious habitation, and ascertained that no light was visible from the windows. All was sombre on the evening he had escorted her from the Rink. Evidently the receiving rooms did not look on the street.

On the other hand, he observed, with a lively satisfaction, that from a window on the ground-floor of the dwelling confided to the surveil-

what ground should I have? This woman has undoubtedly the right to enter a house of which she carries the key in her pocket, and to take there whoever she will. What I want is simply to find out what these people are about."

"Monsieur may act as if at home, and nothing can escape him here."

"Has the house another outlet?"

"I don't know of any. There is a garden behind, but it is enclosed and there is no gate on the other side."

"How is the house arranged inside?"

"First there is the ground-floor, with a dining-room and billiard-room; on the first floor a large salon; on the second, two bedchambers; on the other front a small salon on the first floor; on the ground-floor—"

"Look!" interrupted Maxime, "there is a light in the first story."

"True, they are lighting up the large salon; two lamps—and wax candles. See how it is lighting up everywhere, quicker than the Champs-Elysées on illumination days! The dining-room's turn has come now—one light—two lights—ah, the cocotte is going to give a ball and supper! And the labyrinths, where do they come from? See how they pass and repass before the windows. 'Pon my word if a body was superstitious he might believe the devil was making a feast there, for since the house was built nobody has seen the end of a candle burning in it."

"And you declare that for some days past you have seen no one enter?"

"Not a cat. Monsieur may ask all the tenants in the neighborhood, if they hadn't gone to bed they'd be at the windows, and would make such a stir people would collect in the streets."

"It is amazing," thought Maxime, "evidently they have brought a squad of servants in the night to prepare for the reception of the master and his guests. Who has done that and for what purpose?"

"It is my notion the cocotte has brought two rich foreigners to spend the night at play and get their money."

"I don't think play has anything to do with it. You say there is a small salon on the side next the garden?"

"Not so small, and richly furnished. It looks like a lady's boudoir."

"That is where she has taken the two men, while she gave orders to have the apartments for reception made ready."

"That's what I said to monsieur. They will begin by sitting down to table, and certainly it will not be to make way with the leavings of the Prussian. But where did they get decent provisions? Not a carriage from Potel or Chabot has been seen to enter Rue Jourfroy. Ah! the illuminators are disappearing. They are coming to supper."

(To be continued.)

—

HOW THIN FOLKS CAN GET FLESHY

New Accidental Discovery Gives Startling Results—Puts Flesh on Thin People and Rounds Out Imperfect Figures.

Simple Prescription Given.

For women—and men too, for that matter—who can never appear stylish with anything they wear, because of abnormal thinness and angularity, this remarkable prescription is destined to solve the problem.

As a beauty maker for the figure it is simply wonderful while it adds brightness to the eyes, and color to the cheeks and lips.

It requires no particular dieting, but acts as an aid to nature by its peculiar action on the nerves and blood supply. The blood and nerves distribute over the body, all the nourishment or flesh building elements obtained from the food. The trouble with thin people has always been that they do not absorb or retain enough of the fleshy matter to make them gain in weight even to a normal extent; but this new discovery of blending certain harmless drugs is a revelation to science, and hundreds have gained from ten to forty pounds in a few weeks. There is no danger of becoming too fat. When you get the right weight then stop using it now.

The general health and strength is greatly improved in anyone from the age of sixteen to sixty. Women soon get plump, with well rounded arms and full bust, and men become straight, strong-looking and healthy.

In a half pint bottle get three ounces of essence of pepsin and three ounces syrup of rhubarb. Then add one ounce compound essence cardiotonic, shake and let stand two hours. Then add one ounce tincture cardamom compound (not cardamom). Take a teaspoonful before and after meals, and weigh before beginning.

"Absolutely certain."

"Then that house is the Tour de Nesle," cried the porter; "there must be horrors going on there. Suppose I go for the police."

"No; I have reasons for not having recourse to the police. Besides,

Tea That is Always Fresh

"SALADA" is grown in the finest tea gardens of the Island of Ceylon, picked every day and reaches you not later than fifteen weeks after being gathered. Its native purity and fine flavor are preserved in air-tight sealed "SALADA" packets. You are guaranteed tea of unvarying good quality.

"SALADA"
Ask your grocer for a package to-day. You'll like it.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Camphor Ice VASELINE
FOR CHAPPED SKIN AND LIPS, COLD SORES, WINDBURN.
12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes
Camphor, Balsom, Mentholated, Carbolic, Camphorated, White Oxide of Zinc, etc. Each for special purposes. Write for Free Vaseline Book.

CHESBROUGH MFG. CO. (Const'd)
370 Craig St. W., Montreal

Kills Bone Spavin
Rich Valley, Alta. May 20th, 1909.
"I have used your Spavin Cure for a long time and would not be without it. I have killed a Bone Spavin by its use." OLE CARLSON.
That tells the whole story. And hundreds of thousands have had the same experience in the past 40 years.

For Spavin, Ringbone, Curb, Splint, Swellings and all Lameness,

Kendall's Spavin Cure cures the trouble—makes the horse sound and saves money for the owner because it removes the cause of the trouble.

Keep a bottle always at hand—\$1.00 for \$5. Good for man and beast. Ask your dealer for free copy of our book, "A Treatise on The Horse" or write us.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. Eksbury Falls, Vt.

THE WIDOW'S DOLE.

Quaint Old Custom Still Survives in England.

In accordance with a custom believed to have originated more than 500 years ago, twenty-one aged widows of the parish of St. Bartholomew the Great, in the ward of Farringdon Without, attended St. Bartholomew's church recently to receive sixpence, which they had to pick off a gravestone.

This custom is stated to be the survival of a bequest left by a lady for the provision of doles for widows over sixty years of age, on condition that prayers were offered for her soul every Good Friday.

Whether the tradition is correct or not is open to question, as there is no known record of the bequest, and although the tombstone from which the money is picked is supposed to be that of the benefactress, it is so crumpled with age that it is impossible to say whose it is.

Various persons have left small sums to continue the gifts. The last was left by a Fleet street stationer named Butterworth, which, with interest accruing, supplemented by gifts from the church warden, yields 12s. 6d. a year.

It is easy to see deep mystery in your faith where there is only mistiness.

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla, by dissolving granulated sugar in water, adding maple syrup, and flavoring with maple seeds and syrup before adding maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. If not send 50c for 2 oz. bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wash.

Decline all Substitutes

Write for Illustrated booklet, "Home Baking," with interesting color card. Free for the asking.

The Martin-Senour Co. 100% Pure

Paints

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The Martin-Senour Co. 100% Pure

USING PURGATIVES INJURES HEALTH

What You Need in Spring is a Blood Building Tonic.

A spring medicine is an actually necessity to most people. Nature demands it as an aid in carrying off the impurities that have accumulated in the blood during the indoor life of winter. But unfortunately thousands of people who do recognize the necessity of a spring medicine do not know what is best to take and dose themselves with harsh, griping purgatives.

This is a serious mistake. Ask any doctor and he will tell you that the use of purgative medicine weakens the system but does not cure disease. In the spring the system needs building up—purgatives cannot do this—they weaken you still more. The blood should be made rich, red, and pure, and only a tonic medicine can do this. The best blood building, nerve restoring tonic medical science has yet discovered is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine actually makes new, rich blood. This new blood strengthens every organ of the body. This is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure headaches and backaches, rheumatism and neuralgia, banish pimples and eruptions, and give a glow of health to the most sallow skin. Men, women and growing boys and girls who take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills eat well, sleep well, and feel bright, active and strong. If you need a medicine this spring—and most likely you do—try this great reviving tonic, and see the new life, new health and new strength it will put into you.

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CONCRETE CHIMNEYS.

In advocating the plan of building factory chimneys of reinforced concrete, Mr. E. R. Matthews told the Concrete Institute in London recently some interesting facts about these structures. They can be built at less than half the cost of brick chimneys, and are of greater stability than brick structures, because they have no joints. Very much less material is required on account of the relative thinness of the walls. Under the British law a chimney 300 feet tall would have to have the walls, if constructed of brick, about four feet ten inches thick at the base, but a concrete chimney would have a thickness of only nine inches for the outer wall, and five inches for the inner, with a space of four inches between. The "hair cracks" in concrete chimneys are only skin-deep, and have no practical importance. The chimneys are anchored by having the vertical steel bars continued into the foundation, and there bent at an angle of 90 degrees. Many are calculated to resist a wind of 100 miles per hour, a velocity practically unknown.

A HINT TO YOUNG MOTHERS.

Don't walk up and down the floor with a cross, restless child. Nothing can be more demoralizing to the little one and it is a serious tax upon the mother's strength and nerves. When a child is peevish and cross there is probably some little derangement of the stomach or bowels, and a dose of Baby's Own Tablets will remove the cause of the trouble and enable the little one to sleep soundly. Mrs. W. Boudiford, Polipolis, Que., says: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets superior to all other remedies for curing constipation and making teething easy. They also promote healthful sleep, and I recommend them to other mothers." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOW HE EXPRESSED IT.

Every small boy the right kind, somehow thinks his own mother the symbol of all perfection. Few, however, have the ability to express their admiration as prettily as the little hero of the following anecdote:

Richard's mother was putting him to bed, and as she kissed him good night, she said, "Do you know you are the whole world to mama?" "Am I?" he answered, quickly. "Well, then, you're heaven and the north pole to me!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

ARMORED MOTOR CAR.

In the hotbed of European militarism it is natural that all invention and manufacture is carefully weighed and scrutinized for the utilization of every possible engine for either defense or offense. The military uses of the automobile for the rapid dispatch of orders for the work of reconnaissance, etc., have been exploited in every land, and an Austrian company has made an armored motor car which has possibilities of offense as well as those indicated. It has a revolving turret in place of the tonneau, equipped with a rapid-fire gun, and a conning tower like arrangement for the protection of the chauffeur.

OLD-TIME PARIS PRICES.

In Year 1,800 Turkeys Were \$8 to \$10 Each—Butter \$1. Pound.

While the newspapers echo with complaints about the high food prices, a statistician has figured out that things were not so very cheap in "the good old times" either. Milk prices are pretty stationary now throughout the year. Two hundred years ago Parisians had to pay three times more for milk in winter than in summer and the average price of a quart of milk was about eight cents.

Toward the end of the eighteenth century Paris paid 11 cents per quart for milk. In the French country districts the price was 6 cents. One hundred and thirty-five years ago only the rich could afford to eat butter in winter, the average price being \$1 a pound. Eggs were cheaper than they are now, but likewise much smaller. In the year 1800 the price of turkey in Paris was between eight and ten dollars a head, according to size. Rice was 15 cents a pound. Most of the food is cheaper now in the big cities than in the good old times. In the Middle Ages only princes dared to aspire to eat oranges, which were \$1 a piece during the height of the season.

CHINESE BAMBOO.

Bamboo is of universal use in China. The windows are delicate lattice work of bamboo, and the furniture is of slender bamboo, bent and curled and plaited. The water bucket is a good big stalk, saved off just below the joint and made as deep as is needed above it. For a bottle a slender piece is taken and treated in the same way. If a knife is mislaid a good sharp edge of bamboo is taken, and it does just as well for everything, except cutting bamboo, as if it were steel. Hunger is kept off by cutting the little tender shoots just as they peep from the ground and cooking them like asparagus.

Family Cough Syrup

Cures Any Cough in Five Hours. NEW PRESCRIPTION HERE.

Here is given the most effective cough prescription known to the medical world. It is a mild laxative, too, and this is what a body needs when suffering with cough and cold on the lungs. A cough or cold indicates poisons in the system, causing inflammation and congestion. Nearly all cough syrups relieve, but make the trouble worse by their constipating effects. This prescription, not only relieves quickly, but it cures any cough that is curable. Get one-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Mix in a bottle. Take for acute cough or bronchitis twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times daily. Give children less according to age. A few hours' treatment will cure and heal the throat and lungs of all but consumptives. Cut this out and give it to some friend who may need it to be saved from an early death by consumption.

RARELY DISTURBED.

Two spiders who dwelt in different parts of a church chanced to meet together in the aisle one day when out for a constitutional.

"How are you getting on?" said spider No. 1 to spider No. 2. "Oh, moderately," was the reply; "I don't feel very comfortable on Sundays; I live in the pulpit under the cushion, and on that day the parson comes and bangs the book, and sends his fists on the side and I have to keep very close, or else some day I think he'll hit me. He bangs with such a force that I know he'll squash me to a jelly."

"Oh, you come and live with me," said his companion. "I'm never troubled; I'm always comfortable, and never disturbed from one year's end to the other."

"Indeed," said the other spider; "and where do you live?"

"Oh, I live in the poor-booth," was the reply.

FINDS HIS WORK A PLEASURE NOW

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED THE POSTMASTER'S KIDNEY DISEASE.

Alberta Man Tells How His Troubles Vanished When He Used the Old Reliable Kidney Remedy.

Scena, Alta., April 25 (Special)—"I can now do all my work without pain and with pleasure!" Those are the words of Postmaster Andrew B. Nelson of this place. As all the postmaster's friends know, he has been troubled with Kidney Disease for several years past, and has been doing everything in his power to find a cure for it. He has found the cure. It is Dodd's Kidney Pills. "Yes, I tried all kinds of medicines for my kidney trouble," the postmaster joyfully states. "None of them seemed to do me any good till I commenced to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. Two boxes of them cured me completely. I highly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from Kidney Disease. I would not be without them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all diseases of the kidneys, from Backache to Bright's Disease. They also cure all diseases caused by disordered kidneys failing to strain the impurities out of the blood. That's why they cure Dropsy, Rheumatism, and Heart Disease. If you haven't tried them yourself ask your neighbors about them.

A SCHEME.

"O! Willie!" exclaimed little Elsie, "what did you open that oven door for?" "Don't you know that will spoil the cake mamma's baking?"

"Sure?" replied Willie, "an' if it's spoiled we'll let us eat all we want of it."

The Beauty of a Clear Skin. The condition of the liver regulates the condition of the blood. A disordered liver causes impurities in the blood and those show themselves in blemishes on the skin. Parmentee's Vegetable Pills in acting upon the liver act upon the blood and a clear, healthy skin will follow intelligent use of this standard medicine. Ladies, who will fully appreciate this prime quality of these pills, can use them with the certainty that the effect will be most gratifying.

On an average a man requires 1-1/2 pounds of food per annum; a woman 1,200 pounds, and a child 900 pounds.

Missionaries in All Lands are friends of Pain-killer. They are constantly in the field for assistance and sudden emergencies, such as cuts and bruises; they find it invaluable. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Pain-killer". Perry Davis—350 and 500.

Bled eight feet from the ground a rubber-yielding tree of fifteen inches diameter gives three pints of liquid.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

If a married woman is looking for trouble all she has to do is read extracts to her husband from the letters he wrote her during their courtship.

A Pill for Brain Workers.—The man who works with his brains is more liable to derangement of the digestive system than the man who works with his hands, because the one calls upon his nervous energy, while the other applies only his muscular strength. Brain fog begets irregularities of the stomach and liver, and the best remedy that can be used is Parmentee's Vegetable Pills. They are specially compounded for such cases and all those who use them can certify to their superior power.

ONLY FAIR.

"We shall have to reject your application for life insurance," says the agent.

"I'd like to know why," replies the applicant.

"Well, the examining physician says you are twice as fat as you should be."

"All right. I'll be fair. You in sure half of me and I'll let the other half take its chances."

It's easier to stand your conscience off than your creditors.

ARMORED MOTOR CAR.

In the hotbed of European militarism it is natural that all invention and manufacture is carefully weighed and scrutinized for the utilization of every possible engine for either defense or offense. The military uses of the automobile for the rapid dispatch of orders for the work of reconnaissance, etc., have been exploited in every land, and an Austrian company has made an armored motor car which has possibilities of offense as well as those indicated. It has a revolving turret in place of the tonneau, equipped with a rapid-fire gun, and a conning tower like arrangement for the protection of the chauffeur.

STOCKS.

Edward CRONYN & Co.

Members Toronto Stock Exchange.

Safe Investments.

Refer as to standing to any bank.

We have moved to 90 Bay St., Toronto.

COBALT SILVER AND PORCUPINE Gold stocks bought and sold. Proprietary incorporated and financed. Write for particulars. P. S. Hartston, 25 Manning Arcade, Toronto, Ont.

A PRECEDENT.

"Did you ever hear of a time when meat soared higher than it is doing now?" "Oh, yes. When the cow jumped over the moon."

There is Only One Electric Oil. When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular, imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their own merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil have been numerous, but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off with a substitute, but demand the real thing.

Boys over 14 and girls over 12 are legally entitled to get married without the consent of their parents or guardians in Scotland.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

JUST GOING TO SAY THAT.

A son of Erin who had the misfortune to get mixed up in an accident was immediately conveyed to a hospital, where it was found that his only injury was a slight wound. The house surgeon carefully examined him, after which he thus stated the case to the nurse:—

"As subcutaneous abrasion is not observable, I think there is little reason to apprehend tegumental cicatrization of the wound. What do you think yourself?" he asked Pat, with a mischievous smile.

"Sure, doctor," replied Pat, "you're a wonderful thought-reader." You took the very words out of my mouth. I was just going to say that."

Do not let a cold settle on your lungs. Resort to Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup at the first intimation of irritation in the throat and prevent disease from lodging in the pulmonary organs. Neglected colds are the cause of untold suffering throughout the country, all of which could have been prevented by the application of this simple but powerful medicine. The price, 25 cents, brings it within the reach of all.

Jones—"What did your rich uncle leave you when he died?" Smith—"Nothing." Jones—" Didn't he say anything to you before he passed away?" Smith—"Yes; he said nothing was too good for me."

As Fire Spreads in dry grass, so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold as with a fire, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam.

"Did you ever have appendicitis?" said the insurance man. "I never felt sure whether it was a case of appendicitis or a case of professional curiosity."

Red, Weak, Wiry, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 60c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

"Sure, it's Mike, the boy, that's lucky?" "Why, num, he got inured for a thousand dollars, and the very next day he fell off the ladde' paintin', and broke his neck."

All men are more or less homely usually more.

FELT AT HOME.

"We shall have to reject your application for life insurance," says the agent.

"I'd like to know why," replies the applicant.

"Well, the examining physician says you are twice as fat as you should be."

"All right. I'll be fair. You in sure half of me and I'll let the other half take its chances."

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SWAN DROWNED A BOY.

Cecil Barratt, a five-year-old Nottingham, England, boy, was stated at an inquest, to have been pulled into the river by a swan, who attacked him so savagely that he was drowned. The boy was the son of the caretaker of the Nottingham Britannia Rowing Club, and was playing on the landing-stage, when the swan attacked him. The lad's father dived several times, but failed to find the boy, and was also attacked by the bird before he could reach the landing-stage.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are made according to a formula used nearly a century ago among the Indians and learned from Dr. Morse. Though remedial attempts have been made by physicians and chemists, it has been found that the Indian Root Pills are a household remedy throughout the world for all kidney and liver troubles. They act promptly and effectively, and

Cleanse the System

AGENTS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN DAY EASY NO EXPENSES NEEDED. Sells on sight of 30 miles. Pays for itself in one hour. Write to-day. C. H. Adams Co., Barns, Ont.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

KEEP YOUR HOME IMMACULATE by using the Dusto Vacuum Carpet Cleaner. \$50. A. Hills, 555 Dovercourt Rd., Toronto, Ont. Agents wanted.

SCRIPS.

WANTED—SOUTH AFRICAN WAR SCRAPS. Highest price paid. Fox & Ross, Scott St., Toronto.

EDUCATIONAL.

EARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice, careful tools, free. Fresh graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly; write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, 221 Queen St., Toronto.

MACHINERY.

MACHINERY HEADQUARTERS. Iron and wood-working machines, engines, boilers, steam pumps, gasoline engines, etc. Send for catalogue of over 1400 machines. H. W. PETRIE, Limited, Montreal, Vancouver.

WANTED.

WANTED—A FEW ACTIVE YOUNG men to work in foundry. Three year contract. \$125 a day to start. \$250 can be made after 9 months on piece-work. Must be well recommended as to character, habits, etc. Apply the Gurney Foundry Co., Limited, Toronto.

FARMS FOR SALE.

WESTERN FARM LANDS—CITY LOTS ON easy terms. If you are going west, send for my list, it will pay you. S. M. Mathews, 72 Yonge St., Toronto.

A 100 ACRE FARM, WITH GOOD

buildings, for sale, or will exchange for house and lot on smaller farm. The Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited, London, Ont.

Send for free sample to Dept. W. L. National Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

For Asthma, Bronchitis and all Throat Troubles Take

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLD

The relief is as quick as it is certain. Pleasant to take and guaranteed absolutely free from opiates.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

RADWAY'S Ready Relie

RADWAY

THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1910.

Trent Valley Canal

The two remaining sections of the Ontario Rice Lake, Trent Valley Canal Division, are, in the course of a short time to be commenced. When these are completed the entire Trent waterway, from Lake Simcoe to Trenton, a distance of 108 miles, will be open, and navigation between Lake Simcoe and Montreal will be possible. A great deal of work is to be done and both are large contracts. These sections are numbers four and six. Number four covers a distance of eighteen miles, from Campbellford to Chisolm's Rapids, and No. six is Healy's Falls, and comprises about two miles.

Healy's Falls section is the intermediate ground between Randolph McDonald Co. contract, and that of Brown and Alymer. Healy's Falls has a drop of seventy feet, and will require three locks and a very large dam. The locks will consist of a single and double flight.

On the number 4 section from Campbellford to Chisolm's Rapids, there will be three single locks and one double one. There will also be three dams built on this part. The river here will require a large amount of dredging.

The Canadian Northern.

The Canadian Northern is the Dominion's third transcontinental Railway. It is already in operation from Quebec to Montreal and Ottawa, from Toronto to Georgian Bay and Northern Ontario, and from Duluth and Port Arthur to Edmonton. Seven hundred miles of additional railway construction will extend the Canadian Northern from Port Arthur on Lake Superior to Vancouver, and 400 miles will close up the gap between Port Arthur and Toronto. Four hundred miles more will link Key Harbor on Georgian Bay to Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec. In other words, the Canadian Northern has already completed 5500 miles of railway, and 1500 miles more will enable it to span the continent from Quebec to Vancouver.

A. B. C.

These letters do not refer to the studies of the children in the primary room of our Public School, but the initials of the name of an important and growing organization in connection with the Methodist Sabbath School here, the Adult Bible Class. The object of the class is obvious from its name, and the interest that is being manifested in the study of the Bible by the men of the church was given expression in a highly successful banquet held in the assembly room of the church on Friday evening last.

The ladies of Dr. C. F. Walt's class displayed remarkable ability in the culinary art in the preparation of most tempting viands with which the tables were laden, and with that charm and grace for which they are well known, cared for every wish of the seventy-five who surrounded the festive board.

The pastor, Rev. H. L. Phelps, being incapacitated by a very severe cold, Dr. Walt occupied the chair and opened the toast list by asking all to rise and honor the King. Mr. W. R. Mather, Rev. G. W. Henderson and Mr. W. S. Gordon were the speakers in reply to the toast to "Our Guests." Mr. Mather, with his characteristic, beautifully rounded, well worded phraseology, expressed his pleasure at being present and his sympathy with the object and work of the organization, and was followed by Rev. Henderson, who also proved a very interesting and highly instructive speaker, and presented a strong array of arguments proving the absolute and undeniable truth of the Bible. He first spoke of the Unity of the Word of God, the combination of the sixty-six books, each fitting into the required place to form this "master of all works." Only by divine guidance could this have been done. From many portions of the Bible, he proved that truths which scientists had but recently discovered, were recorded in Holy Writ, and from the very passages usually disputed the speaker clearly, concisely, and with the clearest demonstration showed wherein the truth was borne out.

Mr. W. S. Gordon, who is the superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School in Tweed, gave a very interesting history of the method of the organization of the A. B. C. in that place and its successful work. The class has a membership of 140, and is the leader in all moral reform and social movements.

The toast to "Our Class" was proposed by the superintendent of the Sabbath school, Mr. W. S. Martin, and very ably responded to by Messrs. E. T. Williams, G. G. Thrasher and J. L. Ashley, followed by the honor to "The Ladies" proposed by W. R. Howson and supported by Messrs. H. C. Martin, H. Huller and W. E. Laycock.

The event, which was throughout one of the most enjoyable ever participated in by any of the banqueters, had a most fitting climax in the presentation of a gold headed ebony cane to Mr. E. T. Williams, the teacher of the class. The address was read by Mr. J. L. Ashley and the presentation made by the secretary, Mr. John Thompson, and although Mr. Williams was taken entirely by surprise, and much moved by this expression of the appreciation of his efforts, his reply was one to be remembered because of its plain, calm incisiveness and depth of feeling.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tonic. For great trouble in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

BEYOND MODERN SKILL

MANY OLD FEATS CHALLENGES PRESENT DAY WORKMEN.

Luminous Painting of the Japanese Gives Rise to a Story of the Emperor Tai Tsung—Roman Workman Invented a Glass Cup That Would Bend But Not Break—Damascus Sword Blades.

It is said that the art of luminous painting was known to the Japanese long ago as 976 A.D., in the dynasty of the Emperor Tai Tsung of the Sung dynasty. He had in his possession a picture painted by one Sung Nghi that was a spiritual affair, being nothing more or less, however, than a picture of an ox that everyday left the picture frame to graze at night. This thing worried the emperor, as it seemed to his mind to be more realistic than was necessary just a common picture of a common ox, so he made numerous inquiries among his subjects as to why the ox, being only a picture, daily went out to graze.

None of the people, of course, could explain the phenomenon and the emperor finally appealed to a certain wise Buddhist priest, who said that the Japanese painter had known of an ancient secret and applied it to his art in painting the picture. It really was nothing, explained the learned priest, more than that the artist had found some nacreous substance within the flesh of a certain kind of oyster that could be picked up among the rocks when the tide was low. This substance was dried and then ground into color material, and pictures painted with these colors were invisible by day and luminous by night, so the secret was that during the day the figure of the ox was not visible, and it was therefore said that it left the frame to go on grazing.

History relates that during the age of Tiberius a Roman workman who had been banished was allowed to return to Rome, which he did, bringing with him a glass cup—a really wonderful cup, for he dashed it upon the pavement and it was not broken by the fall, although dented, but with a hammer he easily bent it into shape again. It was brilliant, transparent, but not brittle. It is further stated that the Romans were much interested and learned that the man had obtained the cup from the Arabians, who are wonderful chemists. In the books of that long ago time there is a glass mentioned that if supported by its own weight would in a day dwindle down to a fine line and could be curved around the wrist like a bracelet.

The glassblowers of ancient Thebes are known to have been far in advance of the most proficient craftsmen of our day of "progress," some 4,000 years later. They were well acquainted with the art of staining glass, and are known to have produced that article in great profusion and perfection. Rossellini tells of a piece of stained glass known to be 4,000 years old which displayed artistic taste of high order, both in tint and design. In this specimen the color is struck through the vitrified structure, and he mentions other designs struck entirely in pieces from one-half to three-quarters of an inch thick, the color being perfectly incorporated with the structure of the piece and exactly the same on both sides.

The priests of Ptah at Memphis were adepts in the glass worker's art, and not only did they have manufacturers for the common crystal varieties but they had learned the vitrifying of the different colors to perfection. Their imitations of the amethyst and the various other colored gems were so like the real article that even now, after they have lain in the sands of the desert from 2,000 to 4,000 years, it takes an expert to tell them from the genuine. It is known also that they used the diamond for cutting and engraving glass, and in the British Museum there is a beautiful piece of stained glass with an engraved emblemazon of the monarch Thothmes III., who lived over 3,400 years ago.

Procus, who had a name greater than Archimedes as a mathematician, is credited with having made a burning glass during the reign of Anastasius Dicorus which was of such remarkable efficiency that at a great distance he set fire to and destroyed the ships of the Myrian and Thracian fleets that had blockaded Byzantium.

The Damascus blades, those marvels of perfect steel, have never been equalled, and those in use during the crusades 800 years ago are to-day as good as new. In London there is one on exhibition that can be put in a scabbard almost as crooked as a corkscrew and bent every way without breaking. The point of this sword can be made to touch the hilt.

There is an exhibition in the Army Medical Museum at Washington, a specimen of microscopic writing on glass. This writing consists of the words in the Lord's Prayer and occupies a triangular space measuring 1-294 by 1-441 of an inch, or an area of 1-12654 of a square inch. The lines are about 1-50000 of an inch apart. Now, to get some idea of the minuteness of this writing. There are in the Lord's Prayer 227 letters and if, as here, this number occupies the 1-12654 of an inch there would be room on an entire square inch for 29,432,458 such letters similarly spaced.

The entire Bible, Old and New Testaments, contains but 3,565,480 letters, and there would therefore be room enough to write the entire Bible eight times over on one square inch of glass in the same manner as the words of the Lord's Prayer have been written on this specimen. Such a statement staggers the imagination, but the figures are easily verified and are certainly correct.

Scottish Home Rule.

A proposal for Home Rule for Scotland was defeated in the House of Commons in 1900.

A VENERABLE STATESMAN.

Hon. Sir John Carling is Now a Very Old Man.

The Hon. Sir John Carling, K.C.M.G., who is reported to be in very weak condition at his home in London, has never rallied from the shock he received by the death, a couple of years ago, of Lady Carling. Up to the time of Lady Carling's death Sir John retained a well preserved and robust appearance and showed no diminution which were so conspicuous in him during his long Ministerial career at Ottawa. After Lady Carling's death his mind was greatly affected by a crushing effect upon the mind of a knight, and he has dwindled down to but a shadow of his former self in physique and intellect. A few days ago before the Easter recess he went down from London to Ottawa to take his son in the Senate and had to be helped to his place before the Speaker took the chair. He recognized his older friends with something like the smile of old days; but he was clearly beyond taking any interest in the proceedings. It is related that Sir John Macdonald once described Sir John Carling as being "the kindest man and best fellow" he had ever known, in his Cabinet or out of it.

Sir John Carling was born near London, Ont., in January, 1829, his parents being natives of Yorkshire, England. He sat in the old Legislature of United Canada from 1857 to 1867, and in 1862 was appointed Receiver-General in the Cartier-Macdonald Government. As during the time the legislation preliminary to Confederation was under discussion in the old Legislature he was an active and influential member of that body, Sir John can be said to be one of the founders of Confederation. At Confederation he had the honor of being elected to the House of Commons, and also to the Ontario Legislature. He served as Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works in the Sandfield Macdonald (Ontario) Government, from 1867 to 1871, and entered Sir John A. Macdonald's (Dominion) Government as Postmaster-General, May 23, 1882. He became Minister of Agriculture in 1885, and retained the portfolio until the dissolution of Sir John Abbott's Ministry, in 1892. The same year he was offered the appointment of Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, but he declined.

Father of the Game Laws.

Periodically the game laws of Ontario and other provinces come under discussion and there is no doubt that many imagine the movement to be a modern one. The Quebec Telegraph, however, has of late been engaged in publishing commentaries based on the daily news of fifty years ago and states that the Hon. Col. Prince, a member of the old Parliament of Canada which used to meet alternately at Toronto and Quebec was the father of the game laws. In 1860 he made a speech in support of legislation which he had already in past years been instrumental in placing upon the statute books and calling for a further shortening of the season during which game might be killed. He made a very urgent appeal to Canadians to pay more attention to this most important asset of the country, enlarging upon its value and its attractiveness to visitors, and claiming that it was the sport afforded by Canadian game that first induced him to take up his residence in this country. He instances the butcher-like manner in which a number of men, instead of stalking moose, would engage Indians to assist them in rounding the animals up and then shooting them down like oxen. He spoke of the system, as a shameful slaughter, almost as wicked as the slaughter of the buffalo in the West, which he rightly foretold would result in the complete annihilation of the animals.

Homage to Titles.

This is what Lady Laurier, wife of the Premier of Canada, said to an interviewer recently in Denver. "I haven't observed anything democratic in the ideals of America in the many years I have been on this side. I don't say it's not mixed enough, but Americans display a far greater eagerness and awe for royal prerogatives than do Europeans. Titles are of far greater value over here than where people are used to them. Americans are used to them. In the British Museum there is a beautiful piece of stained glass with an engraved emblemazon of the monarch Thothmes III., who lived over 3,400 years ago.

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He Would Do Anything.

A public school teacher in Southern Manitoba one evening visited the home of one of her pupils. During her visit, she was greatly attracted by a small boy, who looked curiously at her, but refused to come within reach of her. With all the love of a teacher for a conquest over the little folks, she coaxed, but in vain, until a happy thought struck her. She produced some chocolates, which she held up as a bait.

The little lad was not proof against anything so attractive as chocolates and went to her at once, and kissed her for the candies.

His little sister had been watching him with considerable interest, and when she saw him spring into the teacher's arms and kiss her, she said, with an air of finality: "Yes, Frank would do just anything, for chocolates."

Goes Home For Gun.

The old Mother does derive an occasional benefit from her wayward children. The Birmingham Small Arms Co. has received an order for a large consignment of rifles, extending to many thousands, which will provide employment for the next twelve months. The order is for cadet rifles for the Australian Government, but the figures are easily verified and are certainly correct.

Nine.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Tucker were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Shortt recently.

Miss Carrie Green, Toronto, is home spending a few weeks with her parents.

Miss Kathleen Bailey was the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. H. Green.

Farmers have been busily engaged putting in their crops.

Mrs. Zwick, of Glen Miller, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. W. Denike.

During March, 83,065 immigrants arrived in Canada. Over a thousand a day.

The citizens of Belleville are making preparations for an Old Boys' Reunion in July.

Constable Samuel Baker of Kingston has been appointed Chief of Police for Trenton.

The early closing by-law for bar-rooms had two-tenths majority of the Montreal City Council on its first and second readings.

Mr. Frederic Nicholls states that the Canadian General Electric Company will spend a million dollars on extensions to the plant at Peterboro.

The Peterboro License Commissioners have cut off several hotel licences and one shop license. Three hotels were granted three months extension to make improvements, and the proprietors of two others were ordered to sell out.

Work on the Canadian Northern Railway between Toronto and Trenton is being pushed forward rapidly. On the section from Trenton westward the first sod was turned the day after Thanksgiving last fall and on April 12th the laying of steel rails was commenced.

Mr. Wilber S. Gordon, Supt. of the Tweed Methodist Sunday School, has been appointed by the Provincial Association as one of the Ontario delegates to the World's Sunday School Convention which meets in the city of Washington from May 19th to 24th.—Tweed News.

Mr. Allan Embury, who was for a quarter of a century a highly respected resident of Belleville, passed away on Wednesday last at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. G. Westover, Zion's Hill. Mr. Embury, who, during his residence there, followed the occupation of a builder and contractor, was 81 years of age and was a member of the Methodist church. He is survived by a family of four, namely, Mrs. G. Westover, Sidney; Miss Beatrice, Winipeg; Mrs. Alma McIvor, Tacoma, Washington, and Mrs. Thomas Westover, Peterborough.

Advancement in science in Prince Edward County is not behind the times. Mr. G. B. Denike, of Cressy, who has been experimenting with Hertzian wares for a short time past, has constructed instruments with which he has been able to hear neighboring stations for the past two months. Buffalo, which is 130 miles distant, can be heard the loudest. Other stations heard from are Cleveland, O., Port Huron, S. S., and Marquette, Mich., and Brant Rock, Mass. As electric power is not available in Cressy, Mr. Denike has to depend upon batteries with which he is able to transmit about 25 miles or double the distance under good atmospheric conditions and over water where there are no obstructions to the waves.—Picton Times.

Rheumatic poisons are quickly and surely driven out of the blood with Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy—liquid or tablet.

Dr. Shoop's booklet on rheumatism plainly test how this is done.

For some sufferer of this book, or better still, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., for book and free test samples. Send some money. Just join with Dr. Shoop and give some sufferer a pleasant surprise. Sold by J. S. Morton.

Will protect them, and in foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred stock, or the life of a valuable mare and foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co. of Canada.

Will protect them, and in foal Mares.

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there is good money in representing a well-

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lished over 30 years. Write for particulars.

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Meets the last Friday evening in every month at eight o'clock. Lodge room: Over Fred T. Ward's store.

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rected with glasses.

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evening of each month at 8 o'clock.

GEO. E. MORROW,

Rec. Secretary.

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day in each month.

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ber of the Royal College of Surgeons,
England, of the Medical Faculty of Queen's
University, and of the staff of the King-
ston General Hospital.

Consultant and Specialist in Surgery.

283 King St. E., Kingston.

Phone 336.

PERSONALS.

Miss Gladys and Eva Bailey left for
Toronto on Friday last.

Miss Inez Cowing of Detroit is a guest
of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Gillett.

Mr. Geo. Drewry went to Kingston on
Tuesday to attend the convocation of
Queen's University.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sills and son Harry
of Belleville, spent a few days at the
home of Mr. Mark Tucker last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Ross, of Picton,
spent Sunday with their son, Mr. R. G.
Ross, accountant in the Bank of Montreal
here.

Mrs. David Seeley has returned home
from Flint, Mich., where she was visiting
her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Price* for the
past three months.

Moira.

The Woman's Missionary Society of
this place held their open meeting on
Sunday evening, April 17th, which,
notwithstanding the down-pour of rain,
was an abundant success. The ad-
dress delivered by Mr. and Mrs. H. K.
Denyes, of Plainfield, were full of
interest and profit. The musical selec-
tions rendered by the choir of the
church, Miss Pearl Hollinger, and Mr.
and Mrs. Ross were highly appreciated.

During the program Mrs. (Rev.) Ross
was called forward and presented with
a life membership certificate and the
following address:—

Mrs. G. E. Ross.—We, the members
of the Moira Missionary Auxiliary,
wish to present you with this "Life
Membership Card" as a slight token of
the love and esteem we have for you.

We hope that the coming years in
your new fields of labor may be as
profitable and pleasant to you as the
past has been to us.

Wishing you success in the future,
and trusting you will live many years to
help carry on this good work of sending
the Gospel to distant lands.

When at the golden portals you are
standing ready to enter.

All your tribulations, all your sor-
rows past.

How sweet to hear the blessed procla-
mation.

"Enter, faithful servant, welcome
home at last."

Signed on behalf of the Auxiliary,

Mrs. D. R. THOMPSON.

Mrs. S. KETCHESON.

Mrs. Ross replied as follows:

Dear Friends,—I am sure this is a
kind and beautiful expression of your
regard for me. I am very glad if I
have been of any help to you in your
church work, for that has been my aim
and ambition in life. I am deeply
grateful to you for this mark of your
esteem and appreciation.

I find in the work of the W. M. S.
that my interest increases with my ex-
perience, and friends, we know that
while thus engaged we have the ap-
proval of our Saviour, who was the
greatest missionary the world ever
knew. What a missionary He was to
the blind, the maimed, the leper, and
to all who were distressed. He was
the greatest healer of both body and soul.
I prize your gift for two reasons; one is,
it places my name upon the life mem-
bership roll of this great society; the
other is that it comes from my friends
at Moira, and in after years, as I look
upon it in the future, it will recall
pleasant memories of the past.

The old fashioned way of dosing a weak
stomach, or stimulating a languid body
is all wrong. Sheep first pointed out
this error. This is why his prescrip-
tion—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—is directed
entirely to the cause of these ailments—the
weak inside or controlling nerve. It
is difficult to say Dr. Shoop's Restorative
is a weak stomach, or kidneys if one
goes at it correctly. Each inside organ has
these nerves full, then those organs must
surely fail. These vital truths lead us to
recommend Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Test
it for a few days and see if improvement will
promptly and surely follow. Sold by J. S.
Morton.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
For Regular Advertisers—Three lines—\$1.00;
25 cents each insertion; one line—\$0.25;
10 cents each insertion in larger than
ordinary type, 10c. per line.

To Transient Advertisers—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
10:30 a.m. Passenger. 10:37 a.m.
Mail & Ex. 4:00 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3:41 p.m.

Passenger. 10:37 a.m. Mail & Ex. 3:41 p.m.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

SELECTED RECIPES.

Southern Recipe for Cooking Bacon.—Sprinkle both sides of thin slices of bacon with mixture composed of one part sugar and three parts corn-meal. Fry or broil as usual.

Brown Rice.—Brown one-third of a cup of rice in the oven until it is the color of wheat. Put one cup of boiling water with one-half quart of salt in a double boiler. Add the rice and cook one hour. This is particularly delicious with maple syrup.

Mock Indian Pudding.—Pour boiling water over two slices of buttered bread; when soft, add one quart of milk, one cup of molasses, one egg, a pinch of salt and a pinch of cinnamon. Bake slowly in three hours, stirring often to prevent crust. Serve with whipped cream.

Spanish Drop-Cakes.—Cream together one cup of butter and two cups of sugar; add five eggs, beaten light, one cup of currants, two cups of sifted flour, and one tablespoonful of lemon-juice. Drop from a teaspoon about five inches apart, and bake medium brown.

Fried Apples.—Cut two or three slices of salt pork into small pieces and put them into a hot spider. Pare six apples and slice them, rejecting the cores. Add these to the pork as soon as it has begun to brown; cover and cook until soft, then add three tablespoonsful of molasses and cook about eight minutes. Serve very hot.

Russian Whip.—Use one pint of cream, one-half pound of good Malaia grapes, a half a teaspoonful of walnut meats chopped. Cut the grapes in quarters and remove the stones. Whip the cream, sweeten to taste, add one teaspoonful of vanilla extract and the pieces of grape and nut meats. Mix well and serve very cold in glass bowl, or for luncheon company in sherbet glasses. Garnish if desired with candied cherries.

Vermont Johnny-Cake.—First see that the oven is hot, and butter a flat pan. Then place in sifter one heaping cup of granulated corn-meal, one-third cup of flour, two-thirds cup of sugar, one teaspoonful of baking-powder, two teaspoonsfuls of soda, one teaspoonful of salt. Mix thoroughly, then add two cups thick sour milk with one table spoonful of sour cream or melted butter. Place immediately in hot oven and bake till brown.

Scotch Oat-Cakes.—Use one cup of oat-meal, one cup of flour, one tablespoonful of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of soda. Mix all dry ingredients, then rub in one-quarter cup of lard. Add enough cold water to make a smooth, soft paste. Divide it into three parts. Knead each piece a little and make into round thin cakes. Use a little flour and oatmeal mixed to knead them with. Put on a floured tin and bake fifteen minutes. They may be cooked on a griddle.

Graham Pudding.—This is a dessert which is no less edible for being simple and economical. Use two cups of unsifted Graham flour, one cup of chopped raisins, one tea spoonful of baking-soda, one tea spoonful of each of cassia, cloves and nutmeg, one-half teaspoonful of salt. Stir these ingredients thoroughly into one cup of thick sour milk and steam in one loaf three hours. Serve hot, in slices, with hard sauce made of butter and powdered sugar mixed hard enough to out.

BREADS.

Graham Bread.—One cupful of brown sugar, two eggs, three cupfuls of sour milk, two teaspoonfuls of soda, two teaspoonfuls of salt, four cupfuls of graham flour, two and one-half cupfuls of wheat flour, one-half cupful of chopped walnuts. Bake one hour.

Oatmeal Bread.—Two and one-half cupfuls of oatmeal cooked as for breakfast. When cool add one cake yeast dissolved in lukewarm water, butter the size of an egg, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful of salt. Let rise and when light stir in as much white flour as possible. Let rise again and when light mold into four loaves. Handle as little as possible and do not knead. Let rise again and bake in moderate oven one hour.

Puffed Bread.—Take loaf of bread from oven, with two forks tear into quarters, eighths, and until about size of hand and half an inch thick. Place in open oven until crisp; close oven and toast golden brown. Serve either cold or dip in hot salted water and dress with cream.

Light Bread.—To one quart of flour add one pint of liquid, one-half teaspoonful of yeast, the rest warm water, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar, one tablespoonful of butter or lard, one well beaten egg; mix together with large spoon until thick enough to

on your polished dining table rub with spirits of camphor. It will remove them.

To remove ink stains from table linens and other white articles, squeeze the juice of a fresh lemon over the stain.

When eggs are scarce and they are needed for puddings, a dessert-spoonful of cornstarch may be substituted for one egg.

In selecting a tooth brush always choose one with bristles of different lengths, so that every wee crevice may be reached.

New tin dishes are apt to give a disagreeable taste to everything placed in them unless water and ammonia are first boiled in them.

Bread dressing may be served with a pot roast as well as one put in the oven. The bread should be baked separately in a cake tin.

Window glass, lamps and lamp glasses, marble and stone vases or mantels, granite sills, etc., if rubbed with salt are quickly cleansed.

Always keep the inside of your coffee pot bright to insure good coffee. Boil it out occasionally with soap, water and wood ashes, and scour thoroughly.

When using stale bread for puddings always soak it in a cold liquid. Bread that has been soaked in cold milk or water is light and crumbly, whereas that soaked in hot liquids is heavy.

If the inside of your tea or coffee pot is black, fill it with water and put in a piece of hard soap. Set it on the stove and let it boil half an hour or one hour. It will be as bright as new.

When veils are washed at home, they usually come out quite limber and flimsy. To give them stiffness add a pinch of sugar to the rinse water.

If when ironing anything white you find a soiled spot, dampen a piece of white cloth and put a little cream of tartar on, then rub the soiled spot; you will be surprised to see it disappear.

Colds in the head, etc., may be cured by putting the feet into hot water until perspiration is caused on the forehead; drink a tumbler of cold water in bed, and well cover yourself with bedclothes.

A good way to repair small holes in holland blinds is to get some court plaster, cut a piece a little larger than the hole, warm, and lay perfectly flat over the hole. When dry it will hardly be noticed.

The objectionable sputtering and flying of the hot fat when eggs, hominy, apples and like things are dropped into it to fry may be prevented if a little flour is sifted into it before they are added.

An easy way to skin a beet without bleeding it and causing it to lose color is to put it in cold water as soon as it is cooked. Then draw the hand gently down each one and the skin will drop off without trouble.

When cooking milk or soups of any kind always use a wooden spoon for stirring. Never take a tin spoon for this purpose, especially if the soup contains any acid like tomatoes, as this unites with the tin and forms a poisonous compound.

For those who find maple syrup beyond their means try this: Five cups of light brown sugar, three to four cups of granulated sugar, and about one-quarter to one-half pound of maple sugar; add water and boil to consistency of syrup.

When chamois gloves are washed, if they are rinsed with clear water and hung up with the fingers full of water they will dry with the fingers extended, instead of the usual shrunken way. The gloves are easier to get into shape and last longer.

TRAVELLING ARMY KITCHEN.

Soldiers May Now Have Hot Rations—Cook for 800 Men.

Cold tinned meat for troops in warfare will soon disappear from the list of the hardships of active service. The use of the motor vehicle and the invention of a means of cooking tinned or fresh meat while moving rapidly have received the approval of the authorities. An Irish quartermaster has invented a travelling kitchen, fixed in an ordinary wagon, which can cook for 800 men as it moves with them, and at the first halt in a forced march a hot meal can be served at once.

By the application of motor power, the radius of these travelling stoves can be increased enormously in dealing with scattered troops, and it should be possible for men in the most lonely outpost situations to be served with hot food instead of eating the cold rations which they carry with them. These kitchens are so balanced that they keep upright when passing over the roughest ground without spilling or risk of turning over. The field kitchen is an oil fuel one, without spark or smoke.

USEFUL HINTS.

Potato peelings and cold water are excellent for cleaning decanters, etc.

For flatulence a good remedy is a teaspoonful of glycerine after each meal.

A little castor oil rubbed into your boots occasionally will make them last much longer.

Mix starch with soapy water and the linen will have a good gloss and be easy to iron.

Dry salt sprinkled over a carpet before it is swept will help wonderfully to brighten the colors.

The old or frayed rag is a delusion, not a duster. Its particles of lime and ravellings will make double work.

Store soap for a month before using. Cut it into pieces and pile up in a dry place so that the air can get to it.

When hot dishes have made marks

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 1.

Lesson V. Two Sabbath Incidents, Matt. 12. 1-14. Golden Text, Matt. 12. 7.

Verse 1. At that season — The time of year is easily fixed by the fact that the ears were ripe in the field: Harvest began in April. Passover-time was nigh.

His disciples were hungry—It is not unlikely that they were returning from a long service in the synagogue, and custom prescribed that no food should be eaten until after the morning service.

Began to pluck ears—Was this a theft? Not according to the Jewish law, which said: "When thou comest into the standing corn of thy neighbor, then thou mayest pluck the ears with thine hand; but thou shalt not move a sickle unto thy neighbor's standing corn."

2. The Pharisees . . . saw it — They were suspicious of Jesus already, and were on the lookout for opportunities to entrap him.

It is not lawful—The illegality of the act of the disciples consisted in the violation of the sabbath. To pluck ears of corn was looked upon as a kind of reaping, and the act of rubbing the grain out between the palms of their hands was equivalent to threshing.

3. Have ye not read—Charging the Pharisees with ignorance of Scripture.

What David did—At Nob. Close study of the Old Testament passage (1 Sam. 21) shows that David's act was a threefold violation of law: (1) entering the sacred shrine, though a layman; (2) eating consecrated shewbread, intended only for priests; (3) breach of the Sabbath (it being the day for the changing of the loaves, which, according to Lev. 24. 8, was the Sabbath day). The high priest had sanctioned this act of David and those that were with him. Hence, Jesus might have appealed to the law on entirely technical grounds, for his disciples had broken only that interpretation of the law which was given it by the rabbis. But the case of David constituted a precedent out of which Jesus establishes the principle that occasions arise when a ceremonial law may be set aside for humane reasons.

5. Or have ye not read—If they had, they had either not understood or had forgotten.

Priests . . . profane the sabbath—It was the common practice of the priests, along with other work, to slay and dress the victims of sacrifice on the Sabbath day. Said the rabbis: "There is no keeping of the Sabbath in the temple." All this was recognized as no impropriety, simply because it was "done in holy things" in the service of the temple.

6. One greater than the temple—Itself. Works of mercy in his name therefore surpass the works of the temple, and can be performed in violation of the Sabbath law with greater impunity than could the profanations of the priests.

7. I desire mercy—It was only a brief time previous to this that Jesus had quoted these same words, in answer to the pharisaic criticism of his consorting with sinners (Matt. 9. 13; see Lesson for March 20). The original design of the Sabbath was beneficial. It was made for man's sake, and not man for the sake of the Sabbath (Mark 2. 27).

And not sacrifice—Jesus had no desire to do away with the law. He was profoundly desirous of clearing away the refuse with which the law had been hedged in by false interpretations. Whitfield replied to the bishop who charged him with violation of the laws of the church because of his preaching out of doors that there were some things, the souls of men, for example, which were worth all the law in the canon.

8. The Son of man is lord—Therefore his authority extends over all law. For discussion of the title, see Word. For discussion of the title, see Word. For discussion of the title, see Word.

9. A man healed on the Sabbath. The accounts in Mark and Luke, like this one, are placed after the other Sabbath controversy. Luke states definitely that it was on the Sabbath.

9. Went into their synagogue—Luke says that his purpose was to teach. Teaching, in these public meeting places, was not especially by officials, but by anyone qualified. So we find Paul and Barnabas, and Jesus, given their opportunity to speak after the reading of the law.

10. A man having a withered hand—According to Jerome, who quotes from an ancient writing, he was a mason by trade, and accosted Jesus thus: "I beseech thee, Jesus, to restore me to health, lest I beg bread in shame."

11. It is lawful to heal!—The law actually permitted healing on the Sabbath day only when a man's life was at stake. In this case, therefore, since there was no immediate

danger of the man's dying, to heal his hand would be a breaking of the law. But only the malice of the accusers of Jesus would have so interpreted it.

11. He said unto them—The question had been launched with the purpose of creating a discussion of what things may be done on the Sabbath and what things may not. The answer of Jesus put all argument to an end, simply by raising the subject to a higher level. The rule of the rabbis was, that if a sheep should fall into a pit on the Sabbath day, it should first be ascertained whether it had been injured. If so, and only on this condition, it might be dragged out and killed. But, as often, the Jews found a way of getting around this hard rule. The indignation of Jesus was therefore justified, when he saw these legalists much more concerned about their property than human life.

12. How much then—The superior value of a man as compared to a sheep makes the logic of Jesus irresistible.

It is lawful to do good—According to Mark and Luke, Jesus had replied to the accusing question of the Pharisees by asking them, "Is it lawful on the Sabbath day to do good, or to do harm?" To deny it was impossible, and to admit it was to concede to Jesus the right to heal. So they were in a predicament.

14. The Pharisees . . . took counsel against him—Luke adds that they "were filled with madness," no doubt due to the discomfiting position into which Jesus had forced them. According to Mark, this madness led them to join counsel with their implacable enemies, the Herodians, a political party composed largely of Sadducees, who sided with Rome as against Israel. They would have proceeded to destroy him at once, had it not been for the clamor of the multitude.

BLANKETING HORSES.

In numerous instances the health and usefulness of a horse is partially or permanently injured by leaving him exposed, unblanketed, to cold winds or drafts in frosty weather, after being driven or worked hard and caused to sweat freely. It is often a case that may be properly classed under the head of cruelty to animals. It is seldom necessary to so drive or work a horse in cool weather that he will be in a sweat; but when it is necessary, common sense should suggest the kindness and prudence of covering him with a blanket when, after being overheated, he has to stand more than a few minutes exposed to cold weather outside, or drafts in a stable. When a horse has been driven or worked until he is covered with foam and sweat, he should be taken into the stable, well rubbed down with wisps of straw or hay, or rough cloth, and then blanketed. There is little ground for excuse for the neglect of such precautions by men who have been raised on a farm, and have knowledge of the limitations of a horse, as to the amount of work he can stand, and the risk of neglecting to properly care for him. The abuse to which livery horses are sometimes subjected, by men ignorant of how they should be used, is pitiful, but may in many cases be charged up to want of knowledge, rather than cruelty, and should be guarded against by caution from the owner of the horse. The writer relates a case in which a minister got the ill-will of the community in which he lived, and ruined his usefulness there, by boasting of having driven a livery horse 76 miles in a day, not knowing that the horse had died as a result of the overstrain. A charitable view of the case suggests ignorance of the reasonable capability or endurance of the horse, rather than conscious cruelty or lack of sympathy for a dumb animal.—Farmer's Advocate.

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FORTUNE GOES BEGGING.

Over Twelve Million Dollars Await a Claimant.

Search is being made in the north of Ireland for the heirs of Portadown about a century ago and died in London, after amassing an enormous fortune. This \$60,000, which is lying in the Court of Chancery, awaiting distribution among the next-of-kin who can prove their relationship to the milionnaire.

It is stated the male branch of the Harrison heirs is extinct, and among the parties who would benefit are persons from the Portadown Liddell and Wilson.

The Rector of Seagoe, the Rev. James E. Archer, D.D., who has studied the historic associations of Portadown and its surroundings, has been communicated with in the matter and has been engaged in making diligent search among the church records and the family archives with the view of furthering the claims of all parties concerned.

It may be mentioned that the Harrison family were landed proprietors, and held a high social position in Portadown.

Inquiries are being made for a Major Robinson, who was born near Portadown, and was converted with the family history. He would now be about eighty years of age, and before his retirement from the Army had seen twenty-five years' foreign service.

CROPS IN CEYLON.

Tea Production More Than 190,000,000 Pounds Last Year.

The report of the committee of the Planters' Association of Ceylon, just issued, gives interesting statements of crops for 1909 and estimates for 1910.

The tea production was more than 190,000,000 pounds, about 12,000,000 more than the last previous year's and about 3,000,000 pounds less than is expected this year. Three thousand acres were opened and planted with tea in 1909. Tea sold in 1909 for two cents a pound more than in 1908.

Shipments of rubber during 1909 amounted to 1,492,550 pounds, and the crop for 1910 is estimated at 3,000,000 pounds. Record prices were obtained for rubber, the highest being 9s. 3d. in London, and Rs. 7.20 in Colombo.

The cacao crop for 1909 is 80,100 hundred weight. The estimate for 1910 is 700,000 hundred weight.

Cardamoms, which have been extensively advertised in the United States of America, which is now Ceylon's fourth largest customer as regards this product, fetched good prices, and 750,000 pounds were sold. For this year 650,000 pounds are estimated.

Cocanut palm products (oil, copra, poinac, coir, etc.) have also done remarkably well.

THE "WHALING" INDUSTRY.

A boy of twelve years of age, with an air of melancholy resignation, went to his teacher and handed in the following note from his mother before taking his seat:

Dear Sir. Please excuse James for not being present yesterday.

He played truant, but you needn't whip him for it, as the boy played truant with and him fell out, and he licked James; an' a man they threw stones at caught him and licked him; and the driver of a cart they hung on to licked him; and the owner of a cat chased him. Then I licked him when he came home, after I had his father licked him; and I had to give him another for being impudent to me for telling his father. So you need not lick him until next time.

He thinks he will attend regular in future.

CHANTECLER?

"I had the loveliest dream last night," says the fond wife. "I dreamed about a new spring bon."

"There's lots of dreams that never come true," observes the brutal husband.

"I'm afraid this is one. I dreamed that I purchased an egg at the millinery store and set it under a hen and hatched out one of the lathe."

MASCULINE TACT.

"He's always getting himself in wrong."

"What's he done now?"

"Told that young mother, when she showed him her baby, that his sister had three just like it."

When a man goes to church and hears a sermon that hits him on all sides, somehow he doesn't seem to enjoy it.

Bobbins—"Jones is the most lucky fellow at cards I ever met."

Slurbs—"Then I suppose he is lucky."

At any rate, he has never been over-rided."

GYPSY SLAYS TORMENTORS

Young Man Threw Stones and He Responded With Buckshot.

A despatch from Shawville, Que., says: Goaded to madness by the fibs and affronts of a half-dozen young men who were tormenting him, Mike Murphy, a gypsy, 55 years of age, on Wednesday night, shot and instantly killed two of their number, Harry Howes, aged 22, and William Dale, aged 30. Both young men were killed by one shot fired point blank at a range of eighteen feet from an old muzzle-loading shotgun. Howes was standing immediately behind Dale, and the discharge of buckshot passed completely through Dale's body and entered that of Howes. Both dropped dead. The slayer, Murphy, was arrested by a private citi-

zen and lodged in the jail. His wife was also jailed, charged with being an accomplice in the crime.

Murphy has scarcely a friend in the place. For three years he has openly defied the authorities to oust him from the property on which he "squatted" immediately outside the corporation limit at the southern end of the town. There, in a miserable hovel, he has lived with his gypsy wife amid poverty and filth and squalor, avowedly hostile to everyone in Shawville. On the other hand, the two young men who are dead were of good families, and were themselves highly respected, hence the very strong feeling which prevails against Murphy.

INCREASED COST OF LIVING

How Dairy Products and Fish Prices Have Advanced in Twenty Years.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A further instalment of the results of the special investigation by the Department of Labor into the increase in the cost of living during the past twenty years was published on Friday. It relates to prices of dairy products and fish. A summary of the figures quoted shows that dairy products were at their lowest in 1896 and 1897, and at their highest in 1908, when the general level was 36.3 per cent. above the average for 1890 and 1899. Prices in 1909 were slightly lower than in 1908, though eggs were considerably higher, being 71.5 per cent. above the average. Since 1897 the price of eggs has advanced approximately 122 per cent. In the case of dairy produce generally, prices have advanced 46.6 per cent. since 1897.

In fish there has been a similar rise in prices, the average being 34 per cent. higher in 1909 than in the decade 1890 and 1899. The lowest year shown is 1892, since when prices have advanced 40.8 per cent.

TWO MEN ASPHYXIATED.

Slept in Room With Storm Windows and Full Stove.

A despatch from Halbrite, Sask., says: Peter Erickson, whose home is in the Dint Hills, was returning from a visit to Weyburn on Sunday evening, and put up for the night at his brother Simon's place, 150 miles southwest of Halbrite. Both retired in a room with storm windows on, and filled the stove with briquettes. The following afternoon, at 4 o'clock a neighbor found both men unconscious, though still breathing. Physicians were called in and in the meantime artificial respiration was used, resulting in the recovery of Simon, but Peter died before the doctors arrived. Simon is now out of danger.

QUEBEC DAIRY LAWS.

Government Control of Butter and Cheese Factories.

A despatch from Quebec says: Hon. Mr. Caron has framed a law which proposes to place all cheese and butter factories under the direct control of the Government. On and after January 1, 1912, all proprietors of factories will have to present a certificate from a Government inspector declaring that their building is sanitary and well equipped in order to receive permission from the Minister of Agriculture to continue business, and all new factories will have to secure a permit from the Minister before commencing operations. All head cheese and butter makers will also have to show a certificate from the St. Hyacinthe Dairy School or from an inspector in order to retain their positions.

FORTY-THREE MEN DEAD.

No Living Miners in the Mulga Mine.

A despatch from Birmingham, Alabama, says: Black damp is slowly disappearing from the workings of the Mulga mine, in which 43 men were entombed by an explosion Wednesday, and rescuers are now able to stay underground 45 minutes at a time. A negro's body was brought to the surface on Friday, and half a dozen others have been found. Mine Inspector Neal entered the mine, and later said he did not believe that anyone was alive in the mine. Gas has penetrated every cranny of the mine since the explosion.

A TWO YEARS' CONTRACT.

Signed by Miners of Central Pennsylvania.

A despatch from Altoona, Pa., says: After being in session until midnight Saturday night the coal operators and miners of the Central Pennsylvania bituminous district signed a wage scale agreement to hold good for two years from April 1. The miners gained their contention for an increase in wages, but relinquished some of their demands on less important questions.

300 CARS OF CATTLE

Will Pass Through Sarnia Tunnel Each Week.

A despatch from Port Huron, Mich., says: The Grand Trunk Railway has secured the contract of hauling the National Car Line Company's cattle trains from Chicago to Boston, which means that over three hundred cars of cattle will pass through the tunnel every week, and that additional men will be given employment at this terminal.

Rioting natives in the province of Hunan, China, are burning villages and threatening all foreigners with death.

Jewels valued at half a million dollars have been stolen from the Uspenski Cathedral, in the Kremlin, at Moscow.

KILLED ON U. S. RAILROADS

1,099 Lives Lost in Three Months, and the Number Injured Was 22,491.

A despatch from Washington, D. C., says: A large increase in the number of casualties on American railroads is shown by the report for the quarter ended Dec. 31, 1909, as compared with the corresponding quarter of 1908. A bulletin issued on Wednesday by the Interstate Commerce Commission shows an increase in the number of persons killed of 201, and in the number of injured of 5,645. The total number of persons killed was 1,099, and the total number injured was 22,491. The freight service show heavier totals.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 26.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed winter wheat, \$1.00 to \$1.07 outside.

Manitoba Wheat—Spot No. 1 northern, \$1.09; No. 2 northern, \$1.07 on track, lake ports. For opening of navigation, No. 1 northern, \$1.05; No. 2 northern, \$1.03 at lake ports.

Corn—American No. 2 kiln-dried yellow, 60¢ to 66¢; No. 3 yellow, kiln-dried, 65¢ to 66¢; No. 3 yellow, 64¢; Canadian corn, 60¢ to 6¢, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 39¢, on track, bay ports. For opening of navigation, No. 2 C. W. 38¢; No. 3 C. W. 37¢, at lake ports; Ontario, No. 2 white, 36¢ to 39¢, outside; No. 3 white, 35¢ to 39¢, outside; 38¢ on track Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 53¢ to 54¢; No. 3 extra, 51¢ to 52¢; No. 3, 46¢ to 47¢ outside; Manitoba, No. 4, 52¢, on track, lake ports.

Peas—No. 2, 75¢ to 76¢.

Rye—No. 2, 67¢ to 68¢.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 51¢.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are:—First patents, \$5.70; second patents, \$5.20; strong bakers', \$5; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights, 28¢.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, \$4.05 to \$4.10 in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$20 per ton; shorts, \$22 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$22 per ton; shorts, \$23 per ton, on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—20¢ to 21¢ per dozen in case lots.

Butter—The market for good quality of butter is still very firm. Creamery prints 30¢ to 32¢. Separator prints 25¢ to 26¢. Dairy prints (choice) 24¢ to 25¢. Large rolls 23¢ to 24¢. Inferior 17¢ to 18¢.

Syrup—\$1 to \$1.10 per imperial gallon.

Cheese—13¢ per pound for large to 13¢ for twins.

Beans—\$2 to \$2.10 per bushel for primes and at \$2.15 to \$2.25 per bushel for hand-picked.

Potatoes—Delaware potatoes, 45¢ per bag in car lots, and 55¢ to 60¢ per bag out of store.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—

Pork—Short cut, \$31 to \$31.50 per barrel; mess, \$28.50 to \$29.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 16¢ to 18¢; tubs, 18¢ to 20¢; pails, 16¢; stocks very light.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, tons and cases, 15¢; backs (plain), 21¢ to 21½¢; backs (peameal), 21½¢ to 22¢; shoulder hams, 14¢ to 14½¢; green meats out of pickle, 1¢ less than smoked.

Rolls, smoked, 15¢ to 16¢; medium and light hams, 18¢ to 18½¢; heavy, 18½¢ to 19¢; bacon, 19½¢ to 20¢.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, April 26.—There is still very little business passing in the local flour market. Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; do seconds, \$5.30; winter wheat patents, \$5.50 to \$5.60; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.10; straight rolled, \$5.10 to \$5.25; do. in bags, \$2.40 to \$2.50. Millfeed—Ontario bran, \$20.50 to \$21; Ontario middlings, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba bran, \$21; Manitoba shorts, \$21 to \$22; pure grain mouille, \$32 to \$33; mixed mouille, \$25 to \$28. Rolled Oats—Per barrel, \$4.05; do per bag, \$1.90; cornmeal, per barrel, \$3.40 to \$3.50. Cheese—Old cheese, 12½¢ and fodders at 12½¢. Butter—Old stock, 28½¢ to 29¢ and new milk creamery, \$30 to \$31. Eggs—Selected lots, 23¢ to 24¢ and straight receipts, 19¢ to 20¢ per dozen.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET

New York, April 26.—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.13½ nominal c.i.f.; No. 1 northern, \$1.15½ f.o.b., opening navigation. Option wheat was weak and lower at the start under further liquidation on the weak cables and poor cash demand, but prices regained the loss on covering by shorts and closed at unchanged to 1½¢ net decline.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 26.—Choice steers brought \$7.50 to \$7.55; fair to good, \$5.80 to \$6.40; fair, \$5 to \$5.50; cows, \$6.25; bulls, \$6; hogs, \$10.50; sows, \$9.50; sheep steady at \$4.75 to \$6, while lambs sold at \$7.50 to \$9; calves brought all the way from \$2.50 to \$10.

Toronto, April 26.—The average range for the best quality of steers and heifers was from \$6.50 to \$7.

NA-DRU-CO

Toilet and Medicinal Preparations Are Compounded by Expert Chemists

NA-DRU-CO Formulae, Ingredients and Compounding Are Best

Your own druggist could not be more careful or prescriptions than are our chemists in compounding for a grocer or a baker, even if you were sure they had the right drugs. You insist on your druggist's skillful dispensing.

If you did not protect yourself in this way the laws of the country would protect you, for they demand that physicians' prescriptions be dispensed by physicians or qualified druggists only.

It is not equally important to know the household remedies, such as laxatives, cough syrups and tonics, and the toilet preparations such as tooth paste, which are used so frequently, are also compounded by expert chemists.

When you use NA-DRU-CO medicinal or toilet preparations in Canada, on request, a full list of the largest wholesale drug firms in the world, the National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, that each one has been compounded by expert chemists only.

This is just where NA-DRU-CO Cascara Laxatives, Cough Syrup, NA-DRU-CO Tasteless Cod Liver Oil Compound and everything else on the NA-DRU-CO list are pre-eminently better than mixtures at present flooding the market. They are compounded by men who know.

Some NA-DRU-CO

Camphor Ice
Cascara Laxatives
Talcum Powder
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Tooth Powder
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Cascara Laxatives (Tablets)
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National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited

Wholesale Branches at: Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, London, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria.

MARK TWAIN IS DEAD

Famous Humorist Passes Away at His Home in Connecticut.

and an idea of the firmness of these prices may be gathered from the transactions, which show cattle weighing 800 and 900 pounds bringing from \$6 to \$6.50 per cent. Cows and bulls quoted as high as \$6.25 and \$6.60 per cwt. Trade in milkers and springers is light, but a few good cows have been sold as high as \$75 per head, the market for this class of cattle ranging from \$45 upward. Yearling lambs are quoted 50 cents lower at \$8 and \$9 respectively. Sheep are very firm at \$5 to \$7 per cwt. Hogs are easy at \$9 f.o.b. to \$9.25 fed and watered.

BIG MILLING RE-ORGANIZATION.
Negotiations for what is undoubtedly the largest milling consolidation that has ever been effected in Ontario have just been completed in Toronto, and following them the official announcement is made of the organization of the Maple Leaf Milling Company, Limited, with a capital of \$5,000,000.

The new Company has taken over the properties of the Hedley Shaw Milling Company, Limited, and the Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited, and in addition secures from the new interests that have become identified with the Company \$1,000,000, additional cash capital, which besides permitting of the erection of a modern 6,000 barrel mill and a million bushel elevator and storage warehouse at Port Colborne, will supply the new Company with further working capital. It is understood that Mr. Cawthra Mulock, Toronto, is associated with Mr. Hedley Shaw of the Hedley Shaw Milling Company, Limited, and Mr. D. C. Cameron, President of the Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited, in the organization of the new concern.

The ability of the Company to easily earn the 7 per cent. Cumulative Preferred dividend on \$2,500,000 of preferred stock is indicated by the net earnings of the old Companies, as per certificate of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Company, which shows that from September 25th, 1909, from which date the plants of the Maple Leaf Flour Mills Company, Limited, were in operation, to August 20th, 1909, these net earnings amounted to \$218,843.00, and from August 21st, 1909, to February 28th, 1910, the net earnings of the Companies amounted to \$166,793.00. This would be equal to over 13 per cent. on the preferred stock, and the payment of the 7 per cent. dividend on that stock would leave slightly over 6 per cent. for distribution on the common stock. The New Company's earning power will be very greatly increased once the new mill now under erection at Port Colborne is completed.

The firm of Cawthra Mulock & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, have made arrangements for a public offering of \$2,000,000 of the 7 per cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock at \$100.00 per share, the same to carry with it a bonus equal to 25 per cent. of common stock, that is for every four shares of the preferred stock subscribed for the applicant will receive as a bonus one share of common stock.

It is expected that full details in connection with the public offering will be made public within a few days.

MURDERER WILL GO FREE.

Confesses to Killing Wife, But No Witnesses to Prove It.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, N. Y., says: A peculiar situation has developed here as a result of the alleged confession that he murdered his wife here six years ago, made at Waukegan, Ill., on Saturday, by Foster Johnson, a Tuscarora Indian. Johnson says that he pushed his wife into the rapids above the falls. It is claimed by lawyers that the confession he made cannot be used against Johnson in trial, and it is impossible to get corroborative evidence against him, as there were no witnesses. "The thing that makes me confess the murder of my wife," Johnson said, "was that before I killed her, and when she told me that she intended to commit suicide, she asked me for a nice gravestone, and I promised her I would get it. I have never done so, and it has haunted me. I see her head in the river in my dreams, and have hardly enjoyed a peaceful night in all these years."

A despatch from Cardinal says: While two men were engaged in cutting up a pig on Thursday, Albert Holmes, a farmer, living about two miles west of this place, suddenly attacked N. A. Bolton with an axe, inflicting wounds on the top of the head and behind the ear, killing him instantly. It is said that Holmes' mind was unhinged by the purchase of the farm from his victim, believing he paid too much for it. He took poison last week in an attempt at suicide. The murderer escaped to the woods. He was met by a boy named George Perry, whom he warned to keep away or he would kill him too. To the boy he also announced his intention of going into the swamp to kill himself. He thereupon plunged into the swamp of about 60 acres, which lies behind his farm. Bolton, his victim, was a man of about 40 years. He leaves a widow and one son.

FARMER KILLS COMPANION.

Suddenly Attacked N. A. Bolton With an Axe.

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A ONE-CENT GRAIN RATE

Several Charters Made at An Unusual Figure at Fort William.

A despatch from Fort William says: A rate of one cent a bushel on the preferred stock, and the payment of the 7 per cent. dividend on that stock would leave slightly over 6 per cent. for distribution on the common stock. The New Company's earning power will be very greatly increased once the new mill now under erection at Port Colborne is completed.

The vessel-owners put their boats into commission before the supply of cargoes was large enough to warrant the move. Now some of them with boats at Fort William are taking the alternative of making a run that exporters could not refuse or sending their boats to Buffalo empty and laying off their crews until the cargoes are available. The one cent rate is the result. It has been figured out that, adding the wages of the crew to the insurance rates, a boat with a cargo of grain at a cent a bushel is actually losing money.

Shoes That Combine Both Style and Fit

CAN BE SECURED

AT THE POPULAR SHOE STORE

Any person wanting the newest and best will find our display of "Victoria" and "Slater" Shoes equal to every requirement. We have them in all the newest 1910 shapes, and at the lowest prices.

Our bargains now in Men's Patent Dongola and Box Colt from \$1.50 up can't be beaten. It will pay you to call if needing a pair.

JUST OPENED last week our complete line of Summer Fancy Hosiery in all shades and styles for Women, Misses and Children. Secure our prices before purchasing. See our window display.

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS.....from \$1.50 up
Men's Heavy Calf Boots—hand made.....\$3.25

Shoe Repairing a Specialty

SHOE POLISH from 5c. up in every color.
A pleasure to show goods at

GEO. E. REYNOLDS Shoe King

P. S. Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Since its Establishment in 1870

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. Of Canada

Has paid to its policyholders or their legal representatives, in cash for
(1) Death losses on completion of Claim Papers.....\$4,512,833.67
(2) Matured Endowments and Annuities.....2,135,878.67
(3) Surplus.....1,761,858.05
(4) Surrender values.....1,392,738.08

Total Cash Payments.....\$9,803,308.46

And it holds at this date, for the security of its policyholders:
Reserves on 4%, 3½% and 3% standard.....\$12,065,146.16
Surplus over all liabilities.....2,269,692.25

Total paid to and held for policyholders.....\$24,138,146.87

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville

AGENTS WANTED

ML Floorglaze

Use it to finish floors with a beautiful and most durable surface that you can keep clean most easily.

ML Floorglaze

Use it instead of paint or varnish for vehicles of every sort. It withstands the weather.

ML Floorglaze

Use it to renew the looks of old furniture and every sort of woodwork.

ML Floorglaze

Get it in time—choose from 17 handsome colors in solid enamel, 7 shades of Lacquer toimitate the woods. Transparent Lac for natural finish. Ask about the use of M. L. Floorglaze here in your home, shown in our Free Book. Gallon costs 500 sq. feet. Imperial Varnish & Color Company, Ltd., Toronto.

Recommended and for sale by J. S. MORTON.

Mr. John Wesley Dafoe, one of Belleville's best known and most highly respected citizens, passed away on the Tuesday of last week, as the result of bronchial and heart trouble. Deceased was a son of the late Caleb Dafoe, and was born in Sidney on Jan. 1st, 1887. He had resided in Belleville for the past thirty-two years.

Coughs that are tight, or distressing sound travels by waves radiating from a central point of disturbance, just as waves radiate when a stone is dropped into water. So far as the hearing of each individual is concerned these waves move in direct line from the cause of the sound to his ear, the impact being the greatest in the ear nearest to the source. This being the case, a person who has totally lost the sense of hearing in one ear, although he may imagine that the defect is of little consequence, cannot locate the direction of a sound to save his life, even when the centre of disturbance is quite near him.

Useless Study.

Mr. F.ond Fathor reproduced his little son for having only 75 per cent. in arithmetic. "Mathematics, my boy," he said, "is a very useful study, and you must try to do better."

"I thought that was only useful for sailors," said the boy.

"Well, people on land have adding machines, don't they?"

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment, and a bottle of Saline Liniment. These have the power to call the most the most sensitive bronchial membrane. Test it once yourself and see! Sold by all dealers.

Wheats and the Boy.

Willie—Pa, what does "good as wheat" mean? Pa—Don't believe me when I say I mean "good as wheat." Pa—would you say I meant "good as wheat?" Pa—I might say you were properly thrashed, and that's what will happen to you if you don't stop asking questions.

Record Egg-Laying.

Readers who keep fowls will be interested in the following remarkable egg records. It has been said that the heaviest hen's egg ever laid weighed 434 ounces. While this cannot be verified, however, it might be mentioned that recently a thoroughbred Leghorn hen, in its third year, laid an egg which, carefully weighed on an accurate letter-balance, turned the scale at 414 ounces. It was, of course, a double-yolked egg. It might be mentioned that the ordinary weight of an egg is two ounces.

A short time ago a buff Orpington hen laid an egg weighing over four ounces. The owner confessed that he often gets eggs from this particular fowl weighing over three ounces. In another case a white Leghorn pullet laid an egg which turned the scale at four ounces, while a Minorca, a few days after Christmas, laid one which scaled 3.34 ounces.

One of the most extraordinary egg-laying records, however, was that of a white Wyandotte pullet on a farm in Kent, which recently laid ninety-two eggs in sixteen weeks, and thus won the Utility Poultry Club's four months' southern laying competition. This number was nine in excess of the previous record. At the opening of the competition the pullet weighed 4 pounds 8 ounces and 5 pounds at the close, notwithstanding the fact that the eggs laid must have weighed more than 11 pounds.

Idiosyncratic Problems.

Sociology, if it is to deserve the name of science, must soon turn itself to a quantitative and qualitative analysis and synthesis of certain phenomena which now go about unattached, unsheathed, as it were. For instance, how many freaks does it take to make one fad, how many fads to make a fashion? How many cranks must be gathered together in one place before we have a cult? What relation does a cult bear to a movement? What is the comparative proportion of ideas to each of the categories here mentioned?

The permutations and combinations of these tentative queries are infinite.

Why Two Ears Are Necessary.

Sound travels by waves radiating from a central point of disturbance, just as waves radiate when a stone is dropped into water. So far as the hearing of each individual is concerned these waves move in direct line from the cause of the sound to his ear, the impact being the greatest in the ear nearest to the source. This being the case, a person who has totally lost the sense of hearing in one ear, although he may imagine that the defect is of little consequence, cannot locate the direction of a sound to save his life, even when the centre of disturbance is quite near him.

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"AS CRAZY AS A LOON."

Old Phrase Seemingly Not Lived on That Eccentric Bird.

"One often hears the expression 'As crazy as a loon' and yet I wonder," says a writer in St. Nicholas, "how many realize how peculiarly fitting it sometimes is. Of all the birds and animals that have come under my observation I know of none that in any way approaches the loon for sheer craziness or weirdness."

"Looning seems to be the loon's favorite time for their peculiar behavior. They collect in the middle of a lake, and when they have summoned all of their strength within hearing the ball commences. They raise their bodies half out of water by furiously lapping their wings, at the same time proping themselves backward and forward, half swimming, half flying all the while screaming at the top of their voices. They keep this up from ten to fifteen minutes and seem to get a great deal of satisfaction out of it. In the calm of a summer evening and aided a bit by the echoes a half dozen loons can make the fellows in a college cheering section hung their heads for shame."

"The loon is not only crazy acting, but at times is very aggravating. Perhaps—for instance, after a hard day—you are sitting by the campfire, quiet & smoking and at peace with the world. Suddenly there breaks upon your ears the most bloodcurdling scream, followed by heartbreakers. Your first thought is that there's a child being murdered or a woman in distress, and you start to your feet. Then you realize it is only a loon."

"Or perhaps, having turned in, you are sleeping the sleep that comes only in the pine-scented north. Again you start and wake as you hear a long, mournful cry echoing through the forest and involuntarily exclaim, 'Wolves!' There is a grunt, and the sleepy voice of your guide comes from the depth of his blankets, 'Non n'sieu' loon.'

"In the morning a hunter arises bent on vengeance for his broken reose and resolves to destroy the fiend he sees mirrored in the lake. Although the modern cartridge rifle gives no warning of the shot, as did the old-fashioned flintlock with its lash in the pan," nevertheless the loon nearly every time seems to know when the bullet is coming and dives out in time to escape. Immediately after the discharge of the rifle the loon is serenely up again, his mocking laughter being but an added irritation. On the whole he seems rather to enjoy the performance.

"As a diver the loon excels, and naturally, for it is his sole means of livelihood. Not only is he marvelously quick, but he can remain under water or a seemingly endless time. In swimming under water he uses both wings and feet and can go for several hundred yards in this fashion. The loon, like many other water fowls, leaps on the water with his head tucked under his wing.

"Several summers ago a friend of mine while camped on Lake Kiamika, as out for an early morning paddle. It was just after dawn and very still. Out on the lake he espied a sleeping loon, and by dint of careful paddling he actually succeeded in approaching and capturing him. Proud of his capture, he took the loon ashore and tethered him to a stake. The loon struggled at first, but after awhile seemed to become reconciled. All went well until nightfall. Then the man set up such a hideous outcry and beat it up so persistently that before morning he had earned his freedom.

Mozart and Beethoven.

The stories of how men of genius had future fame predicted for them in their early youth must generally be taken with a considerable grain of salt. As authentic as most is the account of the first meeting of Mozart with the young Beethoven, which took place on the latter's first visit to Vienna in the year 1787. Mozart, at the height of his fame, asked him to play, but, thinking his performance prepared, paid little attention to it. Beethoven, seeing this, entreated Mozart to give him a subject, which he did, and the boy, getting excited with the occasion, played to the next room, said to his friends there: "Pay attention to him. He will make a name in the world some day or another."

—Chambers' Journal.

Contrasts In Populations.

The population of the known earth at the death of the Roman Emperor Augustus, about the time of the beginning of the Christian era, was estimated by Bodio, an Italian statistician, at 57,000,000. The Romans knew nothing of Asia beyond the Indus river and nothing of Africa save the Mediterranean states. In 1492, at the time of the discovery of America by Columbus, the population of Europe was placed at only 40,000,000. To-day there are ten times that number, or 400,000,000 people, with about one man to each square mile.

A Question of Salutations.

"What is your favorite salutation?" she asked the dilatory youth. "Eh? Why, don't know. What's yours?"

The fair girl yawned wearily. "It would have been good night," she said. "But in about two minutes it will be good morning."

"Good-bye," said the dilatory youth.

Pouring into Canada.

Those oppositionists who are talking about the "exodus" find it convenient to ignore the fact that one of the most striking facts in our national development, namely, that settlers are pouring into Canada from the United States to the tune of more than a hundred thousand a year.

What It Means.

"Here's something I've always wanted to know," said Cittiman, looking up from his paper. "Montreal, P.Q. What does that 'P.Q.' mean, do you know?"

"Well," replied Mr. Suburbus, of Swampurst, "I know what it means on our way. It's a by-word with us."

"You were right. You were right."

"What is it?"

"Purchase quinino."

REMEMBERS THE COMET.

Toronto Woman Tells of Fear It Occurred in 1835-36.

Among the most interesting reminiscences of the last appearance of Halley's comet recalled by its present appearance is that of Mrs. Susanna Reid of Toronto, who is well-known throughout the Ottawa district and in Glengarry on account of her very large family connection. The old lady has still living eleven children, thirty-three grandchildren and thirteen great-grandchildren. She was born in Lancaster township, Glengarry, in May 1825. Her father was Lachlan McBain, who came with his family from Inverness, Scotland, in 1802, and served as a militiaman during the war of 1812, and again during the rebellion of 1837 and 1838. Mrs. Reid was living with her parents on the Rideau Canal near Ottawa at the time of the appearance of Halley's comet in 1835 and 1836. The phenomenon caused great excitement, for the people there were not well educated then, and there were no newspapers to explain away their fears. They could see that the comet was no usual aerial visitor, they noticed that it seemed to gradually approach the earth, and the timid feared it foreboded the end of the world. A great many people who had led bad and careless lives became good, and attended church regularly. Parents were wont to keep their children in subjection by the threat, "the comet will get you if you are not good." At the first appearance of the comet, the children and many nervous women were afraid to look out of the window, but with time much of the nervousness wore out. Still there was always something awe-inspiring about the celestial visitor, and general relief was felt when it disappeared.

According to Mrs. Reid, the year 1836, after the disappearance of the comet, was remarkable for the number of meteors or falling stars. So plentiful were these that people were afraid to go out at nights for fear of being struck by them, but she never heard of such a mishap occurring. The country people used to call these meteors "shiners," a term also used to designate the English, Irish and Scotch workmen brought out from the Old Country to work on the Rideau Canal.

Advertising the Dominion.

Canada, as usual, is getting a good deal of notice in Britain just now. The Countess of Dudley, who, by the way, has just had a serious operation, and is still very weak, is thinking of returning to Australia by way of Canada to learn something about the working of the Victorian Order of Nurses, with a view of establishing a similar Order in the Commonwealth. Besides this, the papers are still giving the good deal of space to the prospects for a great season of emigration to Canada and Sir Thomas Shaughnessy's scheme, of which I wrote some time ago, is frequently mentioned. The three qualifications to be possessed by the man who wants to do "pioneering de luxe" as one paper says, are: a guaranteed capital of £200, a knowledge of farming, and a wife. The last seems the easiest of the three, for that young man with £200 in his pocket and a knowledge of farming in his head and hands would allow his chance to be lost for want of a wife. The first party, consisting of thirty men, sails in a week to settle in Alberta. Each man will find eighty acres, fenced; fifty acres of it ploughed; a well, and a house, barn and stable, ready for occupation. For those who have little money and wish to escape the drudgery of making a new home, literally from the ground up, the Canadian Pacific Railway is a sort of genii of the lamp. The thirty men were chosen from 10,000 applicants, so they are really picked men, and the kind Canada wants.

Great Canadian Chemist.

The researches of Prof. Ernest Rutherford continue to attract attention abroad. Prof. Rutherford was formerly connected with McGill University at Montreal, and the names of several of that institution's best men, he was "stolen" that is to say received an offer from abroad that he did not accept, and therefore he was lost to the country. He was one of the greatest living authorities on chemistry. His writings attract universal attention among scientists. Recently he has been writing in "Nature," the great British scientific publication, on polonium, the radio-active substance, which in some quarters has been exploited as a new and wonderful discovery. He says that it is not a new discovery, but has really been known longer than radium itself, of which it is merely a transformation product. The reason why polonium is so difficult to obtain, says Prof. Rutherford, is that it breaks up five thousand times faster than even radium. For this reason its activity, weight for weight, should be five thousand times greater than that of radium. A point which he and other great chemists, including Madame Curie and Boltwood have been trying to settle is whether polonium rays change into alpha rays. These are supposed to be very deadly rays, but they are not yet fully understood.

—Barrie, Ontario.

What Canada Gets.

According to a despatch from the G.T.R. offices at Montreal, 33 cars of settlers' effects arrived at Scott, Sask., the other day from points in the United States, and a second train of 32 cars the following day.

They represent the effects of 300 settlers, who have, in cash and personal property, in their possession an average of \$10,000 each. They are going to settle in the Trapping Lake district, south of Scott, on the G.T.R. Railway.

What It Means.

"It is a great satisfaction that I am the only person here to say to the suffering sick that I will prescribe for full days, and not just for a day or two, to help them to get well again."

—Dr. Shoop, of New York.

"The why should the sick take any chance on any other medicine, whose maker dare not back it just as I do by this remarkable offer?"

I also have a Rheumatism remedy—and that remedy is complete protection plan.

Besides, you are free to consult me just as you would your family physician.

—Dr. Shoop, of New York.

"I have a special plan for rheumatism, and it is the same plan that I have for all diseases."

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